#### HOUSING, RESIDENTIAL RENT AND RELOCATION BOARD FULL BOARD SPECIAL MEETING September 10, 2020

5:00 P.M.

#### Meeting Will Be Conducted Via Video Conference

#### **AGENDA**

#### PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

The public may observe and/or participate in this meeting many ways.

#### OBSERVE:

- To observe, the public may view the televised video conference by viewing KTOP channel 10 on Xfinity (Comcast) or ATT Channel 99 and locating City of Oakland KTOP Channel 10
- To observe the meeting by video conference, please click on this link: You are invited to a Zoom webinar.

When: September 10, 2020 5:00PM Pacific Time (US and Canada)

Topic: Housing, Residential Rent & Relocation Board Special Full Board Regular Meeting

Please click the link below to join the webinar:

#### https://zoom.us/j/91076810030

To listen to the meeting by phone, please call the numbers below at the noticed meeting time:

#### Or iPhone one-tap:

US: +16699006833,,91076810030# or +12532158782,91076810030# Or Telephone:

International numbers available: https://zoom.us/u/abQVZdm8M7

Dial (for higher quality, dial a number based on your current location): US: +1 669 900 6833 (San Jose) or +1 253 215 8782 or +1 346 248 7799(Houston) or +1 312 626 6799(Chicago) or +1 929 205 6099(New York) or +1 301 715 8592 (Germantown) Webinar ID: 941 7121 7084 at the noticed meeting time.

#### COMMENT:

There are two ways to submit public comments.

• To comment by Zoom video conference, click the "Raise Your Hand" button to request to speak when Public Comment is being taken on an eligible agenda item at the beginning of the meeting. You will be permitted to speak during your turn, allowed to comment, and after the allotted time, re-muted. Instructions on how to "Raise Your Hand" is available at:

https://support.zoom.us/hc/en-us/articles/205566129 - Raise-Hand-In-Webinar.

• To comment by phone, please call on one of the above listed phone numbers. You will be prompted to "Raise Your Hand" by pressing "\*9" to speak when Public Comment is taken. You will be permitted to speak during your turn, allowed to comment, and after the allotted time, re-muted. Please unmute yourself by pressing \*6.

If you have any questions, please email <a href="mailto:Bkong-brown@oaklandca.gov">Bkong-brown@oaklandca.gov</a>.

#### HOUSING, RESIDENTIAL RENT AND RELOCATION BOARD

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. ROLL CALL
- 3. CONSENT ITEMS
  - a) Approval of Board minutes from July 30, 2020
- 4. OPEN FORUM
- 5. APPEALS\*
  - a) T18-0414 & T18-0472, Martin et al v. Zalabak
  - b) T18-0018, Sund v. Vernon Street Apartments, LP aka Flynn Family Holdings, LLC
  - c) T19-0272, T19-0325, Jeffers v. BD Opportunity
- 6. ACTION ITEMS
  - a. Adhoc Committee
  - b. Proposed Amendments to the Just Cause and Rent Regulations pursuant to Ordinance No. 13608
- 7. INFORMATION AND ANNOUNCEMENTS
  - a. Rent Adjustment Program Updates(C. Franklin-Minor)
  - b. Legislative Updates (Office of the City Attorney)
  - c. TPO Regulations Update (Office of the City Attorney)
  - d. Retirement of Board member Jessie Warner
  - e. Welcome to new Board member Saneta Devuono-Powell

#### 8. ADJOURNMENT

As a reminder, alternates in attendance (other than those replacing an absent board member) will not be able to take any action, such as with regard to the consent calendar.

Accessibility. To request disability-related accommodations or to request an ASL, Cantonese, Mandarin or Spanish interpreter, please email <a href="mailto:sshannon@oaklandca.gov">sshannon@oaklandca.gov</a> or call (510) 238- 3715 or California relay service at 711 by 5:00 P.M. one day before the meeting.

Si desea solicitar adaptaciones relacionadas con discapacidades, o para pedir un intérprete de en español, Cantones, Mandarín o de lenguaje de señas (ASL) por favor envié un correo electrónico a sshannon@oaklandca.gov o llame al (510) 238-3715 o 711 por lo menos cinco días hábiles antes de la reunión.

#### 需要殘障輔助設施, 手語, 西班牙語,

粵語或國語翻譯服務, 請在會議前五個工作天電郵 <u>sshannon@oaklandca.gov</u> 或致電 (510) 238-3715 或 711 California relay service.

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<sup>\*</sup>Staff appeal summaries will be available at the Rent Program website and the Clerk's office at least 72 hours prior to the meeting pursuant to O.M.C. 2.20.080.C and 2.20.090

# HOUSING, RESIDENTIAL RENT AND RELOCATION BOARD FULL BOARD SPECIAL MEETING

July 30, 2020 5:00 P.M. VIA ZOOM VIDEO CONFERENCE OAKLAND, CA

#### **MINUTES**

#### 1. CALL TO ORDER

The Board meeting was administered by H. Grewal, Housing and Community Development Department. He explained the procedure for conducting the meeting. The HRRRB meeting was called to order at 5:10 p.m. by Chair, R. Stone.

#### 2. ROLL CALL

MEMBER	STATUS	PRESENT	ABSENT	<b>EXCUSED</b>
T. HALL	Tenant	X		
R. AUGUSTE	Tenant	X		
H. FLANERY	Tenant Alt.	X		
Vacant	Tenant Alt.			
R. STONE	Homeowner	X		
A. GRAHAM	Homeowner	X		
E. LAI	Homeowner Alt.			X
J. MA POWERS	Homeowner Alt.	X		
K. FRIEDMAN	Landlord	X		
T. WILLIAMS	Landlord			Х
B. SCOTT	Landlord Alt.	Χ*		
K. SIMS	Landlord Alt.	Χ		

<sup>\*</sup>arrived at 6:00 p.m.

#### **Staff Present**

Kent Qian Deputy City Attorney
Oliver Luby Deputy City Attorney

Chanee Franklin Minor Program Manager, Rent Adjustment Program Barbara Kong-Brown Senior Hearing Officer, Rent Adjustment `

Program

#### 3. CONSENT ITEMS

- a) Approval of Board Minutes from February 27, 2020, Regular
- b) Review of Board Minutes from March 5, 2020

T. Hall moved to approve Rent Board minutes from February 27, 2020. A. Graham seconded the motion.

The Board voted as follows:

Aye: T. Hall, R. Auguste, R. Stone, A. Graham, J. Ma

Powers, K. Friedman, Kathleen Sims

Nay: None Abstain: None

The motion was approved by consensus.

#### 4. OPEN FORUM

Prior to Open Forum, the Chair stated that Jessie Warner's term has expired and the Board will thank Ms. Warner for her service at the next Board meeting.

James Vann

 Welcomed the Rent Board back from hiatus due to CO-VID 19 pandemic

#### 5. INFORMATION AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

a) Discussion of Rent Program activities (Chanee Franklin Minor)

Participation in 6 town hall meetings with Mayor re emergency moratorium; conducted separate workshops with owners and tenants; survey of owners and tenants on impact of CO-VID 19 pandemic with over 500 responses to date; working with University of Pennsylvania re survey results to be posted on RAP website. Regulations regarding the moratorium have been drafted with disclosure forms re tenants' rights and will be posted on the RAP website. Owners and tenants are encouraged to mediate a resolution to rent payments.

Housing Counseling-RAP has responded to 600 client calls and emails, with approximately 100 calls per month. Calls are returned within 24 hours. RAP also partners with Central Legal and HERA to provide external assistance.

Passage of Tenant Protection Ordinance-partnership with local legal providers for outreach to stakeholders.

Hearings-RAP began conducting remote hearings in June 2020 after a hiatus since mid-March 2020; there is a full docket until the end of December 2020.

Appeal cases-There are 35-40 cases pending appeal-Board can decide how many meetings to be scheduled per month to hear appeals.

Recruitment-RAP staff has increased from 11 to 23. There is approval to hire an assistant program manager, which is a new job classification.

#### 6. LEGISLATIVE UPDATES

#### a). Emergency Moratorium (Kent Qian)

The City Council passed an Emergency Moratorium on 3/27/20, banning most evictions on residences, and for non payment of rent. The moratorium has been extended until the end of the local emergency moratorium. It also prohibits any evictions under the Just Cause for Eviction Ordinance except for Ellis Act actions or imminent threat to the health and safety to the occupant.

The moratorium also bans late fees during the local emergency and prohibit any rent increases above the CPI adjustment.

An owner is allowed to temporarily reduce a tenant's rent during the moratorium without reducing the base rent to calculate the next rent increase.

The Judicial Council has also banned evictions and the Court will not issue any summons until 90 days after the State emergency is lifted, and is awaiting ending legislation before moving forward.

The moratorium provides a complete defense to an eviction proceeding if the tenant can prove tht the rent non payment was related to the CO-VID 19 pandemic.

The tenant is always liable for the rent payment. The owner is required to go to court to get monetary damages. Eviction is

not an option.

- b) Tenant Protection Ordinance (Oliver Luby)
  On July 21, 2020, the City Council adopted amendments to
  the Tenant Protection, Just Cause and Rent Ordinance, to
- (1) Limit The Maximum Rent Increase In Any One Year To Conform To State Law;
- (2) Make Failure To Pay Required Relocation Benefits An Affirmative Defense To Eviction;
- (3) Limit Late Fees to 3%;
- (4) Prohibit Unilaterally Imposed Changes To Terms Of Tenancy;
- (5) Add One-For-One Replacement Of Roommates To The Definition Of Housing Services;
- (6) Prohibit Eviction Based On Additional Occupants If Landlord Unreasonably Refused Tenant's Written Request To Add Occupant(s) based on number of rooms; Owner can charge a 5% rent increase;
- (7) Strengthen Tenants' Rights and Enforcement Of Tenants' Rights under The Tenant Protection Ordinance.
- c) Ad hoc Committee (Chanee Franklin Minor)

#### **7.** ADJOURNMENT

The HRRRB meeting was adjourned at 10:00 p.m. by Chair, J. Warner.

#### CONSOLIDATED CHRONOLOGICAL CASE REPORT

Case No.:

T18-0414 & T18-0472

Case Name:

Martin et al v. Zalabak

Property Address:

5553 Kales Ave., Oakland, CA

Parties:

Chester Martin

(Tenant)

Kristen Ponger

(Tenant)

Sherry Zalabak

(Owner)

Lisa Giampaoli

(Attorney for Tenant)

Alana Grice Conner (Attorney for Owner)

#### **TENANT APPEAL:**

**Activity** 

Date

Tenant Petitions filed

August 3, 2018 (T18-0414)

November 9, 2018 (T18-0472)

Owner Responses filed

December 5, 2018 (T18-0414)

February 15, 2019 (T18-0472)

Property Owner filed Submission

Of Tangible Evidence

February 15, 2019

Property Owner's filed Supplemental

.

April 11, 2019

Statement

Hearing Decision mailed

June 7, 2019

Tenant Appeal filed in both cases

June 27, 2019

Tenant Attorney Brief filed

January 14, 2020

T18.0414 Re/EL



## CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

For date stamp.		
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**TENANT PETITION** 

<u>Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can</u>. Failure to provide needed information may result in your petition being rejected or delayed.

Please print legibly		•	
Your Name	Rent	al Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
CHESTER "CHASE" MARTIN KRISTEN PONGER		53 KALES AVENUE AKLAND, CA 94618	E-mail:
Your Representative's Name		ing Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
			Email:
Property Owner(s) name(s)	Maili	ng Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
SHERRY ZALABAK	402 BER	VERMONT AVENUE KELEY, CA 94707	Email:
Property Manager or Management (if applicable)	Co. Maili	ng Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
•			Email:
Number of units on the property  Type of unit you rent (check one)	y:2  House	Condominium	☐ Apartment, Room, or
Are you current on your rent? (check one)	Yes	□ No	Live-Work
I. GROUNDS FOR PETIT grounds for a petition see OMC one or more of the following g	ION: Check 8.22.070 and rounds:	all that apply. You must check OMC 8.22.090. I (We) cont	est one or more rent increases on
(a) The CPI and/or banked re (b) The increase(s) exceed(s)	ent increase no	otice I was given was calculate	d incorrectly.
TOO TYOU A TOTAL MICHESSE	nouce perore	The property owner received a	or is (are) greater than 10%. approval from the Rent Adjustment stment and the available banked
Rev. 7/31/17 Fo	r more infor	mation phone (510) 238-372	21. 1

	×	(d) No written notice of Rent Program was given to me together with the notice of increase(s) I am contesting. (Only for increases noticed after July 26, 2000.)
	×	6 months before the effective date of the rent increase(s)
ŀ		(f) The rent increase notice(s) was (were) not given to me in compliance with State law.
ŀ		(g) The increase I am contesting is the second increase in my rent in a 12-month period.
-		(h) There is a current health, safety, fire, or building code violation in my unit, or there are serious problems with the conditions in the unit because the owner failed to do requested repair and maintenance. (Complete
		(i) The owner is providing me with fewer housing services than I received previously or is charging me for services originally paid by the owner. (OMC 8.22.070(F): A decrease in housing services is considered an increase in rent. A tenant may petition for a rent adjustment based on a decrease in housing services.)  (Complete Section III on following page)
}-	+	(j) My rent was not reduced after a prior rent increase period for a Capital Improvement had expired.  (k) The proposed rent increase would exceed an arm this capital improvement had expired.
×		begins with rent increases noticed on or after August 1, 2014)
X	1	(1) I wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake. (OMC 8.22, Article I)
		(m) The owner did not give me a summary of the justification(s) for the increase despite my written request.
	†	(n) The rent was raised illegally after the unit was vacated as set forth under OMC 8.22.080.
		and the unit was vacated as set forth under OMC 8.22.080.

# II. RENTAL HISTORY: (You must complete this section)

Date you moved into the Unit: NOV. 24, 2014 Initial Rent: \$ 2,600 /mon	ıth
When did the owner first provide you with the RAP NOTICE, a written NOTICE TO TENANTS of the existence of the Rent Adjustment Program? Date: Never If never provided, enter "Never."	,,
Is your rent subsidized or controlled by any government agency, including HUD (Section 8)? Yes No	

List all rent increases that you want to challenge. Begin with the most recent and work backwards. If you need additional space, please attach another sheet. If you never received the RAP Notice you can contest all past increases. You must check "Yes" next to each increase that you are challenging.

Date you received the notice	Date increase goes into effect (mo/day/year)	Monthly rea	onthly rent increase Are you Contesting this Increase in this		Did You Receive a Rent Program
(mo/day/year)	(morday/year)	From	То .	Petition?*	Notice With the Notice Of
06/05/18	08/01/18	\$2,652	\$ 4,500	¥ Yes ∟ No	Increase?
12/1/16	1/1/17	\$2,600	\$ 2,652	□ Yes No	Yes X No
		\$	\$	⊔ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No
		\$	\$	□ Yes _ No	☐ Yes ☐ No
		\$	\$	⊔ Yes _ No	□ Yes □ No
		\$	\$	⊔ Yes _ No	_ Yes □ No

Rev. 7/31/17

* You have 90 days from the date of notice of increase or from the first date you received writt existence of the Rent Adjustment program (whichever is later) to contest a rent increase. (O.M. you did not receive a RAP Notice with the rent increase you are contesting but have received it have 120 days to file a petition. (O.M.C. 8.22,090 A 3)	ten notice (1.C. 8.22.0) in the past	of the 90 A 2) If t, you
Have you ever filed a petition for this rental unit?		
□ Yes no		
List case number(s) of all Petition(s) you have ever filed for this rental unit and all other rela	evant Peti	tions:
HI. DESCRIPTION OF DECREASED OR INADEQUATE HOUSING SERVE	ICES:	
Decreased or inadequate housing services are considered an increase in rent. If you clarent increase for problems in your unit, or because the owner has taken away a housing service complete this section.		awful ust
Are you being charged for services originally paid by the owner?	□ Yes	AL NT.
Have you lost services originally provided by the owner or have the conditions changed? Are you claiming any serious problem(s) with the condition of your rental unit?  If you answered "Yes" to any of the above, or if you checked box (h) or (i) on page separate sheet listing a description of the redward.	□ Yes □ Yes	NNo NNo NNo
2) the date the loss(es) or problem(s) began or the date you began paying for the set 3) when you notified the owner of the problem(s); and 4) how you calculate the dollar value of lost service(s) or problem(s). Please attach documentary evidence if available.  You have the option to have a City inspector come to your unit and inspect for any code violating appointment, call the City of Oakland, Code of Compliance Unit at (510) 238-3381.		nake an
IV. VERIFICATION: The tenant must sign:		
I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that even in this petition is true and that all of the documents attached to the petition are true coporiginals.	verything ies of the	I said
Tenant's Signature		•
Date Date	•	
		·
Rev. 7/31/17 For more information phone (510) 238-3721.		3

<u>V. MEDIATION AVAILABLE</u>: Mediation is an entirely voluntary process to assist you in reaching an agreement with the owner. If both parties agree, you have the option to mediate your complaints before a hearing is held. If the parties do not reach an agreement in mediation, your case will go to a formal hearing before a different Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer.

You may choose to have the mediation conducted by a Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer or select an outside mediator. Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officers conduct mediation sessions free of charge. If you and the owner agree to an outside mediator, please call (510) 238-3721 to make arrangements. Any fees charged by an outside mediator for mediation of rent disputes will be the responsibility of the parties requesting the use of their services.

Mediation will be scheduled only if both parties agree (after both your petition and the owner's response have been filed with the Rent Adjustment Program). The Rent Adjustment Program will not schedule a mediation session if the owner does not file a response to the petition. Rent Board Regulation 8.22.100.A.

If you want to schedule your case for mediation, sign below.

I agree to have my cas	e mediated by a Rent	Adjustment Program	Staff Hearing Officer	(no charge).
().Man			0/1/18	

VI. IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

Tenant's Signature

Time to File

This form must be received at the offices of the Rent Adjustment Program ("RAP") within the time limit for filing a petition set out in the Rent Adjustment Ordinance (Oakland Municipal Code, Chapter 8.22). RAP staff cannot grant an extension of time by phone to file your petition. Ways to Submit. Mail to: Oakland Rent Adjustment Program, P.O. Box 70243, Oakland, CA 94612; In person: Date stamp and deposit in Rent Adjustment Drop-Box, Housing Assistance Center, Dalziel Building, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, 6th Floor, Oakland; RAP Online Petitioning System: http://rapwp.oaklandnet.com/petition-forms/. For more information, please call: (510) 238-3721.

File Review

Your property owner(s) will be required to file a response to this petition with the Rent Adjustment office within 35 days of notification by the Rent Adjustment Program. When it is received, the RAP office will send you a copy of the Property Owner's Response form. Any attachments or supporting documentation from the owner will be available for review in the RAP office by appointment. To schedule a file review, please call the Rent Adjustment Program office at (510) 238-3721. If you filed your petition at the RAP Online Petitioning System, the owner may use the online system to submit the owner response and attachments, which would be accessible there for your review.

# VII. HOW DID YOU LEARN ABOUT THE RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM?

	Printed form provided by the owner		
	Pamphlet distributed by the Rent Adjustment Program		
	Legal services or community organization		
	Sign on bus or bus shelter		
X	Rent Adjustment Program web site		
	Other (describe):		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	

Rev. 7/31/17

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

Chester Martin & Kristen Ponger 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618 August 3, 2018

Rent Adjustment Program (RAP) City of Oakland, CA Re: Tenant Petition

To Whom it May Concern:

Chester "Chase" Martin & Kristen Ponger, "Tenants" Sherry Zalabak, "Landlord" Rental Property Address: 5553 Kales Ave, Oakland, CA 94618

On June 5th, 2018 Landlord dropped off "Sixty Day Notice of Change in Terms of Tenancy" [Attachment A] raising tenants' rent 70% from \$2,652/month to \$4,500/month as of August 5th, 2018. Landlord's behavior has been erratic and contradictory over the past 6 months, and no justification for the rent increase has been provided. Tenants Martin & Ponger are choosing to proactively contest the increase via this petition on the following grounds.

- 1. Increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is greater than 10% without RAP approval
- Tenants have never received notice of RAP
- 3. Wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud

#### **Key Points:**

- 5553 Kales Avenue is publicly listed as a Single-Family Residence, but has been rented
  as a duplex with two separate units since before current tenants Kristen & Chase signed
  a lease for front 1-BR unit in 2014 [Attachment B]
- Tenants entered lease for front unit in November 2014; no RAP notice provided [Attachment C]
  - a. Previous tenants were Holly and Steve
- Since 2014, the back unit has had two different sets of tenants paying rent under own respective leases
  - a. Mike and LeAnne Devol (maiden name Fowlkes); \$1,100/month
  - b. Lindsay Byrd and Isabel Avellan [Attachment D]; \$1,400/month
- Landlord raised both front & rear units' respective rents by 2% in January 2017 with no RAP notice [Attachment E]
- On March 28, 2018 Landlord states that tenants must vacate the property by July 1, 2018, so that she can make improvements to prepare for sale [Attachment F]
- On April 25, 2018, Landlord urged tenants repeatedly to sign agreement to terminate lease [Attachment G], misrepresenting document as "extension of tenancy" [Attachment H]

- Tenants do not have access to back unit but it is currently vacant. Landlord has told tenants as recently as July 2018 that they are restricted from back unit and yard, as those are a separate unit.
- Tenants have always paid rent on time, cared for the property, maintained and performed minor upgrades and repairs at their own financial expense. Landlord stated in February 2018 that Martin & Ponger were "the best tenants she's ever had"

#### **Glossary of Attachments:**

Tenants are providing the following attached documentation outlining our historical rental agreement and series of events that led to this petition.

- Attachment A: Sixty-Day Notice of Change in Terms of Tenancy (Rent Increase)
- Attachment B: E-mail to back unit tenants announcing vacancy in front unit
- Attachment C: Martin & Ponger Lease Agreement
- Attachment D: Byrd & Avellan Lease Agreement
- Attachment E: Increase in rent for both units without RAP Notice, Jan. 2017
- Attachment F: Landlord states tenants must leave property to prepare for s
- ale
- Attachment G: Landlord-Tenant Agreement to Terminate Lease
- Attachment H: Urging tenants to vacate and sign lease termination, misrepresenting document as an "extension"
- Attachment J: Offer of sale-of-property with Landlord's description of secondary unit

#### Background:

In February 2018, landlords of the 5553 Kales Avenue rental property, Sherry and John Zalabak, invited the tenants, Chase Martin & Kristen Ponger, over to their home in the Berkeley Hills to discuss the potential purchase of their Kales Ave rental property. The property at 5553 Kales includes two separate units: the 1-BR front house that Kristen & Chase have rented since November 2014, and the rear standalone studio cottage which the landlord refers to as a "Golden Duplex".

After tenants shared the news with the landlords that they were expecting their first child in July, both parties left the February meeting in agreement that there was no rush to action necessary and to reconvene in the Fall of 2018 to discuss further.

On Sunday, March 25th at 9am Landlord Sherry showed up to tenant's home unannounced to with a realtor friend named Julie Durkee. Landlord proceeded to barge into the house for an impromptu appraisal of the front unit, while accosting the tenants with questions on whether they were interested in buying another house down the street to move-in before baby arrives on July 9.

On March 27th, Tenants (Kristen & Chase) received an email and physical note from landlord (Sherry) apologizing for her unannounced visit the previous weekend. E-mail stated that circumstances had changed in respect to her husband's health, and tenants must vacate the unit by July 1, 2018 [Attachment F] in order to prepare the property for sale. Alternatively, landlord gave the tenants 30 days to make an offer to purchase the property. Landlord stated that tenants must make an offer or move out by July 1st.

On March 28th, Tenants Kristen & Chase replied to Landlord's email confirming interest in purchasing the property, but could not make an offer without the landlord first providing an asking price. Tenants also requested that landlord would reconsider the July 1st vacancy timeline since their baby was due that week.

On March 29th, Landlord dropped off a handwritten note [Attachment J] offering the property "as is" for \$1.3M through a private sale. At this point tenants took it upon themselves to contact a real estate agent to conduct a comparable evaluation of the property who also referred tenants to a lawyer, Jean Shrem.

On April 25th, Landlord begins to repeatedly urge tenants to sign a "Landlord-Tenant Agreement to Terminate Lease" document [Attachment G] without cause. Landlord misrepresents this as an "extension" [Attachment H] of lease and her offer of sale.

On May 25th, Tenants email Landlord with a purchase offer while giving notice of their refusal to sign "Termination of Lease" document.

On June 5th, 2018 Landlord shows up unannounced to drop off "Sixty Day Notice of Change in Terms of Tenancy" [Attachment A], raising tenants rent 70%, from \$2,652 to \$4,500 effective August 5, 2018. Tenant Chase Martin was present at the time and approached Landlord Sherry to discuss the legality of the notice, but was rebuffed by the landlord. Tenant verbally informed Landlord of intention to file with Rent Board if issue could not be resolved amicably in private, but as of August 1st no reply received from Landlord.



#### CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

For date stamp.
ENT ARSHERS NEED SON
2019 DEC -5 PH 4: 24
PROPERTY OWNER
RESPONSE

<u>Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can</u>. Failure to provide needed information may result in your response being rejected or delayed.

#### CASE NUMBER T 18-0414

Your Name	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Sherry Zalabak	402 Vermont Avenue	receptione.
	Berkeley, CA 94707	
•	Domesoy, Cri 94707	Email:
•		
Your Representative's Name (if any)	Complete Address of the Comple	
•	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Alana Grice Conner	1901 Harrison Street, 14th Floor	
Fried & Williams LLP	Oakland, CA 94612	Email:
		Email:
Tenant(s) Name(s)	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Chester "Chase" Martin	5553 Kales Avenue	reteptione:
Kristen Ponger	Oakland, CA 94618	,
	, 5,1,5,10,10	Email:
		17
Property Address (If the property has mo	are then one address list all address	
		Total number of units on
5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA 94	618	property
		Single Family Residence
Response may not be considered in a R  Have you paid the current year's Re The property owner must be current on	asiness License? Yes No Lic. Not Oakland Business License. If it is not current Adjustment proceeding. Please provide ont Program Service Fee (\$68 per unit)? Payment of the RAP Service Fee. If the fee a Rent Adjustment proceeding. Please provi	ent, an Owner Petition or proof of payment.  Yes  No  APN:48A-7043-40
Date on which you acquired the bui		de proof of payment.
Is there more than one street address		
	Condominium/ Apartment, room, or live-	work
I HIGHWAIG LONG TO THE		

I. JUSTIFICATION FOR RENT INCREASE

You must check the appropriate justification(s) box for each increase greater than the Annual CPI adjustment contested in the tenant(s) petition. For the detailed text of these justifications, see Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22 and the Rent

Board Regulations. You can get additional information and copies of the Ordinance and Regulations from the Rent Program office in person or by phoning (510) 238-3721.

You must prove the contested rent increase is justified. For each justification checked on the following table, you must attach organized documentary evidence demonstrating your entitlements: 24 to the increase. This documentation may include cancelled checks, receipts, and invoices. Undocumented expenses, except certain maintenance, repair, legal, accounting and management expenses, will not usually be allowed.

Date of Contested Increase	Banking (deferred annual increases)	Increased Housing Service Costs	Capital Improvements	Uninsured Repair Costs	Debt Service	Fair Return
		П				Ò

If you are justifying additional contested increases, please attach a separate sheet.

II. RENT HISTORY If you contest the Rent History stated on the Tenant Petition, state the correct information in this section. If you leave this section blank, the rent history on the tenant's petition will be considered correct

The tenant moved into the rental unit on November 24, 2014
The tenant's initial rent including all services provided was: \$ 2,600.00 / month.
Have you (or a previous Owner) given the City of Oakland's form entitled "NOTICE TO TENANTS OF RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM" ("RAP Notice") to all of the petitioning tenants?  Yes X No 1 don't know 1
If yes, on what date was the Notice first given? October 10, 2018 but unit is exempt
Is the tenant current on the rent? Yes X No
Designated of

Begin with the most recent rent and work backwards. If you need more space please attach another sheet.

Date Notice Given	Date Increase Effective	Ren	t Increased	Did you provide the "RAP NOTICE" with the notice		
(mo./day/year)		From	To	of rent increase?		
10/10/18	12/15/18	\$ 2,652.00	\$ 4,500.00	⊠ Yes □ No		
12/1/16	1/1/17	\$ 2,600.00	\$ 2,652.00	□ Yes 🛽 No		
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No		
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No		
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No		

#### III. EXEMPTION

If you claim that your property is exempt from Rent Adjustment (Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22), please check one or more of the grounds:

2018 0EC -5 PH 4: 24

The unit is a single family residence or condominium exempted by the Costa Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50, et seq.). If claiming exemption under Costa-Hawkins, please answer the following questions on a separate sheet:

- 1. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice to quit (Civil Code Section 1946)?
- 2. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice of rent increase (Civil Code Section \$27)?
- 3. Was the prior tenant evicted for cause?
- 4. Are there any outstanding violations of building housing, fire or safety codes in the unit or building?
- 5. Is the unit a single family dwelling or condominium that can be sold separately?
- Did the petitioning tenant have roommates when he/she moved in?
- 7. If the unit is a condominium, did you purchase it? If so: 1) from whom? 2) Did you purchase the entire building?

□ authori	The rent for the unit is controlled, regulated or subsidized by a governmental unit, agency or ity other than the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance.
□ Januar	The unit was newly constructed and a certificate of occupancy was issued for it on or after y 1, 1983.
□ boardî	On the day the petition was filed, the tenant petitioner was a resident of a motel, hotel, or ng house less than 30 days.
□ basic c	The subject unit is in a building that was rehabilitated at a cost of 50% or more of the average

The unit is an accommodation in a hospital, convent, monastery, extended care facility, convalescent home, non-profit home for aged, or dormitory owned and operated by an educational institution.

The unit is located in a building with three or fewer units. The owner occupies one of the units continuously as his or her principal residence and has done so for at least one year,

#### IV. DECREASED HOUSING SERVICES

If the potition filed by your tenant claims Decreased Housing Services, state your position regarding the tenant's claim(s) of decreased housing services. If you need more space attach a separate sheet. Submit any documents, photographs or other tangible evidence that supports your position.

#### V. VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that all statements made in this Response are true and that all of the documents attached hereto are true copies of the originals.

Property Owner's Signature

Date

3

#### Landlord Narrative

The Tenants' petition must be dismissed because the Rent Adjustment Program doesn't have jurisdiction. The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code §1954.50 et seq.). See Attachment A, Property Assessment Information. Furthermore, the Tenants' petition is incomplete because the Tenants failed to sign the verification under penalty of perjury which is required. Nonetheless, if the hearing officer seeks to further review the petition, Landlord responds as follows:

To address the issues raised by Tenant in section I. Grounds for Petition, Landlord responds as follows:

- (b) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The CPI Adjustment does not apply to the rental unit.
- (c) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The property owner is not required to receive approval from the Rent Adjustment Program for the contested rent increase.
- (d) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The property owner is not required to provide the Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP Notice) form.
- (e) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The property owner is not required to provide the Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP Notice) form.
- (k) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The limit for rent increases over 30% over a 5-year period does not apply to the rental unit.
  - (i) This exemption is based on a State law and there is no fraud or mistake.

#### I. Justification for Rent Increase

REMT ARBITRATION PAGE

2010 DEC -5 PM 4: 24

Date of Contested Rent Increase: 10/10/18 effective 12/15/18

Justification: Single Family Home exemption

#### III. Exemption Attachment

- 1. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice to quit (Civil Code Section 1946)?
- 2. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice of rent increase (Civil Code Section 827)?

No

- 3. Was the prior tenant evicted for cause?
- 4. Are there any outstanding violations of building housing, fire or safety codes in the unit or building?

No

- 5. Is the unit a single family dwelling or condominium that can be sold separately?
- 6. Did the petitioning tenant have roommates when he/she moved in?
- 7. If the unit is a condominium, did you purchase it? No If so: 1) from whom? N/A 2) Did you purchase the entire building? N/A

8.0472 Re



# CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

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Fo	ŕ	d	ate	sta	aŭ	p.

**TENANT PETITION** 

Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can. Failure to provide needed information may result in your petition being rejected or delayed.

Please print legibly		•	•
Your Name	Rent	al Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
CHESTER "CHASE" MARTIN KRISTEN PONGER	555 OA	3 KALES AVENUE KLAND, CA 94618	B-mail
	-		IS-IIIAII
Your Representative's Name	Maili	ng Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
			Email:
Property Owner(s) name(s)	N (-:1:	A 11	
Troporty Owner(s) name(s)	Maili	ng Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
CHEDDY ZALABAK			-
SHERRY ZALABAK	402   BEF	VERMONT AVENUE RKELEY, CA 94707	Email:
Property Manager or Management Co.	3.5 131		
(if applicable)	Maili	ng Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
		•	Email:
			·
Number of units on the property:		•	
Type of unit you rent			
(check one)	Iouse	☐ Condominium	Apartment, Room, or Live-Work
Are you current on your rent? (check one)	Yes	□ No	
If you are not current on your rent please ever	oloin (If.	200 200 100 1100 100 100 100 100 100 100	•
If you are not current on your rent, please exp your unit.)	лаш. (ш у	ou are legally withholding rent state wh	at, if any, habitability violations exist in
I CROUNDS FOR DETERION	. (7)		
I. GROUNDS FOR PETITION grounds for a petition see OMC 8.22	Check	all that apply. You must check a	t least one box. For all of the
grounds for a petition see OMC 8.22. one or more of the following ground	070 and <b>ds:</b>	OMC 8.22.090. 1 (We) contes	t one or more rent increases on
(a) The CPI and/or banked rent inc	crease no	otice I was given was calculated	incorrectly.
(b) The increase(s) exceed(s) the (	ZPI Adiı	istment and is (are) unjustified o	ric (ara) greaten than 100/
(c) I received a rent increase notice	e before	the property owner received ap	proval from the Rent Adjustment

Rev. 7/31/17

rent increase.

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

Program for such an increase and the rent increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and the available banked

(d) No written notice of Rent Program was given to me together with the notice of increase(s) I am contesting. (Only for increases noticed after July 26, 2000.) (e) The property owner did not give me the required form "Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program" at least 6 months before the effective date of the rent increase(s). (f) The rent increase notice(s) was (were) not given to me in compliance with State law. (g) The increase I am contesting is the second increase in my rent in a 12-month period. (h) There is a current health, safety, fire, or building code violation in my unit, or there are serious problems with the conditions in the unit because the owner failed to do requested repair and maintenance. (Complete Section III on following page) (i) The owner is providing me with fewer housing services than I received previously or is charging me for services originally paid by the owner. (OMC 8.22.070(F): A decrease in housing services is considered an increase in rent. A tenant may petition for a rent adjustment based on a decrease in housing services.) (Complete Section III on following page) (j) My rent was not reduced after a prior rent increase period for a Capital Improvement had expired. (k) The proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years. (The 5-year period begins with rent increases noticed on or after August 1, 2014). (1) I wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake. (OMC 8.22, Article I) (m) The owner did not give me a summary of the justification(s) for the increase despite my written request.

# **II. RENTAL HISTORY:** (You must complete this section)

Date you moved into the Unit: NOVEMBER 24, 2014 Initial Rent: \$ 2,600 /month

When did the owner first provide you with the RAP NOTICE, a written NOTICE TO TENANTS of the existence of the Rent Adjustment Program? Date: November 4, 2018. If never provided, enter "Never."

Is your rent subsidized or controlled by any government agency, including HUD (Section 8)? Yes No

(n) The rent was raised illegally after the unit was vacated as set forth under OMC 8.22.080.

List all rent increases that you want to challenge. Begin with the most recent and work backwards. If you need additional space, please attach another sheet. If you never received the RAP Notice you can contest all past increases. You must check "Yes" next to each increase that you are challenging.

Date you received the notice	Date increase goes into effect (mo/day/year)	Monthly re	nt increase	Are you C this Incre Petiti	Contesting ase in this	Rent P	Receive a	
(mo/day/year)		From	То	I CLAU	OII1		With the ce Of case?	
	01/03/19	\$2,652	\$4,500	<b>X</b> Yes	□No	Yes	□ No	
06/05/18	08/01/18	\$2,652	\$4,500	☐ Yes	¥No	☐ Yes	<b>X</b> No	
12/1/16	01/01/17	\$2,600	\$2,652	□Yes	¥No	☐ Yes	<b>X</b> No	
		\$	\$	☐ Yes	□ No	□ Yes	□No	
		\$	\$	□ Yes	□ No	□ Yes	□ No	
		\$	\$	☐ Yes	□ No	□ Yes	□No	

Rev. 7/31/17

* You have 90 days from the date of notice of increase or from the first date you received written notice of the existence of the Rent Adjustment program (whichever is later) to contest a rent increase. (O.M.C. 8.22.090 A 2) I you did not receive a RAP Notice with the rent increase you are contesting but have received it in the past, you have 120 days to file a petition. (O.M.C. 8.22.090 A 3)	lf
Have you ever filed a petition for this rental unit?	
<b>Ճ</b> Yes	
□ No	
List case number(s) of all Petition(s) you have ever filed for this rental unit and all other relevant Petitions:  T18-0414 Martin et al v. Zalabak	
III. DESCRIPTION OF DECREASED OR INADEQUATE HOUSING SERVICES:	
Decreased or inadequate housing services are considered an increase in rent. If you claim an unlawful rent increase for problems in your unit, or because the owner has taken away a housing service, you must complete this section.	
Are you being charged for services originally paid by the owner?	
Have you lost services originally provided by the	
Are you claiming any serious problem(s) with the condition of your rental unit?	
2) the date the loss(es) or problem(s) began or the date you began paying for the service(s) 3) when you notified the owner of the problem(s); and 4) how you calculate the dollar value of lost service(s) or problem(s).  Please attach documentary evidence if available.  You have the option to have a City inspector come to your unit and inspect for any code violation. To make an appointment, call the City of Oakland, Code of Compliance Unit at (510) 238-3381.	l
IV. VERIFICATION: The tenant must sign:	
I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that everything I said in this petition is true and that all of the documents attached to the petition are true copies of the originals.	
11/9/18	
Tenant's Signature Date	
	:-
Rev. 7/31/17 For more information phone (510) 238-3721. 3	

<u>V. MEDIATION AVAILABLE</u>: Mediation is an entirely voluntary process to assist you in reaching an agreement with the owner. If both parties agree, you have the option to mediate your complaints before a hearing is held. If the parties do not reach an agreement in mediation, your case will go to a formal hearing before a different Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer.

You may choose to have the mediation conducted by a Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer or select an outside mediator. Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officers conduct mediation sessions free of charge. If you and the owner agree to an outside mediator, please call (510) 238-3721 to make arrangements. Any fees charged by an outside mediator for mediation of rent disputes will be the responsibility of the parties requesting the use of their services.

Mediation will be scheduled only if both parties agree (after both your petition and the owner's response have been filed with the Rent Adjustment Program). The Rent Adjustment Program will not schedule a mediation session if the owner does not file a response to the petition. Rent Board Regulation 8.22.100.A.

If you want to schedule your case for mediation, sign below.

Į	agree to	have my case mediated	hy a Rent Adjustment Des G. corr	
	•	1/147	by a Rent Adjustment Program Staff Hearing	g Officer (no charge).
		19/16	Mali	
		V ~ V ~ / )	\((10)\)	<i>(</i> ).

Tenant's Signature

Date

# VI. IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

#### Time to File

This form must be **received** at the offices of the Rent Adjustment Program ("RAP") within the time limit for filing a petition set out in the Rent Adjustment Ordinance (Oakland Municipal Code, Chapter 8.22). RAP staff cannot grant an extension of time by phone to file your petition. **Ways to Submit.** Mail to: Oakland Rent Adjustment Program, P.O. Box 70243, Oakland, CA 94612; In person: Date stamp and deposit in Rent Adjustment Drop-Box, Housing Assistance Center, Dalziel Building, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, 6th Floor, Oakland; RAP Online Petitioning System: http://rapwp.oaklandnet.com/petition-forms/. For more information, please call: (510) 238-3721.

#### File Review

Your property owner(s) will be required to file a response to this petition with the Rent Adjustment office within 35 days of notification by the Rent Adjustment Program. When it is received, the RAP office will send you a copy of the Property Owner's Response form. Any attachments or supporting documentation from the owner will be available for review in the RAP office by appointment. To schedule a file review, please call the Rent Adjustment Program office at (510) 238-3721. If you filed your petition at the RAP Online Petitioning System, the owner may use the online system to submit the owner response and attachments, which would be accessible there for your review.

# VII. HOW DID YOU LEARN ABOUT THE RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM?

	Printed form provided by the owner
	Pamphlet distributed by the Rent Adjustment Program
<u> </u>	Legal services or community organization
	Sign on bus or bus shelter
X	Rent Adjustment Program web site
	Other (describe):

Rev. 7/31/17

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

Chester Martin & Kristen Ponger 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618 November 7, 2018

Housing and Community Development Department Rent Adjustment Program (RAP) City of Oakland, CA

Re: Addition to RAP Case no. T18-0414 Martin et al v. Zalabak

Chester "Chase" Martin & Kristen Ponger, "Tenants" Sherry Zalabak, "Landlord" Rental Property Address: 5553 Kales Ave, Oakland, CA 94618

To Whom it May Concern:

Tenants are filing an additional petition to add to the existing case number T18-0414, filed August 3rd. Tenants are filing current petition to contest Landlord's second notification of a rent increase of 70%, raising the rent from \$2,652/mo. to \$4,500/mo [Attachment AA]. Tenants Martin and Ponger are contesting the increase on the following grounds:

- 1. The increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is unjustified and greater than 10%.
- 2. I received a rent increase notice before the property owner received approval from the Rent Adjustment Program for such an increase and the rent increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and the available banked rent increase.
- 3. The proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years.
- 4. I wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake.

#### **Key Points:**

- 5553 Kales Avenue has been rented as a multi-unit property, with two dwelling units with separate leases since before current tenants Kristen and Chase signed a lease for Unit A in 2014
- Tenants entered into a lease agreement in 2014 based on the fact that the property was a duplex and protected under rent control
- Upon signing the lease in 2014, Unit B of the duplex was already leased to Tenants LeAnne (Fowlkes) and Mike Devol on a separate lease agreement (2011-2017)
- Since 2014, Unit B has had two different sets of tenants paying rent under their own respective leases
  - o 2011-2017: LeAnne (Fowlkes) and Mike Devol [Attachment FF]; \$1,070/month
  - o 2017-2018: Lindsay Byrd and Isabel Avellan [Attachment D]; \$1,400/month

Martin/Ponger/Zalabak Petition November 7, 2018 Page 2 of 2

# Since the original petition was filed on August 3rd, the following has occurred:

On Monday, August 6th, Tenants Chester Martin and Kristen Ponger notified Landlord Sherry Zalabak of filed RAP petition [Attachment BB]. On August 8th, 2018 Tenants Chester Martin and Kristen Ponger received an email from distressed landlord Sherry Zalabak about the filed RAP petition, acknowledging the second unit on the property [Attachment CC]. Landlord proceeded to show up at the tenant's house unannounced the following day, emotionally pleading that tenants withdraw the petition and handle this without legal involvement. Tenant Chester Martin agreed and filed to withdraw the petition in-person at office of the City of Oakland Rent Program later that week [Attachment DD]. Unbeknownst to Martin the withdrawal was never processed. In September, Tenants proceeded to proactively and voluntarily pay the legal CPI rent increase of 3.4%, as they believed this was a fair resolution.

Despite Landlord's request for Tenants not to take legal action, on November 4, 2018 Tenants Chester Martin and Kristen Ponger received two letters from Alana Grice Conner of Fried & Williams Attorneys at Law [Attachment AA, EE]. The first letter notified the tenants that the landlord is rescinding the original Sixty-Day Notice Notice of Change to Terms of Tenancy [Attachment EE] and Pre-Move Out Negotiations Disclosure Form, which the tenants refused to accept. The second letter was a new Sixty-Day Notice of Change to Terms of Tenancy [Attachment AA].

#### **Glossary of Attachments:**

Tenants are providing the following attached documentation outlining our historical rental agreement and series of events that led to this petition.

- Attachment AA: Sixty-Day Notice of Change to Terms of Tenancy
- Attachment BB: E-mail from Tenant notifying Landlord of filed RAP Petition
- Attachment CC: E-mail from Landlord acknowledging second unit on property
- Attachment DD: E-mail from Tenant to Landlord stating the withdrawal of RAP petition
- Attachment EE: Rescinding Sixty-Day Notice of Change to Terms of Tenancy from June
   5, 2018
- Attachment FF: LeAnne Devol's Bank Statement with proof of rent payment to Sherry Zalabak

<sup>\*</sup>Please see original petition, case no. T18-0414, Martin et al v. Zalabak for complete background story and additional information.



#### CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721 FOR DESCRIPTION PROCESS

2019 FEB 15 PM 3: 52

PROPERTY OWNER
RESPONSE

<u>Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can</u>. Failure to provide needed information may result in your response being rejected or delayed.

#### **CASE NUMBER T** 18-0472

Your Name	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Sherry Zalabak	402 Vermont Avenue Berkeley, CA 94707	
		Email:
		J
Your Representative's Name (if any)	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Alana Grice Conner	1901 Harrison Street, 14th Floor	
Fried & Williams LLP	Oakland, CA 94612	Email:
Tenant(s) Name(s)	Complete Address (with zip code)	Televite
Chester "Chase" Martin	5553 Kales Avenue	Telephone:
Kristen Ponger	Oakland, CA 94618	
		Email:
Property Address (If the property has mo	ore than one address, list all addresses)	Total number of units on
5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA 94	618	property
,		Single Family Residence
The property owner must have a currer	usiness License? Yes 🗷 No 🗆 Lic. No to Currell to Oakland Business License. If it is not currell that Adjustment proceeding. Please provide	ent, an Owner Petition or
The property owner must be current on	ent Program Service Fee (\$68 per unit)? payment of the RAP Service Fee. If the fee a Rent Adjustment proceeding. Please prov	is not current, an Owner Petition
Date on which you acquired the built	lding: <u>10/07/10</u> .	
Is there more than one street address	s on the parcel? Yes □ No ☒.	
Type of unit (Circle One): House	Condominium/ Apartment, room, or live	-work
I. JUSTIFICATION FOR REI	NT INCREASE You must check the	annronriate instification(s)

For more information phone (510)-238-3721.

box for each increase greater than the Annual CPI adjustment contested in the tenant(s) petition. For the detailed text of these justifications, see Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22 and the Rent

1

Board Regulations. You can get additional information and copies of the Ordinance and Regulations from the Rent Program office in person or by phoning (510) 238-3721.

You must prove the contested rent increase is justified. For each justification checked on the following table, you must attach organized documentary evidence demonstrating your entitlement to the increase. This documentation may include cancelled checks, receipts, and invoices. Undocumented expenses, except certain maintenance, repair, legal, accounting and management expenses, will not usually be allowed.

Date of Contested Increase	Banking (deferred annual increases)	Increased Housing Service Costs	Capital Improvements	Uninsured Repair Costs	Debt Service	Fair Return
		П				

If you are justifying additional contested increases, please attach a separate sheet.

<u>II. RENT HISTORY</u> If you contest the Rent History stated on the Tenant Petition, state the correct information in this section. If you leave this section blank, the rent history on the tenant's petition will be considered correct

The tenant moved into the rental unit on November 24, 2014
The tenant's initial rent including all services provided was: \$\_2,600.00 \_/ month.
Have you (or a previous Owner) given the City of Oakland's form entitled "NOTICE TO TENANTS OF RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM" ("RAP Notice") to all of the petitioning tenants? Yes X No I don't know
If yes, on what date was the Notice first given? October 10, 2018 but unit is exempt
Is the tenant current on the rent? YesX No
Begin with the most recent rent and work backwards. If you need more space please attach another sheet.

Date Notice Given	Date Increase Effective	Rent Increased		Did you provide the "RAP NOTICE" with the notice	
(mo./day/year)		From	To	of rent increas	
10/10/18	12/15/18	\$ 2,652.00	\$ 4,500.00	¥ Yes	□ No
06/05/18	08/01/18	\$ 2,652.00	\$4,500.00(Rescinded)	.□ Yes	<b>≝</b> No
12/1/16	1/1/17	\$ 2,600.00	\$ 2,652.00	☐ Yes	<b>≅</b> No
		\$	\$	□ Yes	□No
		\$	\$	☐ Yes	□No

#### III. EXEMPTION

If you claim that your property is exempt from Rent Adjustment (Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22), please check one or more of the grounds:

- The unit is a single family residence or condominium exempted by the Costa Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50, et seq.). If claiming exemption under Costa-Hawkins, please answer the following questions on a separate sheet:
  - Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice to quit (Civil Code Section 1946)?
  - Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice of rent increase (Civil Code Section 827)?

Was the prior tenant evicted for cause?

Are there any outstanding violations of building housing, fire or safety codes in the unit or building?

Is the unit a single family dwelling or condominium that can be sold separately?

6. Did the petitioning tenant have roommates when he/she moved in?

7. If the unit is a condominium, did you purchase it? If so: 1) from whom? 2) Did you purchase the entire building?

☐ authorit	The rent for the unit is <b>controlled</b> , <b>regulated or subsidized</b> by a governmental unit, agency or y other than the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance.
□ January	The unit was newly constructed and a certificate of occupancy was issued for it on or after 1, 1983.
□ boardin	On the day the petition was filed, the tenant petitioner was a resident of a motel, hotel, or ag house less than 30 days.
□ basic co	The subject unit is in a building that was rehabilitated at a cost of 50% or more of the average st of new construction.
□ convale: institutio	The unit is an accommodation in a hospital, convent, monastery, extended care facility, scent home, non-profit home for aged, or dormitory owned and operated by an educational on.

The unit is located in a building with three or fewer units. The owner occupies one of the units continuously as his or her principal residence and has done so for at least one year.

#### IV. DECREASED HOUSING SERVICES

If the petition filed by your tenant claims Decreased Housing Services, state your position regarding the tenant's claim(s) of decreased housing services. If you need more space attach a separate sheet. Submit any documents, photographs or other tangible evidence that supports your position.

#### V. VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that all statements made in this Response are true and that all of the documents attached hereto are true copies of the originals.

Property Owner's Signature

For more information phone (510)-238-3721.

#### Landlord Narrative

The Tenants' petition must be dismissed because the Rent Adjustment Program doesn't have jurisdiction. The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code §1954.50 et seq.). See Attachment A, Property Assessment Information. Furthermore, the Tenants' petition is incomplete because the Tenants failed to sign the verification under penalty of perjury which is required. Nonetheless, if the hearing officer seeks to further review the petition, Landlord responds as follows:

To address the issues raised by Tenant in section I. Grounds for Petition, Landlord responds as follows:

- (b) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The CPI Adjustment does not apply to the rental unit.
- (c) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The property owner is not required to receive approval from the Rent Adjustment Program for the contested rent increase.
- (e) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The property owner is not required to provide the Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP Notice) form.
- (k) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The limit for rent increases over 30% over a 5-year period does not apply to the rental unit.
  - (i) This exemption is based on a State law and there is no fraud or mistake.

#### I. Justification for Rent Increase

Date of Contested Rent Increase: 10/10/18 effective 12/15/18

Justification: Single Family Home exemption

#### III. Exemption Attachment

- Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice to quit (Civil Code Section 1946)?
   No
- 2. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice of rent increase (Civil Code Section 827)?

No

- 3. Was the prior tenant evicted for cause?
- Are there any outstanding violations of building housing, fire or safety codes in the unit or building?
   No
- 5. Is the unit a single family dwelling or condominium that can be sold separately? Yes
- 6. Did the petitioning tenant have roommates when he/she moved in?
- 7. If the unit is a condominium, did you purchase it? No If so: 1) from whom? N/A 2) Did you purchase the entire building? N/A

PECEMED CITY OF CARLARY RENT ARBITRATION PROCRASS

2019 FEB 15 PH 3: 52

Alana Grice Conner, SBN 182676 Fried & Williams LLP 1901 Harrison Street Oakland, CA 94612 Phone: (510) 625-0100

Phone: (510) 625-0100 Fax: (510) 550-3621 aconner@friedwilliams.com

Attorneys for Respondent and Owner Sherry Zalabak

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DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM
CITY OF OAKLAND

CHESTER "CHASE" MARTIN; KRISTEN PONGER;

Petitioner/Tenants,

v.

SHERRY ZALABAK;

Respondent/Owner.

CASE NO.: T18-0472

PROPERTY OWNER'S SUBMISSION OF TANGIBLE EVIDENCE

HEARING DATE: MARCH 5, 2019 TIME: 10:00 A.M. PLACE: 250 FRANK H. OGAWA PLAZA, STE. 5313, OAKLAND, CA 94612

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Respondent Sherry Zalabak ("Respondent") is the owner of the real property commonly known as 5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA 94618 (the "Premises"), having acquired it in October 2010 following her brother, Stephen Lage's death. A true and correct copy of the Declaration Re Death of Life Tenant is attached hereto as Exhibit A. Prior to Mr. Lage's death, he converted the detached garage for use as an office and residential studio. In 2010, Stephen was living in the house and Respondent was providing full time care and using the studio. After Stephen passed, Respondent rented the house and moved back home with her husband and rented the studio.

On or around November 24, 2014 Respondent rented the Premises to Chester "Chase" Martin and Kristen Ponger ("Petitioners"). A true and correct copy of the lease is attached hereto as Exhibit B. The "studio" was occupied at the time the Petitioners moved in. Respondent discovered the unit was an

unpermitted unit in early 2018. Upon discovering the studio was only permitted for use as an office space, Respondent pulled a permit and restored the garage to use as an office.

Respondent served a rent increase notice with the Notice to Tenants of the Residential Rent Adjustment Program attached in 3 languages (English, Spanish, Chinese) on October 10, 2018. A true and correct copy of the Notice of Change to Terms of Tenancy is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

On November 9, 2018, Petitioners filed this petition contesting a rent increase on the basis 1) The increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is unjustified or is greater than 10%; 2) The Petitioner received a rent increase notice before the property owner received approval from the Rent Adjustment Program for such an increase and the rent increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and the available banked rent increase; 3) The Respondent did not give the Petitioners the required form "Notice of Rent Adjustment Program: at least 6 months before the effective date of the rent increase; 4) the proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years and; 5) Petitioners wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake.

#### II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

# 1. The increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is unjustified or is greater than 10%

The CPI Adjustment does not apply to the rental unit. The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1654.50). A true and correct copy of the Alameda County Property Assessment Information previously submitted to the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Program is attached hereto as Exhibit D. True and correct copies of photographs exhibiting the property is a single-family residence is attached hereto as Exhibit E. True and correct copies of the Assessor's Map 48A exhibiting the property as a single-family residence is attached hereto as Exhibit F.

# 2. The Petitioner received a rent increase notice before the property owner received approval from the Rent Adjustment Program for such an increase and the rent increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and the available banked rent increase

No approval was required, and no banking was requested. The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1654.50 A true and correct copy of the Alameda County Property Assessment

Information previously submitted to the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Program is attached hereto as Exhibit D. True and correct copies of photographs exhibiting the property is a single-family residence is attached hereto as Exhibit E. True and correct copies of the Assessor's Map 48A exhibiting the property as a single-family residence is attached hereto as Exhibit F.

# 3. The Respondent did not give the Petitioners the required form "Notice of Rent Adjustment Program: at least 6 months before the effective date of the rent increase.

Respondent is not required to provide the Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP Notice) form. The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1654.50). A true and correct copy of the Alameda County Property Assessment Information previously submitted to the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Program is attached hereto as Exhibit D. True and correct copies of photographs exhibiting the property is a single-family residence is attached hereto as Exhibit E. True and correct copies of the Assessor's Map 48A exhibiting the property as a single-family residence is attached hereto as Exhibit F.

# 4. The proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years

The limit for rent increases over 30% over a 5-year period does not apply to the rental unit. The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1654.50). A true and correct copy of the Alameda County Property Assessment Information previously submitted to the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Program is attached hereto as Exhibit D. True and correct copies of photographs exhibiting the property is a single-family residence is attached hereto as Exhibit E. True and correct copies of the Assessor's Map 48A exhibiting the property as a single-family residence is attached hereto as Exhibit F.

#### 5. Exemption based on fraud or mistake

The Petitioners allege Respondent's claim for exemption from rent control is based on fraud or mistake and wish to contest an exemption. Respondent denies the Petitioner's claim. This exemption is based on a State law and there is no fraud or mistake.

Respondent became aware of the unpermitted studio being used for residential purposes and stopped using it, restoring the Premise to a single-family residence by pulling a permit over the counter and removing the stove in the unpermitted studio. True and correct copies of the Permit Application

Worksheet and Record Details exhibiting the removal of the stove and conversion of the studio to an office is attached hereto as Exhibit G.

#### III. **CONCLUSION**

Respondent has provided enough evidence to prove the Premises is a single-family residence and thus any challenge to the rent increase moot. The Rent Adjustment Program does not have jurisdiction over single-family homes exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Renal Housing Act, therefor Petitioner's petition should be dismissed.

February 15, 2019 Dated:

FRIED & WILLIAMS LLP

Attorneys for Respondent and Owner

Sherry Zalabak

## Acknowledgement of Notary Public

State of California County of Contra Costa

On October 4, 2010 before me, F. Michael Hanson, a Notary Public, personally appeared SHERRY DIANE ZALABAK, who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that she executed the same in her authorized capacity, and that by her signature on the instrument the person, or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument.

I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Signature; Notary Public for the State of California

#### Legal Description

Beginning at a point on the Southern Line of Kales Avenue distant thereon Westerly 166.66 feet from the intersection thereof with the Western line of Broadway as said avenue and broadway are shown on the Map hereinafter referred to; running thence Westerly along said line of Kales Avenue, 40 feet; thence at right angles Southerly 65 feet; thence at right angles Easterly 40 feet; and thence at right angles Northerly 65 feet to the point of beginning.

Being a portion of Lots 168 and 169, "Map of Woodlawn Park", filed June 28, 1905, Map Book 20, Page 48, Alameda County Records.

SUBJECT TO all covenants, conditions, restrictions, easements, rights of way, exceptions, reservations, servitudes, limitations, uses, licenses, rights, agreements, and other matters of record.

Declaration Re Death of Life Tenant - APN: 048A-7043-040 - Page 2

Recorded at the request of:

F. MICHAEL HANSON, Esq.

When recorded return to:

Sherry Diane Zalabak 402 Vermont Avenue Berkeley, California 94707



ZALABAK SA

fold

# DECLARATION RE DEATH OF LIFE TENANT

I, Sherry Diane Zalabak, declare as follows:

I am of legal age (18 years or older). The decedent described in the attached certified copy of Certificate of Death as Stephen Allen Lage is the same person as Stephen Allen Lage who is named as a party in that Gift Grant Deed dated July 21, 2010 executed by Stephen Allen Lage, an unmarried man, to Sherry D. Zalabak, a married woman as her separate property, which Gift Grant Deed also reserved a life estate to Stephen Allen Lage, and which Gift Grant Deed was recorded as Document Number 2010201664 on July 21, 2010, in the official records of Alameda County, California, and concerns the real property situated in the City of Oakland, County of Alameda, State of California, more particularly described as follows:

See the Legal Description section commencing on the following page, the contents of which are incorporated herein by this reference.

(commonly known as 5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, California)

APN: 048A-7043-040

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: October 4, 2010

Mail Tax Statements To:

Sherry D. Zalabak 402 Vermont Avenue Berkeley, California 94707

Declaration Re Death of Life Tenant - APN: 048A-7043-040 - Page

2019 APR 11 PM 2: 01

Alana Grice Conner, SBN 182676 Fried & Williams LLP

1901 Harrison Street Oakland, CA 94612

Phone: (510) 625-0100 (510) 550-3621

aconner@friedwilliams.com

Attorneys for Respondent and Owner Sherry Žalabak

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DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

CITY OF OAKLAND

CHESTER "CHASE" MARTIN; KRISTEN PONGER;

Petitioner/Tenants,

SHERRY ZALABAK;

Respondent/Owner.

CASE NO.: T18-0114 & T18-0472

PROPERTY OWNER'S SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT

HEARING DATE: APRIL 22, 2019 TIME: 10:00 A.M.

PLACE: 250 FRANK H. OGAWA PLAZA, STE.

5313, OAKLAND, CA 94612

Sherry Zalabak ("Respondent") is the owner of the real property commonly known as 5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA 94618 (the "Premises"). Owner responds to the hearing officer's request regarding the back unit/office and evidence of new construction. The back unit/office is not new construction. That phrase is defined by O.M.C. 8.22.030 Exemptions, "Dwelling units which were newly constructed and received a certificate of occupancy on or after January 1, 1983..." While work on the office was done in or around 2009, no certificate of occupancy was ever issued. Therefore, the office is not "new construction".

Dated: April 11, 2019

FRIED & WILLIAMS LLP

By: Alana Grice Conner

Attorneys for Respondent and Owner Sherry Zalabak

PROPERTY OWNER'S SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT

000038

# PROOF OF SERVICE BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL PR 11 PM 2:01

I declare that I am a resident of or employed in the County of Alameda, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen years and am not a party this action. My residence or business address is 1901 Harrison Street, 14th Floor, Oakland, CA 94612.

On April 11, 2019, I served the attached, concerning the action known as *Martin, et al. v. Zalabak*, City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Program case no. T18-0114 & T18-0472:

#### PROPERTY OWNER'S SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT

on the parties herein in said action, by placing the envelope for collection and mailing following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with this business' practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. On the same day that correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.

The envelope was addressed, sealed and placed for collection and mailing, following this business' ordinary business practices, from Oakland, California, as follows:

Chester Martin a.k.a. Chase Martin 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618

Kristen Ponger 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and this declaration was executed on April 11, 2019, at Oakland, California.

.

\* You have 90 days from the date of notice of increase or from the first date you received written notice of the existence of the Rent Adjustment program (whichever is later) to contest a rent increase. (O.M.C. 8.22.090 A 2) If you did not receive a RAP Notice with the rent increase you are contesting but have received it in the past, you have 120 days to file a petition. (O.M.C. 8.22.090 A 3) Have you ever filed a petition for this rental unit? RECEIVED □ Yes No FEB 22 2019 List case number(s) of all Petition(s) you have ever filed for this rental unit and all offer for the property of the control of the property of the control III. DESCRIPTION OF DECREASED OR INADEQUATE HOUSING SERVICES: Decreased or inadequate housing services are considered an increase in rent. If you claim an unlawful rent increase for problems in your unit, or because the owner has taken away a housing service, you must complete this section. Are you being charged for services originally paid by the owner? ☐ Yes N No Have you lost services originally provided by the owner or have the conditions changed? ☐ Yes NNo Are you claiming any serious problem(s) with the condition of your rental unit? □ Yes No Z If you answered "Yes" to any of the above, or if you checked box (h) or (i) on page 2, please attach a separate sheet listing a description of the reduced service(s) and problem(s). Be sure to include the following: a list of the lost housing service(s) or problem(s); 2) the date the loss(es) or problem(s) began or the date you began paying for the service(s) 3) when you notified the owner of the problem(s); and 4) how you calculate the dollar value of lost service(s) or problem(s). Please attach documentary evidence if available. You have the option to have a City inspector come to your unit and inspect for any code violation. To make an appointment, call the City of Oakland, Code of Compliance Unit at (510) 238-3381. **IV. VERIFICATION:** The tenant must sign: I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that everything I said in this petition is true and that all of the documents attached to the petition are true copies of the originals. Tenant's Signature

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

Rev. 7/31/17

RECEIVED CITY OF OAKLAMA RENT ASSITRATION PROGRAM

2019 FEB 15 PM 3: 52

Alana Grice Conner, SBN 182676 Fried & Williams LLP 1901 Harrison Street Oakland, CA 94612

Phone: (510) 625-0100 Fax: (510) 550-3621 aconner@friedwilliams.com

Attorneys for Respondent and Owner Sherry Zalabak

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# DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM CITY OF OAKLAND

CHESTER "CHASE" MARTIN; KRISTEN PONGER;

Petitioner/Tenants,

v.

Respondent/Owner.

CASE NO.: T18-0414

# PROPERTY OWNER'S SUBMISSION OF TANGIBLE EVIDENCE

HEARING DATE: MARCH 5, 2019

TIME: 10:00 A.M.

PLACE: 250 FRANK H. OGAWA PLAZA, STE. 5313, OAKLAND, CA 94612

#### I. INTRODUCTION

SHERRY ZALABAK:

Respondent Sherry Zalabak ("Respondent") is the owner of the real property commonly known as 5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA 94618 (the "Premises"), having acquired it in October 2010 following her brother, Stephen Lage's death. A true and correct copy of the Declaration Re Death of Life Tenant is attached hereto as Exhibit A. Prior to Mr. Lage's death, he converted the detached garage for use as an office and residential studio. In 2010, Stephen was living in the house and Respondent was providing full time care and using the studio. After Stephen passed, Respondent rented the house and moved back home with her husband and rented the studio. On or around November 24, 2014 Respondent rented the Premises to Chester "Chase" Martin and Kristen Ponger ("Petitioners"). A true and correct copy of the lease is attached hereto as Exhibit B. The "studio" was occupied at the time the Petitioners moved in. Respondent discovered the unit was an unpermitted unit in early 2018. Upon

discovering the studio was only permitted for use as an office space, Respondent stopped renting the unit for residential use moving forward.

On or about June 5, 2018, Respondent served a rent increase notice on the Petitioners, under the impression the Premises is a single-family residence. A true and correct copy of the 60 Day Notice of Change in Terms of Tenancy is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

On August 3, 2018 Petitioners filed this petition contesting a rent increase on the basis 1) The increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is unjustified or is greater than 10%; 2) The Petitioner received a rent increase notice before the property owner received approval from the Rent Adjustment Program for such an increase and the rent increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and the available banked rent increase; 3) No written notice of Rent Program was given to the Petitioners with the notice of increase contested; 4) The Respondent did not give the Petitioners the required form "Notice of Rent Adjustment Program: at least 6 months before the effective date of the rent increase; 5) the proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years and; 6) Petitioners wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake.

# II. PETITIONER'S PETITION SHOULD BE DENIED

On October 10, 2018, Respondent rescinded the Notice of Change to Terms of Tenancy served on Petitioners and refunded Petitioners for overpayment by giving a rent credit in the amount of \$360.00. A true and correct copy of the rescission letter and image of the check are attached hereto as Exhibit D.

#### III. CONCLUSION

Respondent has rescinded the rent increase making any challenge to the rent increase moot. Thus, Petitioner's petition should be dismissed.

Dated:

February 15, 2019

By: Alana Grice Conn

Attorneys for Respondent and Owner

Sherry Zalabac



DALZIEL BUILDING • 250 FRANK H. OGAWA PLAZA, SUITE 5313 • OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94612-2034

Housing and Community Development Department Rent Adjustment Program

TEL (510) 238-3721 FAX (510) 238-6181 CA Relay Service 711

# **HEARING DECISION**

**CASE NUMBERS:** 

T18-0414, Martin et. al. v. Zalabak

T18-0472, Martin et al. v. Zalabak

PROPERTY ADDRESS:

5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA

**DATES OF HEARING:** 

March 5, 2019

**April 22, 2019** 

DATE OF DECISION:

**April 30, 2019** 

**APPEARANCES:** 

Chester Martin, Tenant

Kristen Ponger, Tenant

Sherry Zalabak, Owner

Alana Grice Conner, Attorney for Owner

# **SUMMARY OF DECISION**

The Tenant's petitions are dismissed.

## **INTRODUCTION**

The tenant filed the initial petition on August 3, 2018, T18-0414, which contests a rent increase effective August 1, 2108, raising their rent from \$2,652.00 to \$4,500.00, on the following grounds:

- Rent Increase Exceeds CPI or more than 10%;
- No Pre-Approval of Increase;
- No Concurrent RAP Notice;
- No RAP Notice 6 Months prior to the effective date of the increase;
- Rent Increase exceeds an overall increase of 30% in 5 years.

The tenant filed a second petition on November 9, 2018, T18-0472, which contests a rent increase effective December 15, 2108, raising their rent from \$2,652.00 to \$4,500.00, on the following grounds:

- Rent Increase Exceeds CPI or more than 10%;
- No Pre-Approval of Increase;
- No RAP Notice 6 Months prior to the effective date of the increase;
- Rent Increase exceeds an overall increase of 30% in 5 years.

The owner filed a timely response in T18-0414 and an untimely response in T18-0472. The owner attended the hearing and was represented. The matter proceeded to hearing on March 5, 2019. Subsequently, the undersigned re-opened the matter for further hearing on the construction of the back unit, including but not limited to whether the second unit is new construction under the ordinance.

# ISSUE(S) PRESENTED

1. Is the subject unit exempt from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance?

## **EVIDENCE**

March 5, 2019

## Rental History

The tenants moved into the unit November 24, 2014, for \$2600.00 per month. At the inception of their tenancy, it was a multi-unit property. The front unit and the back unit were rented out to separate tenants, with separate leases.<sup>1</sup>

In January 2017, their rent was increased by the CPI, 2%, to \$2652.00. They believe the back unit was raised by the same amount. They received a notice of rent increase indicating the rent would be \$4,500.00, effective January 3, 2019. They have paid the uncontested portion of their rent, 2652.00 per month, pending the outcome of their petition.

The tenants were first given a RAP Notice on November 4, 2018. They live in a house; they dispute the designation as a single-family residence. When they moved

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The owner property response acknowledges that the owner had an unpermitted use of the second unit.

in, there was a unit in the back. Subsequently, they removed the stove from the other unit and applied for a permit to use it as a non-residential space. The stove is currently being stored in the basement. The tenant claims the owner will put it back in the unit when she lists the property for sale.

In 2018, the tenants in the rear unit moved. The back unit is unoccupied, but they do not have access to it.

The owner testified that she received the property as an inheritance in 2010. Her property is assessed as a single-family residence.<sup>2</sup> At the time she inherited the property, the back unit was occupied. In June 2018, she served a rent increase notice. The petitioners filed a petition with the Rent Adjustment Program. The owner retained counsel to respond to the petition. Subsequently, she became aware that the studio unit was impermissible, which was confirmed with the permit department.

After finding out that the space was permitted for an office, she returned the space to non-residential use and removed the stove.<sup>3</sup>

The owner testified that she does have the original permit for creating the office space but did not bring it to the hearing.

The tenants argued that they rented what was by all intents and purposes a rentcontrolled unit and that the owner's unilateral change to comply with the law was motivated by bad faith.

The property owner argued that by the removal of the illegal unit restored the single-family residence to its proper use and therefore restored its status as an exempt unit.

## April 22, 2019

The undersigned re-opened the hearing to determine if the second unit qualified as new construction under the ordinance. At the hearing, the tenant provided documentation from the City of Oakland, which established that there was a second structure on the property, which was a garage in the 1930s.<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Exhibit A, March Hearing. This Exhibit, and all other Exhibits to which reference is made in this Decision, were admitted into evidence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Exhibit 11, March Hearing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Exhibit A, April Hearing.

The tenant testified that there was no permit to convert the garage structure to an office. The records indicated that in 1993, the new amp circuits went out to the garage.<sup>5</sup>

#### FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

#### Exemption

<u>Costa-Hawkins</u>: The Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act<sup>6</sup> provides that a dwelling or unit which is separately alienable from any other dwelling or unit is exempt from local rent control, except under certain circumstances. The Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance specifically states that if a unit is covered under Costa-Hawkins, it is exempt from the Ordinance.<sup>7</sup>

#### Exceptions to the Application of Costa-Hawkins:

A single-family residence is exempt from local rent control laws unless one or more of the following situations applies:

- (1) The tenancy began before January 1, 1996
- (3) The prior tenant was evicted for no cause
- (4) The prior tenant vacated after being given a notice of rent increase
- (5) There were serious health, safety, fire or building code violations for which the owner was cited, and which were not corrected for six months before the start of the current tenancy.

The tenants' testimony that she initially rented a multi-unit property and that the tenant in the back unit moved out and that the owner has not allowed subsequent illegal residential use is credited. Accordingly, the subject unit has been restored to a single-family residence. Therefore, the house is exempt from the application of the Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance. Because the subject unit is exempt from the Ordinance, no other issues raised in the tenant petition can be addressed.

// //

<sup>5</sup> Exhibit B, April Hearing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Civil Code Section 1954.52(a)(3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> O.M.C. Section 8.22.030(A)(7)

#### **ORDER**

- 1. Petitions T18-0414 and T18-0472 are denied.
- 2. The subject unit is exempt from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance pursuant to Civil Code §1954.52(a)(3).
- 3. The unit is not exempt from payment of the Rent Adjustment Service fee.
- 4. A Certificate of Exemption for the subject unit will be issued when this Decision becomes final.

Right to Appeal: This decision is the final decision of the Rent Adjustment Program Staff. Either party may appeal this decision by filing a properly completed appeal using the form provided by the Rent Adjustment Program. The appeal must be received within twenty (20) calendar days after service of the decision. The date of service is shown on the attached Proof of Service. If the Rent Adjustment Office is closed on the last day to file, the appeal may be filed on the next business day.

Dated: May 31, 2019

Élar Consuella Lambert

Hearing Officer

Rent Adjustment Program

# PROOF OF SERVICE Case Number T18-0414

I am a resident of the State of California at least eighteen years of age. I am not a party to the Residential Rent Adjustment Program case listed above. I am employed in Alameda County, California. My business address is 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, 5th Floor, Oakland, California 94612.

Today, I served the attached documents listed below by placing a true copy in a City of Oakland mail collection receptacle for mailing on the below date at 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, 5th Floor, Oakland, California, addressed to:

**Documents Included** 

Hearing Decision

Owner

Sherry Zalabak 402 Vermont Avenue Berkeley, CA 94707

**Owner Representative** 

Alana Grice Conner, Fried & Williams LLP 1901 Harrison Street 14th Floor Oakland, CA 94612

Tenant

Chester Martin 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618

Tenant

Kristen Ponger 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618

I am readily familiar with the City of Oakland's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice an envelope placed in the mail collection receptacle described above would be deposited in the United States mail with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with first class postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on **June 07**, **2019** in Oakland, CA.

Brittni Lothlen

Oakland Rent Adjustment Program

# PROOF OF SERVICE Case Number T18-0472

I am a resident of the State of California at least eighteen years of age. I am not a party to the Residential Rent Adjustment Program case listed above. I am employed in Alameda County, California. My business address is 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, 5th Floor, Oakland, California 94612.

Today, I served the attached documents listed below by placing a true copy in a City of Oakland mail collection receptacle for mailing on the below date at 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, 5th Floor, Oakland, California, addressed to:

#### **Documents Included**

Hearing Decision

#### Owner

Sherry Zalabak 402 Vermont Avenue Berkeley, CA 94707

#### Owner Representative

Alana Grice Conner, Fried & Williams, LLP 1901 Harrison Street 14th Floor Oakland, CA 94612

#### Tenant

Chester Martin 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618

#### Tenant

Kristen Ponger 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618

I am readily familiar with the City of Oakland's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice an envelope placed in the mail collection receptacle described above would be deposited in the United States mail with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with first class postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on **June 07, 2019** in Oakland, CA.

Brittni Lothlen

Oakland Rent Adjustment Program

RECEIVED CITY OF CAKLAND ... RENT ARBITRATION PROCEASE



#### CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

250 Frank Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313 Oakland, CA 94612 (510) 238-3721 2019 JUN 2: 06

APPEAL

Appellant's Name		
Chester Martin & Kristen Pon	Owner Tenant	
Property Address (Include Unit Number)		
5553 Kales Ale Oakland CA 94618		
Appellant's Mailing Address (For receipt of notices)	Case Number	
SSS3 Keles Ave	118-0414; T18-0472	
Oakland, CA 94618	Date of Decision appealed 4,30.2019	
Name of Representative (if any)	Representative's Mailing Address (For notices)	

Please select your ground(s) for appeal from the list below. As part of the appeal, an explanation must be provided responding to each ground for which you are appealing. Each ground for appeal listed below includes directions as to what should be included in the explanation.

- 1) There are math/clerical errors that require the Hearing Decision to be updated. (Please clearly explain the math/clerical errors.)
- 2) Appealing the decision for one of the grounds below (required):
  - a) M The decision is inconsistent with OMC Chapter 8.22, Rent Board Regulations or prior decisions of the Board. (In your explanation, you must identify the Ordinance section, regulation or prior Board decision(s) and describe how the description is inconsistent.).

  - c) The decision raises a new policy issue that has not been decided by the Board. (In your explanation, you must provide a detailed statement of the issue and why the issue should be decided in your favor.).
  - d) The decision violates federal, state or local law. (In your explanation, you must provide a detailed statement as to what law is violated.)
  - e) The decision is not supported by substantial evidence. (In your explanation, you must explain why the decision is not supported by substantial evidence found in the case record.)

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

evider	as denied a sufficient opportunity to present my claim or respond to the petitioner's claim. (In explanation, you must describe how you were denied the chance to defend your claims and what ace you would have presented. Note that a hearing is not required in every case. Staff may issue a con without a hearing if sufficient facts to make the decision are not in dispute.)
wien y	decision denies the Owner a fair return on my investment. (You may appeal on this ground only our underlying petition was based on a fair return claim. You must specifically state why you have been a fair return and attach the calculations supporting your claim.)
h) 🗆 Oth	er. (In your explanation, you must attach a detailed explanation of your grounds for appeal.)
25 pages of submis Please number atta	e Board must not exceed 25 pages from each party, and they must be received by the Rent cam with a proof of service on opposing party within 15 days of filing the appeal. Only the first sions from each party will be considered by the Board, subject to Regulations 8.22.010(A)(5). sched pages consecutively. Number of pages attached:
I placed a copy o carrier, using a s	e a copy of your appeal on the opposing parties or your appeal may be dismissed. • enalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that on <u>Two 77</u> , 20 19 of this form, and all attached pages, in the United States mail or deposited it with a commercial service at least as expeditious as first class mail, with all postage or charges fully prepaid, in opposing party as follows:
Name	Sherry Zalabak
Address	Sherry Zalabak 402 Vermont Are
City. State Zip	Berkeley, CA 94707
Name	Alana Crice Conner
Address	Alana Crice Conner 1901 Harrison Street, 14th floor
City, State Zip	Cakland, CA 94612
·	
Mach SIGNATURE OF A	PPELLANT OF DESIGNATED DEPOSITION TO SERVE OF STATE OF ST

Chester Martin & Kristen Ponger 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618 June 27, 2019

Rent Adjustment Program (RAP) City of Oakland, CA Re: Appeal

#### Case Number(s):

T18-0414 T18-0472

#### Tenant(s):

Chester "Chase" Martin Kristen Ponger

#### Landlord:

Sherry Zalabak

Rental Property Address: 5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA 94618

#### Tenants Cause for Appeal:

We are appealing the decision on the following grounds:

- 1. (a) The decision is inconsistent with OMC Chapter 8.22.060
  - A. Notice at the Commencement of Tenancy
  - C. Failing to Give Notice
- 2. (c) The decision raises a new policy issue that has not been decided by the Board
- 3. (e) The decision is not supported by substantial evidence

#### **Key Points:**

# 1. (a) The decision is inconsistent with OMC Chapter 8.22.060:

As stated in Case T18-0414, Tenants never received notice of RAP at the commencement of our tenancy or 6 months prior to rent increase notice (OMC 8.22.060). The property was then being rented as a multi-unit property (confirmed by landlord). The first RAP notice was provided on November 4, 2018.

# 2. (c) The decision raises a new policy issue that has not been decided by the Board

- If an owner can remove an illegal unit from the rental market in order to restore their property's status to exempt for the purposes of evading OMC Chapter 8:22, so that the owner can then raise the remaining tenant's rent 70%, how does that foster the fair housing purpose of the program?

# 3. (e) The decision is not supported by substantial evidence:

- Hearing Decision Summary from March 5th hearing includes assessments contradictory to factual evidence filed in tenant petition
  - There is no evidence that the back unit was occupied when the owner inherited the property. No proof of occupancy was submitted for time prior to 2012
  - There is no evidence that the owner was unaware of the legal status of the back unit. The evidence shows the opposite. Owner claims that she had no knowledge of the legality of the unit until tenants filed a petition. As you can see in Exhibit H [attached] from T18-0414 petition, which is dated May 25th, 2018 discussion of the legality of the unit had been raised at this point. This had been discussed between landlord and tenant on many occasions.
  - There is no original permit for the "office", therefore the owner's application for a permit to "restore to office use" is invalid and the unit is still deemed a residential structure. Hearing officer accepted a verbal confirmation from the landlord who claimed to have permit at home. She accepted this as evidence despite the hard evidence provided by tenants proving there is no evidence or record of such permit. Records obtained from the City of Oakland.

#### In Summary

The landlord has strategically used certain tactics such as removal of the stove to evade rent control (The stove remains in the laundry room with the intention of reinstalling it to the back unit). This remains a bad faith rent increase and an attempt to force tenants out of the home. A single-family dwelling is not exempt and is considered a two-unit building if there is another residential structure on the same lot, regardless of the legality of the unit. Owners application for permit to "restore to office use" is invalid as there is no original permit. Therefore, the property remains as a two-unit property.

Grnail

Chase Martin

# Print Kales Ave. Fwd: Lease Expiration and Offer to Purchase

2 messages

Kristen Ponger To: Chase Martin

Mon, Jul 23, 2018 at 11:53 AM

Forwarded message -----

From: Chase Martin

Date: Fri, May 25, 2018 at 2:08 PM

Subject: Re: Lease Expiration and Offer to Purchase

To: Sherry Zalabak Cc: kristen Ponger

Hi Sherry,

We have been thinking about you guys and really hope that John is hanging in there. I am sure you all are doing everything you can to make the best out of a difficult situation. We are hoping for the best.

We appreciate you getting that stained leaf glass back to us, it was a gift with sentimental value to us. You can leave it in our mailbox anytime. The weed whacker you saw was the Black & Decker one that our neighbor loaned us, but the one we are missing is a nice (also orange) STIHL whacker that Ron gifted to me when we move into Kales, and it's still missing. Can you please follow up with Maco about this? Thank you!

As far as planning for the future, I know you are eager to know where we stand on the house. Kristen and I absolutely love the Kales house and have cared for it as if it was our own the past 3.5 years. We are very interested in our collective dream of a mutually-beneficial purchasing agreement between the four of us. With that said, we had our realtor evaluate the house and give us comps on updated/renovated 1Br/1Baths in our neighborhood, which we would be happy to share with you. Our realtor's professional review of 17 comps in the area shows a current fair market value of 750K.

Based on this, knowing the ins and outs of the house, recognizing that this would be a direct sale for you without realter and other fees, we would like to purchase the house "as is," without inspection at 750K. This is taking the current condition of the house into consideration, knowing that it needs major repairs, as well as the fact that the unit in the back is not legal and from a realter's point-of-view is considered a liability, rather than an asset. We cannot go higher than this and don't have room for negotiation. But, we are very flexible to alternative financing arrangements that we've spoken about before such as a down-payment then renting to buy.

Our baby is due to arrive on July 9th, and as you can imagine we are entirely focused on preparations for the birth. Of course, settling on an agreement for the Kales house is also a major priority. Our apologies for not getting back to you sooner regarding the termination of lease agreement you dropped off. We wanted to let you know that we don't plan on signing this, but will do our best to work with you through the details of buying Kales.

We look forward to hearing your thoughts on this. We'd be happy to meet in person to talk more specifically about the details.

All the best,

Chase & Kristen

+

On Thu, May 10, 2018 at 8:13 AM, Sherry Zalabak <sherZ@comcast.net> wrote: Hi Chase.

I assumed that the stained glass leaf was left by the tenant. Yes, I have it here and will return it. Re, the two garden tools you described——I did see them during our work days there and Maco did use your red rake but we did not take them. Did you look in the basement crawl space? When I went back to water the plants a week after Maco and I finished I saw the weed-wacker. It was sitting to the left of the crawl-space door in the laundry room. I remember this as

RECEIVED WITH OF BANKA WA

2020 JAN 14 PM 5: 42

Lisa Giampaoli, SBN 291234 Giampaoli Law 100 Pine Street, Suite 1250 San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: (415) 890-6529

Attorneys for Tenants/Appellants Chester Martin & Kristen Ponger

# OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT BOARD CITY OF OAKLAND

RE: 5553 Kales Ave.

CHESTER MARTIN & KRISTEN PONGER

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SHERRY ZALABAK,

Landlord-Respondent.

Consolidated petitions: T18-0414, T18-0472

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF APPEAL OF TENANT-APPELLANTS CHESTER "CHASE" MARTIN AND KRISTEN PONGER

Hearing Date: TBD

#### INTRODUCTION

Tenants appeal the dismissal of their petition for unlawful rent increase and the decision that the Subject Property was exempt from the RAP as a single family residence at the time the rent increase was noticed. Tenants contend that their unit did not qualify as a SFR because at the time they entered into the rental agreement for their unit, and throughout their tenancy, the Landlord was collecting rents for two separate dwelling units at the property pursuant to two separate rental agreements; Landlord never removed the rear cottages from use as living space; Landlord never provided Tenants with access to, or use of, the entirety of the property as SFR; and Landlord failed to provide any credible evidence that would lead a reasonable person to conclude

Landlord had permanently removed the rear cottages from use as a dwelling space. Tenants further contend Landlord's claim of exemption is nothing more than an attempt to evade the RAP and Just Cause for Eviction protections by raising the rent so high it would force Tenants to vacate, allowing the Landlord to sell the property vacant, as she had repeatedly told them she wanted to do. The issue at stake here is whether Landlord, based on nothing more than her own unreliable testimony, can unilaterally claim a SFR exemption from the RAP for a property that Landlord admits she has rented out as multiple units for years. The answer should be a resounding "no."

#### STATEMENT OF FACTS

5553 Kales Ave. ("Subject Property") is located in the Rockridge neighborhood. The property contains three structures: a Craftsman style cottage with one bedroom, living room, kitchen and bathroom; a rear studio cottage with a living area, bathroom, and kitchen; and a second ~100 sq. ft. rear cottage with hardwood floors, windows, a loft, baseboard heater and an interior locking deadbolt. (See: 3/5/19 Hearing Exh.1: Photos of interiors of rear cottages at 5553 Kales Ave.) In 2014 Tenant-Appellants ("Tenants") entered into a two year written rental agreement with Landlord-Respondent ("Landlord") for the one bedroom Craftsman cottage (hereinafter "subject premises") for a monthly rent of \$2600. (See: 3/5/19 Hearing Exh. 3: Rental Agreement between Sherry Zalabak and Chester Martin & Kristen Ponger.) At the time that Tenants entered into the agreement for the Subject Premises, the two rear cottages ("rear cottages"), were being rented as a single dwelling unit by Landlord to Leanne Fowlkes and Mike Devol, leading Tenants to understand and believe that the Subject Premises was part of multi-unit property protected by rent control. (3/5/19 RAP Hearing, Part 1: 23:30-23:47; 56:15- 56:23.) A 2% rent increase imposed on both units by Landlord in 2017 was in line with the allowable CPI and substantiated Tenants' belief that their unit was covered by the RAP. (3/5/19 RAP Hearing,

Part 1: 23:47-23:55.) Additionally, Tenants did not have use or access to the rear cottages and were not permitted to use the rear yard. (3/5/19 RAP Hearing, Part 1: 56: 56:34-56:40.) When

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<sup>1.</sup> Tenants offered the document as evidence in support of their petition at the March 5, 2019 hearing, but though there was no objection from Landlord, hearing officer Lambert did not enter the document into the record and provided no reason for failing to do so.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Tenants provided a copy of the 60 day notice in their petition/response, but hearing officer Lambert did not enter it into the record as an exhibit.

(3/5/19 RAP Hearing recording, Part 1: 27:56-28:00) (See also: 3/5/19 Hearing Exh. 1, p. 3, photo of stove in laundry room.) Shortly thereafter tenants received from Landlord a new 60 Day Notice of change in terms of tenancy increasing the rent from \$2652 to \$4500. The new notice was dated October 10, 2018, less than two weeks after the stove had been removed from the rear cottage. Tenants filed petition T18-0472 for unlawful rent increase. Landlord then filed a response contending that the Subject Premises was a single family residence exempt from the RAP under the state Costa Hawkins Act.

#### PROCEDURAL HISTORY

The first RAP hearing on Tenants' petitions was held March 5, 2019 with hearing officer Elan Consuela Lambert ("Lambert"). Tenants, Landlord and Landlord's counsel were present. Mike Devol, former tenant of the rear cottages initially attended with the intent to testify as a witness for Tenants, but had to leave before having the opportunity to do so.<sup>3</sup> Tenants did not have legal representation. Tenant Petitions T18-0414 and T18-0472 were based on two separate rent increase notices but only the second rent increase notice was still in effect at the time of the hearing.<sup>4</sup>

Lambert confirmed that Tenants were not served a RAP notice upon commencement of their tenancy. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 1: 17:19-7:29.) Tenants testified that Landlord rented the rear cottages separately from the subject premises throughout Tenants' possession of the subject premises, offering as evidence photos of the interiors of the rear cottages, a copy of a 2017 lease agreement for the rear cottages between Landlord and tenants Lindsey Byrd & Isabel Avellan, 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The March 5, 2019 Hearing Sign In Sheet is in the RAP record.

Both Tenant Petitions and Landlord responses included copies of the Rent Increase Notices, but for reasons unknown, they were not entered into the hearing record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See March 5, 2019 Hearing Exhibit 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See March 5, 2019 Hearing Exhibit 2.

<del>2</del>8 and communications from Landlord stating Tenants could rent out the rear cottages for income if they bought the subject property.<sup>7</sup> (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 1: 24:46-34:15.)

Tenants further testified that on February 28, 2018 the rear cottages became vacant and on March 28, 2018 Landlord sent them a letter stating they would have to move out because she wanted to sell the subject property. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 1: 39:27-40:11; 55:08.) When Tenants testified that they believed Landlord sought a 70% rent increase to force them out and sell the property vacant for maximum profit, Lambert asked Tenant if there was anything in the law that prevents that. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 1: 40:12.) Tenants testified that Landlord had repeatedly made it clear she wanted them out so she could sell the Property vacant, and that landlord had only removed the stove from the rear cottage in order to claim it was no longer a dwelling unit and therefore exempt from the RAP. Tenants further testified that the stove was still in the laundry room at the subject property and they believed she planned to simply put in back in the rear unit when it benefited her. (3/5/19 RAP Hearing, Part 1: 56:05- 57:15.) Tenants contended that Landlord's decision to stop renting out the rear cottages was an action over which they had no control and which should not change their status under the RAP.

Landlord freely admitted that she rented out the rear cottages for residential use from the time she inherited the Subject Property in 2010 until February 2018. (3/5/19 RAP Hearing recording, Part 2: 4:05-4:19.) Landlord, a long-time Bay Area property owner and landlord, alleged that she did not know that the rear cottages were not legal until after Tenants filed their first RAP petition (T18-0414). (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 6:55-7:09 and 13:17-13:32.) Landlord testified that upon learning that the rear cottages were illegal, she sought to remove them from use as dwelling units, offering as evidence a permit application worksheet she had filled out herself and allegedly submitted to the City of Oakland Planning and Building Department. (3/5/19

<sup>7</sup> See: March 5, 2019 Hearing Exhibit 9; also see March 5, 2019 Hearing Exhibit 5 located in the RAP file folder.

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Hearing, Part 2: 19:28-19:48.) The application worksheet identified the subject property as 2 existing residential units that Landlord was proposing to reduce to 1 unit, and states the purpose is to "return from habitable space to office space." (See: 3/5/19 Hearing Exh. 11: Zalabak Permit Application Worksheet.) Landlord testified that the rear cottage was permitted for use as an office and she had reverted it back to that use. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 19:37-19:49.) When Tenant asked Landlord if she had the original permit stating that rear unit was an office space, Landlord said she did, and then referred back to the Permit Application Worksheet she had filled out herself. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 19:58-20:03.) Lambert then referenced the repeated use of the term "returned" in Landlord's Permit Application Worksheet as evidence that the rear unit had been permitted for use as an office.8 (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 20:20-21:49.) When Tenant noted that the application had been filled out by the Landlord who was only surmising the unit had been permitted for use as an office, Lambert stated "No, [Landlord] testified that there was a permit for it to be an office originally." (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 21:44-21:56.) When Tenant again asked if the Landlord actually had the permit, Landlord's counsel stated Landlord was not responsible for pulling the permit, telling Tenant that if he wanted a copy of the permit, he could get it from the city. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 21:57-22:07.) Landlord then stated she did have the permit, but that she did not bring it to the hearing. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 22:07-22:10.)

Lambert later reiterated that "[the permit application worksheet] goes to show that [the rear cottage] is no longer a residential unit. It's an office space...it's officially with the city an office space." (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 30:19-30:32.) At no time did Lambert issue an order or otherwise require Landlord to provide a copy of the alleged office space permit.

Tenants argued that removing the stove from the rear cottage and placing it in the laundry room was not evidence that Landlord had removed the cottage from use as a dwelling unit, but simply a temporary step to evade rent control. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 1: 57:00-57:09.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> "Returned" as in reverted.

Landlord claimed that upon restoring the rear cottages to non-habitable space, they were no longer rentable units, and that allowing the continued rental of illegal units was against public policy because it would put tenants at risk. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 39:39-40:10.) Landlord admitted she had rented out the illegal cottages in violation of the law, but argued that by ceasing her illegal conduct, the property reverted back to a single family home. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 41:12-41:27.) Landlord went on to claim that the property was now being used as a single family home by Tenants, but did not provide any evidence that Tenants had access or use of the entire property. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 41:51-42:19.)

When Tenants argued that Landlord had temporarily stopped renting the rear unit solely to circumvent rent control and the Just Cause ordinance, Lambert told Tenants that Landlord's motivation for complying with the law was not at issue, saying violation of Just Cause was not a subject for the hearing. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 45:00-45:37.) Tenants reiterated that Landlord was well aware that the rear cottages were illegal for at least ten months and did not take any action to comply with the law until after Tenants filed their first petition at the RAP. (3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 46:50-47:16.)

At no time did Lambert require Landlord to provide any evidence other than Landlord's own testimony that Landlord had actually removed the rear cottages from residential use or that the rear cottages were permitted for use as an office.

On April 22, 2019, a "good cause" hearing took place at the order of Lambert to ascertain whether the subject property might be subject to a new construction exemption. (4/22/19 Hearing, 1:30-1:47.) Tenants submitted as evidence a 1940's parcel map they obtained from the Oakland Building Department which showed two structures existed on the Subject Property. (4/22/19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> I.e. suggesting that Tenants had been given use of the entire Subject Property, which was not the case.

Hearing, 3:15-3:38.) (See: 4/22/19 Hearing Exh. A- 1940's Parcel Map of the 5500 block of Kales Ave.) Tenants testified that they learned from the building records that the larger rear cottage had existed as a garage since the 1940's. (4/22/19 Hearing, 5:37-5:39.) Tenants further testified that they obtained from the Building Department the entire permit history for the Subject Property going back to the 1940's, and that there was no record of a permit to use the garage as an office space. (4/22/19 Hearing, 9:25-10:00.) Tenants submitted copies of all the building records as evidence. (See: 4/22/19 Hearing Exh. B- Building Records for 5553 Kales Ave. from 1940's to 2019.) Tenants pointed out that Landlord had testified under oath that she had a permit for use of the rear cottage as an office, but since no such permit existed, Landlord's credibility was at issue. (4/22/19 Hearing, 10:00-10:32.) Lambert and Landlord did not dispute the discrepancy, but Lambert said she did not know that the Landlord's [lying under oath] had any impact. (4/22/19 Hearing, 11:42-11:46.) When Tenant made another layman's attempt to put Landlord's credibility at issue, Lambert obfuscated on the topic, turning it into a personal joke without formally addressing Tenants' request for notice of Landlord's lack of credibility. (4/22/19 Hearing, 12:10-12:24.)

Landlord's counsel later stated several times the previous owner of the subject property was Landlord's brother and that it was the "brother" that created and initially rented out the rear cottages; Landlord's counsel offered to have Landlord testify in support of her claims. (4/22/19 Hearing, 17:56-18:32.) Lambert said the Landlord's testimony was not necessary. (4/22/19 Hearing, 19:00-19:10.) When Tenants then sought to have the Landlord state under oath that she was claiming the former owner of the property was Landlord's brother, Lambert would not allow Tenan to ask the Landlord the question. (4/22/19 Hearing, 21:45-21:59.) Tenants informed Lambert that the former owner was not the Landlord's brother, and when Lambert asked how Tenants knew that, Tenants provided a copy of the obituary of the former owner, Stephen Lage, which mentioned the names of family members, including sister Deborah Lage, but made no

mention of Sherry Zalabak. (4/22/19 Hearing, 22:06-22:20). Lambert acknowledged the obituary, but then asked Tenants why it mattered. (4/22/19 Hearing, 22:22-22:24). Tenants responded that it mattered because it showed Landlord had repeatedly lied and lacked all credibility. (4/22/19 Hearing, 2:24-22:46.) Lambert said she understood the argument Tenants were "attempting to make," but that there was nothing about Landlord's testimony that would contradict the "operative facts" of the case. (4/22/19 Hearing, 22:47-24:24). Lambert went on to state that the removal of the stove from the rear cottages was also not an operative fact but a detail used to show Landlord had removed the rear cottages from illegal use, not "the thing which allows [Landlord] to raise [Tenants'] rent." (4/22/19 Hearing, 31:10-31:43.) Lambert concluded the hearing with an explanation that the presence of a stove is not an operative fact for determination of a dwelling unit, but rather the residential use of a structure that mattered. (4/22/19 Hearing, 31:53-32:30.)

Lambert then proceeded to issue a decision based on Landlord's testimony that she had removed the rear cottages from residential use, despite the absolute lack of evidence from Landlord that she had done so, and despite the substantial evidence that Landlord had no compunction about providing false testimony under oath.

## I. THE RAP HAS JURISDICTION TO HEAR THE APPEAL

The final decision in the underlying petitions was served by mail on June 7, 2019. Appellants timely filed their appeal on June 27, 2019 pursuant to O.M.C. 8.22.120.

The RAP can and must consider this appeal because "[i]n general, a party must exhaust administrative remedies before resorting to the courts." (Coachella Valley Mosquito and Vector Control Dist. v. California Public Employment Relations Bd. (2005) 35 Cal.4th 1072, 1080.)

"[A]n administrative remedy is exhausted only upon 'termination of all available, nonduplicative

Though she acknowledged the information in the obituary, Lambert did **not** enter the obituary into the record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Thereby implying that Landlord's removal of the stove was not sufficient to remove the unit from residential use.

administrative review procedures." Id. (citing to California Correctional Peace Officers Assn. v. State Personnel Bd. (1995) 10 Cal.4th 1133, 1151.)

Here the RAP has issued a decision for which Tenants have ample grounds to appeal.

Tenants must exhaust all administrative remedies before resorting to the courts. Tenants must therefore be afforded the opportunity to exhaust all administrative remedies before filing a writ.

# A. Landlord's Arguments that the RAP Does Not Have Authority to Hear the Appeal are Moot.

Landlord argues that the Rent Adjustment Board does not have jurisdiction to hear this appeal because: 1) the Subject Property is a single family residence exempt from the RAP; and 2) Tenants have vacated the Subject Property. Both of these arguments fail.

Landlord's claim that the Rent Board lacks jurisdiction to hear an appeal of an exemption because the unit is exempt is ridiculously circular. More to the point, RAP regulation 8.22.030(C)(1)(c) specifically entitles Tenants to appeal a decision granting an exemption. While a SFR exemption pursuant to Costa Hawkins might make sense where the landlord represented, and the tenants believed, that the rental agreement was for a single family home, this is not that situation. Here the landlord, by her own admission, has profited for years from renting multiple units at the subject property. A property's legal designation as a single family residence does not create an unappealable blanket exemption where the landlord knowingly rented out the property as a multi-unit dwelling any more than a commercial space knowingly rented out by the landlord for residential use is automatically exempt and unappealable. (See *Wofsy v. Tenant* L12-0051; Also see *Rose v. Polanski*, T05-0233.)

As for moving out-Tenants could and would have maintained possession of the unit if they had not been faced with the risk of owing many months of a huge rent differential while waiting for the RAP hearings and decision. They filed their petition November 2018, and the decision was issued at the end of May 2019. Though they filed their appeal in June, they knew it would be

months before their appeal was heard, and they simply could not afford risking the possibility of owing a year or more of rent differential if they lost the appeal.

Tenants filed a timely appeal citing valid grounds while still in possession of the subject premises. Tenants should not be forced to choose between exercising their legal rights or risking a major financial burden as a result of scheduling matters outside their control. Tenants have done their due diligence and ask that the Rent Board do the same by hearing their appeal.

#### II. GROUNDS FOR APPEAL

Tenants submit their appeal pursuant to RAP Regulation 8.22.120(B)(3-5), and O.M.C. 8.22.030(B)(1)(B) (exemption based on fraud or mistake.)

# A. O.M.C. 8.22.120(B)(3) The Decision Raises a New Policy Issue That Has Not Previously Been Decided by the Board

The RAP acknowledged that this is a new issue not previously decided by the Board when it rescheduled the appeal hearing in this matter to have it heard by the full board. This issue is of significant importance to Oakland Tenants, as there are likely thousands of tenants living in properties recorded as single family homes but which actually have one or more illegal units.

The rental of illegal units is commonplace in the Bay Area, including Oakland. And the RAP, the Just Cause for Eviction ordinance, and the Tenant Protection Ordinance all recognize and provide protection for tenants living in illegal units, as evidenced by the definition of "covered units" under O.M.C. 8.22.020:

"Covered Unit" means any dwelling unit, including joint living and work quarters, and all housing services located in Oakland and used or occupied in consideration of payment of rent with the exception of those units designated in Section 8.22.030 A. as exempt."

Oakland Planning Code §17.09.040 defines "dwelling unit" as:

...a room or suite of rooms including only one kitchen, except as otherwise provided in Section 17.102.270, and designed or occupied as separate living quarters for one person or family; [reference to boarding house omitted.]

<del>-26</del>

A review of the exemptions under 8.22.030 makes no mention of illegal or unpermitted units. Yet when illegal units are located in a property recorded as a Single Family Property, such is the case here, all tenants in the property are at risk each time one unit becomes vacant, as the landlord can simply claim exemption under Costa Hawkins and impose a huge rent increase for the remaining tenants, which often results in pushing out the existing tenants, allowing the landlord to re-rent the units at new, market rents, or sell the property vacant. The failure to uphold the RAP in these situations gives landlords a loophole to circumvent both the RAP and Just Cause.

Recognizing this problem, San Francisco amended its planning code in 2016 to require a landlord to legalize an illegal dwelling unit whenever feasible.<sup>13</sup> The effect of the amendment has been to hold landlords accountable and protect tenants from losing their housing. San Francisco also amended its Tenant Harassment Ordinance in 2018 to include rent increases imposed in bad faith on tenants in units exempt from rent control but covered by the Just Cause Ordinance.<sup>14</sup>

That said, while these additional protections have not yet been enacted in Oakland, the present case need not rely on them because landlord has not provided substantial, or any, evidence that she has removed the rear cottages or ceased renting them out. In fact, when Tenants vacated the property, the rear studios appeared to be exactly the same as they had throughout Tenants' 5 year tenancy and there is no reason to believe Landlord did not simply re-rent the units once Tenants vacated.

#### B. O.M.C. 8.22.120(B)(4) The Decision Violates Federal, State, or Local Law

The Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance states: "[a]mong the purposes of this Chapter are providing relief to residential tenants in Oakland <u>by limiting rent increases for existing tenants</u>;" O.M.C. 8.22.010(C). Tenants rented a cottage in a multi-unit property. When Landlord decided not to re-rent the rear cottages, whatever her motive, it did not change Tenants status as "existing tenants." Nowhere in the RAP, or in the Costa Hawkins Act, is there a provision

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See San Francisco Planning Code §317.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See San Francisco Administrative Code §37.10A(i.)

allowing a Landlord to unilaterally change the status of an existing tenancy in order to claim an exemption where one did not previously exist. In fact, an attempt by a landlord to do just that was shot down by the California Court of Appeals in *Burien v. Wiley* (2014) 230 Cal. App. 4th 1039. In *Burien* a rent controlled apartment building was converted to condominiums and the owner then claimed that the property was exempt from rent control under Costa Hawkins, first as condominium, and when that failed, as new construction. In analyzing the legislative history of the Costa Hawkins Act, the Court noted the Act had been amended in 2002 specifically to close a loophole abused by landlords who had been applying for condo conversion permit simply to claim an exemption from rent control, and then never going through with the conversion. *Id.* at 1046-1047. The Court also found that the landlord's claim for new construction exemption based on the issuance of a new certificate of occupancy for a pre-existing unit did nothing to further the purpose for which the new construction exemption was created, i.e. to encourage the creation of new housing, and therefore landlord's request for exemption should be denied. *Id.* at 1049.

While the situation in the present case is distinguishable, the principle is the same- in order to claim an exemption, the purpose of the exemption should be met. Here it is not. The exemption for single family homes under both the Oakland RAP and Costa Hawkins was meant to preserve "mom and pop" investments, not to protect a landlord that rents out illegal units, and then when caught, uses the exemption to her advantage to impose a giant rent increase on the Tenants who caught her.

Similarly, in *DaVinci Group v. SF Rent Board* (1992) 5 Cal.App. 4<sup>th</sup> 24, landlord sought a new construction exemption for a building that had been tenant occupied prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy. The court affirmed a decision of the Rent Board denying the landlord's petition to exempt his property from the Rent Ordinance, stating that the Ordinance's "explicit mandate is to protect tenants, especially from excessive rent increases"

(citing Fox v. San Francisco Rent etc. Bd. (1985) 169 Cal. App.3d at p. 656) to such an extent that a policy which removes such protection from tenants already in occupancy is contraindicated. Id. at 31. While this case is also distinguishable in that it deals with a new construction exemption rather than an exemption for a single family residence, the basic tenet applies- tenants already in place and protected by rent control ordinances should not be divested of such protections by a landlord's unilateral decision to claim a new status for the property. In citing to the rent board decision they upheld, the Court reiterated: "To permit landlords to rent out illegal units but to avoid the obligations imposed by the Ordinance is contrary to the purpose and intent of the Ordinance." Id. at 31. This could not be more true than in the present case where Landlord has rented out an illegal unit for 8 or more years, and now when confronted with her wrongdoing, seeks to have protections for tenants removed so that she can profit further; an exemption under these circumstances "is contrary to the purpose and intent of the Ordinance."

# C. O.M.C. 8.22.120(B)(5) The Decision is Not Supported by Substantial Evidence

Hearing decisions must be supported by substantial evidence. (RAP Hearing Officer Policies and Procedures Manual, p. 7.) "Substantial evidence means that the evidence must be of ponderable legal significance...It must be reasonable in nature, credible, and of solid value; it must actually be substantial proof of the essentials that the law requires in a particular case." *Id.* paraphrasing *In Re Alcala*, 222 Cal. App. 3d 345.

Landlord provided no evidence of ponderable legal significance to support her contention that she has ceased renting the rear cottages for residential use. The only documentation Landlord offered as evidence was a permit application she had filled out herself, in which she claimed she planned to revert the rear cottage to its "legal use" as an office. Having filled it out herself, the application was self-serving and of no solid value or legal significance.

- 14 -

<sup>15</sup> The application also only claims to revert a single structure, though Landlord has been renting out both rear cottages for residential use.

Landlord's only other evidence was her testimony, which, as Tenants demonstrated with records from the building department, was not in the least bit credible. Tenants also provided tangible evidence to show that Landlord lied about her relationship to the former owner, evidence which the hearing officer then failed to enter into the record. While Landlord's relationship with the former owner may not have substantive relevance to the matter at hand, the fact that Landlord lied about the relationship is relevant to show she lacks credibility.

And finally, hearing officer herself stated that the absence of a stove was not determinative of residential use of a unit, <sup>18</sup>therefore the mere fact that Landlord placed the stove from the rear cottage in the laundry room of the Subject Property is no more persuasive of Landlord's intent to cease residential use of the rear cottages than it is of her intent to simply place it back in the cottages, as Tenants have argued.

Landlord's lack of documentary evidence of legal significance or solid value coupled with her false testimony would lead a reasonable person to conclude that Landlord lacked credibility, making it unreasonable for the hearing officer to accept as true Landlord's testimony that she had removed the rear cottages from residential use.

With nothing but unreliable testimony to support her position, Landlord has failed to provide any substantial evidence that would lead a reasonable person to believe she had permanently ceased renting out the rear cottages for residential use.

D. O.M.C. 8.22.120(B)(6) The Hearing Officer Made a Procedural Error That Denied Tenants Sufficient Opportunity to Adequately Respond to the Opposing Party.

The hearing officer failed to give Tenants the opportunity to impeach Landlord with her false testimony despite Tenants' repeated protestations about Landlord's false statements made

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See: 4/22/19 Hearing, Exh. B- Building Records for 5553 Kales Ave. from 1940's to 2019; and 4/22/19 Hearing: 9:25-10:00.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> 4/22/19 Hearing, 22:06-22:20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> 4/22/19 Hearing, 31:53-32:30

<sup>21</sup> 4/22/19 Hearing, 22:06-22:24

under oath. Hearing officer then made a decision that relied almost entirely on Landlord's unreliable testimony.

Hearing officer also permitted Landlord to submit as evidence a permit application

Landlord had filled out herself, though Tenants attempted to object to the submission by pointing out the application proved nothing other than Landlord had filled out a form.

When Tenants sought to show that Landlord did not possess the permit she alleged she had, hearing officer stated Landlord's testimony was sufficient to prove she had the permit and did not require Landlord to produce it. <sup>19</sup> When Tenants later showed no permit existed, hearing officer said existence of the permit was not material to the case, though hearing officer had repeatedly referred to the permit application as evidence that Landlord had removed the rear cottages from residential use. <sup>20</sup> When Tenants provided the obituary of former property owner Stephen Lage to impeach Landlord on her claim that Mr. Lage was her brother, hearing officer acknowledged on the record that she was reviewing something from Tenant, but never stated what she was reviewing and never entered the obituary into the record. <sup>21</sup>

No matter what the Landlord said, hearing officer justified it. When Tenants tried to impeach Landlord and demonstrate she lacked credibility, their attempts were ignored, dismissed or denied.

The RAP is meant to make to make the system more accessible to Oakland residents that do not have the means to obtain legal counsel. Tenants, who have no legal experience and were not represented by counsel, did their best to have their laymen's objections acknowledged and demonstrate Landlord lacked credibility. But instead of acknowledging and allowing Tenants' objections and impeachment examination, hearing officer instead lectured them on legal

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> 3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 21:57-22:10.
 <sup>20</sup> 3/5/19 Hearing, Part 2: 20:20-21:49

terminology while ignoring the substance of Tenants' arguments. In doing so, hearing officer denied Tenants sufficient opportunity to respond to opposing party

#### E. O.M.C. 8.22.030(B)(1)(b) (exemption based on fraud or mistake.)

Tenants submit that the Landlord's claim for exemption was based on fraud. Landlord claimed that the rear cottages were not legal or habitable, and therefore she had removed them from residential use. However, after Tenants moved out, Landlord advertised the Subject Property for rent. In the ads (listed on numerous websites), she referred to the rear cottages as "outside bedrooms" and a "guest retreat." While this may constitute "new evidence," the fact that Landlord claimed she had removed the units from use as dwelling space, and then subsequently advertised the cottages as dwelling space is evidence that the Landlord lied in the hearing when she said she had removed the rear cottages from residential use.

Tenants have the right to contest the exemption based on Fraud or Mistake after the fact. (Sherman v. Michelsen T16-0258.) Here it is only logical that post facto evidence be provided, as Landlord was clearly not going to rent out the rear cottages before the RAP decision was issued, as doing so would jeopardize her case.

#### **CONCLUSION**

Pursuant to the foregoing, there is no basis for a finding the subject property was exempt from the RAP while Tenants were still in possession. For the reasons above, Tenants respectfully request that Landlord's request for exemption from the Rent Adjustment Program be denied and Tenant Petitioners' petitions for unlawful rent increases be granted or remanded for further consideration.

Dated: January 13, 2020

Gjampaolj Law

LISA GIAMPAÒLI

Attorney for Tenants/Petitioners

RECEIVED CITY OF OAKLAND ... RENT ARBITRATION PROGRAM



# CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

250 Frank Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313 Oakland, CA 94612 (510) 238-3721 2019 at 1 PM 2: 06

APPEAL

Appellant's Name	<del></del>
Property Address (Include Unit Number)	Owner Fenant
Appellant's Mailing Address (For receipt of notices)	
SJS3 Kales Ave	Case Number 18-0414; 118-0472
Oakland, CA 94618	Date of Decision appealed 4.30.2019
Name of Representative (if any)	Representative's Mailing Address (For notices)

Please select your ground(s) for appeal from the list below. As part of the appeal, an explanation must be provided responding to each ground for which you are appealing. Each ground for appeal listed below includes directions as to what should be included in the explanation.

- 1) There are math/clerical errors that require the Hearing Decision to be updated. (Please clearly explain the math/clerical errors.)
- 2) Appealing the decision for one of the grounds below (required):
  - a) The decision is inconsistent with OMC Chapter 8.22, Rent Board Regulations or prior decisions of the Board. (In your explanation, you must identify the Ordinance section, regulation or prior Board decision(s) and describe how the description is inconsistent.).
  - b) 
    ☐ The decision is inconsistent with decisions issued by other Hearing Officers. (In your explanation, you must identify the prior inconsistent decision and explain how the decision is inconsistent.)
  - c) The decision raises a new policy issue that has not been decided by the Board. (In your explanation, you must provide a detailed statement of the issue and why the issue should be decided in your favor.).

  - e) The decision is not supported by substantial evidence. (In your explanation, you must explain why the decision is not supported by substantial evidence found in the case record.)

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

f)	☐ I was denied a sufficient opportunity to present my claim or respond to the petitioner's claim. (In your explanation, you must describe how you were denied the chance to defend your claims and what evidence you would have presented. Note that a hearing is not required in every case. Staff may issue a decision without a hearing if sufficient facts to the last of the control of
	decision without a hearing if sufficient facts to make the decision are not in dispute.)
	☐ The decision denies the Owner a fair return on my investment. (You may appeal on this ground only when your underlying petition was based on a fair return claim. You must specifically state why you have been denied a fair return and attach the calculations supporting your claim.)
h)	$\Box$ <b>Other.</b> (In your explanation, you must attach a detailed explanation of your grounds for appeal.)
25 pages of	s to the Board must not exceed 25 pages from each party, and they must be received by the Rent to Program with a proof of service on opposing party within 15 days of filing the appeal. Only the first submissions from each party will be considered by the Board, subject to Regulations 8.22.010(A)(5). See attached pages consecutively. Number of pages attached:
I placed a carrier, us	t serve a copy of your appeal on the opposing parties or your appeal may be dismissed. • under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that on \( \subseteq \frac{77}{2} \), 20 \( \frac{19}{2} \) copy of this form, and all attached pages, in the United States mail or deposited it with a commercial ing a service at least as expeditious as first class mail, with all postage or charges fully prepaid, to each opposing party as follows:
<u>Name</u>	Sherry Zalabak
Address	402 Vermont Are
City, State	Sherry Zalabak 402 Vermont Ale Zip Berkebey, CA 94707
Name	
Address	Alana Crice Conner 1901 Harrison Street, 14th floor
City, State	Zip Cakland, CA 94612
Ma	6.27.2019
PAGINATUR	E OF APPELLANT OF DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE DATE

Chester Martin & Kristen Ponger 5553 Kales Avenue Oakland, CA 94618 June 27, 2019

Rent Adjustment Program (RAP) City of Oakland, CA Re: Appeal

## Case Number(s):

T18-0414 T18-0472

### Tenant(s):

Chester "Chase" Martin Kristen Ponger

#### Landlord:

Sherry Zalabak

Rental Property Address: 5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA 94618

## **Tenants Cause for Appeal:**

We are appealing the decision on the following grounds:

- 1. (a) The decision is inconsistent with OMC Chapter 8.22.060
  - A. Notice at the Commencement of Tenancy
  - C. Failing to Give Notice
- 2. (c) The decision raises a new policy issue that has not been decided by the Board
- 3. (e) The decision is not supported by substantial evidence

## **Key Points:**

# 1. (a) The decision is inconsistent with OMC Chapter 8.22.060:

As stated in Case T18-0414, Tenants never received notice of RAP at the commencement of our tenancy or 6 months prior to rent increase notice (OMC 8.22.060). The property was then being rented as a multi-unit property (confirmed by landlord). The first RAP notice was provided on November 4, 2018.

## 2. (c) The decision raises a new policy issue that has not been decided by the Board

- If an owner can remove an illegal unit from the rental market in order to restore their property's status to exempt for the purposes of evading OMC Chapter 8.22, so that the owner can then raise the remaining tenant's rent 70%, how does that foster the fair housing purpose of the program?

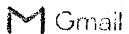
## 3. (e) The decision is not supported by substantial evidence:

- Hearing Decision Summary from March 5th hearing includes assessments contradictory to factual evidence filed in tenant petition
  - There is no evidence that the back unit was occupied when the owner inherited the property. No proof of occupancy was submitted for time prior to 2012
  - There is no evidence that the owner was unaware of the legal status of the back unit. The evidence shows the opposite. Owner claims that she had no knowledge of the legality of the unit until tenants filed a petition. As you can see in Exhibit H [attached] from T18-0414 petition, which is dated May 25th, 2018 discussion of the legality of the unit had been raised at this point. This had been discussed between landlord and tenant on many occasions.
  - There is no original permit for the "office", therefore the owner's application for a permit to "restore to office use" is invalid and the unit is still deemed a residential structure. Hearing officer accepted a verbal confirmation from the landlord who claimed to have permit at home. She accepted this as evidence despite the hard evidence provided by tenants proving there is no evidence or record of such permit. Records obtained from the City of Oakland.

## In Summary

The landlord has strategically used certain tactics such as removal of the stove to evade rent control (The stove remains in the laundry room with the intention of reinstalling it to the back unit). This remains a bad faith rent increase and an attempt to force tenants out of the home. A single-family dwelling is not exempt and is considered a two-unit building if there is another residential structure on the same lot, regardless of the legality of the unit. Owners application for permit to "restore to office use" is invalid as there is no original permit. Therefore, the property remains as a two-unit property.





Chase Martin <chasemartin5@gmall.com>

## Print Kales Ave. Fwd: Lease Expiration and Offer to Purchase

2 messages

Kristen Ponger ·
To: Chase Martin ·

Mon, Jul 23; 2018 at 11:53 AM

----- Forwarded massage

From: Chase Martin

Date: Fri, May 25, 2018 at 2:08 PM

Subject: Re: Lease Expiration and Offer to Purchase

To: Sherry Zalabak · Cc: kristen Ponger --

Hi Sherry,

We have been thinking about you guys and really hope that John is hanging in there. I am sure you all are doing everything you can to make the best out of a difficult situation. We are hoping for the best.

We appreciate you getting that stained leaf glass back to us, it was a gift with sentimental value to us. You can leave it in our mailbox anytime. The weed whacker you saw was the Black & Decker one that our neighbor loaned us, but the one we are missing is a nice (also orange) STIHL whacker that Ron gifted to me when we move into Kales, and it's still missing. Can you please follow up with Maco about this? Thank you!

As far as planning for the future, I know you are eager to know where we stand on the house. Kristen and I absolutely love the Kales house and have cared for it as if it was our own the past 3.5 years. We are very interested in our collective dream of a mutually-beneficial purchasing agreement between the four of us. With that said, we had our realtor evaluate the house and give us comps on updated/renovated 1Br/1Baths in our neighborhood, which we would be happy to share with you. Our realtor's professional review of 17 comps in the area shows a current fair market value of 750K.

Based on this, knowing the ins and outs of the house, recognizing that this would be a direct sale for you without realtor and other fees, we would like to purchase the house "as is," without inspection at 750K. This is taking the current condition of the house into consideration, knowing that it needs major repairs, as well as the fact that the unit in the back is not legal and from a realtor's point-of-view is considered a liability, rather than an asset. We cannot go higher than this and don't have room for negotiation. But, we are very flexible to alternative financing arrangements that we've spoken about before such as a down-payment then renting to buy.

Our baby is due to arrive on July 9th, and as you can imagine we are entirely focused on preparations for the birth. Of course, settling on an agreement for the Kales house is also a major priority. Our apologies for not getting back to you sooner regarding the termination of lease agreement you dropped off. We wanted to let you know that we don't plan on signing this, but will do our best to work with you through the details of buying Kales.

We look forward to hearing your thoughts on this. We'd be happy to meet in person to talk more specifically about the details.

All the best.

Chase & Kristen

+

On Thu, May 10, 2018 at 8:13 AM, Sherry Zalabak <sherZ@comcast.net> wrote: Hi Chase,

I assumed that the stained glass leaf was left by the tenant. Yes, I have it here and will return it. Re, the two garden tools you described——I did see them during our work days there and Maco did use your red rake but we did not take them. Did you look in the basement crawl space? When I went back to water the plants a week after Maco and I finished I saw the weed-wacker. It was sitting to the left of the crawl-space door in the laundry room. I remember this as



## CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

÷·	For date stamp.
	SET ARSHEYS LEDGELLY
	2018 DEC -5 PH 4: 24
	PROPERTY OWNER
	RESPONSE

Telephone:

<u>Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can.</u> Failure to provide needed information may result in your response being rejected or delayed.

Complete Address (with zip code)

## **CASE NUMBER T** 18-0414

Your Name

Sherry Zalabak	402 Vermont Avenue	
	Berkeley, CA 94707	171
		Email:
Your Representative's Name (if any)	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Alana Grice Conner Fried & Williams LLP	1901 Harrison Street, 14th Floor	(510) 625-0100
The & Williams LLP	Oakland, CA 94612	Email:
		aconner@friedwilliams.com
Tenant(s) Name(s)	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Chester "Chase" Martin	5553 Kales Avenue	
Kristen Ponger	Oakland, CA 94618	
		Email:
Description of the second of t		
Property Address (If the property has mo	ore than one address, list all addresses)	Total number of units on
5553 Kales Avenue, Oakland, CA 94	618	property
		Single Family Residence
The property owner must have a current	usiness License? Yes 🖾 No 🗆 Lic. at Oakland Business License. If it is not curtent Adjustment proceeding. Please provid	rent an Owner Petition or
The property owner must be current on	ent Program Service Fee (\$68 per unit)? payment of the RAP Service Fee. If the fee a Rent Adjustment proceeding. Please prov	e is not current, an Owner Petition
Date on which you acquired the bui	lding: 10/07/10.	
Is there more than one street addres	s on the parcel? Yes □ No ☒.	
	Condominium/ Apartment, room, or live	-work

I. JUSTIFICATION FOR RENT INCREASE You must check the appropriate justification(s) box for each increase greater than the Annual CPI adjustment contested in the tenant(s) petition. For the detailed text of these justifications, see Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22 and the Rent

Board Regulations. You can get additional information and copies of the Ordinance and Regulations from the Rent Program office in person or by phoning (510) 238-3721.

You must prove the contested rent increase is justified. For each justification checked on the following table, you must attach organized documentary evidence demonstrating your entitlement; 24 to the increase. This documentation may include cancelled checks, receipts, and invoices. Undocumented expenses, except certain maintenance, repair, legal, accounting and management expenses, will not usually be allowed.

Date of Contested Increase	Banking (deferred annual increases)	Increased Housing Service Costs	Capital Improvements	Uninsured Repair Costs	Debt Service	Fair Return
						П

If you are justifying additional contested increases, please attach a separate sheet.

II. RENT HISTORY If you contest the Rent History stated on the Tenant Petition, state the correct information in this section. If you leave this section blank, the rent history on the tenant's petition will be considered correct

The tenant moved into the rental unit on November 24, 2014
The tenant's initial rent including all services provided was: \$_2,600.00 / month.
Have you (or a previous Owner) given the City of Oakland's form entitled "NOTICE TO TENANTS OF RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM" ("RAP Notice") to all of the petitioning tenants? Yes X No Yes I don't know
If yes, on what date was the Notice first given? October 10, 2018 but unit is exempt
Is the tenant current on the rent? Yes X No
Begin with the most recent rent and work backwards. If you need more space please attach another sheet

Date Notice Given	Date Increase Effective	Rent	Increased	Did you provide the "RAP				
(mo./day/year)	Differive	From	То	NOTICE" with the notice of rent increase?				
10/10/18	12/15/18	\$ 2,652.00	\$ 4,500.00	ĭ Yes □ No				
12/1/16	1/1/17	\$ 2,600.00	\$ 2,652.00	□ Yes 🛚 No				
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No				
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No				
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No				

#### III. EXEMPTION

If you claim that your property is exempt from Rent Adjustment (Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22), please check one or more of the grounds:

2018 DEC -5 PM 4: 24

The unit is a single family residence or condominium exempted by the Costa Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50, et seq.). If claiming exemption under Costa-Hawkins, please answer the following questions on a separate sheet:

- 1. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice to quit (Civil Code Section 1946)?
- 2. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice of rent increase (Civil Code Section 827)?

3. Was the prior tenant evicted for cause?

4. Are there any outstanding violations of building housing, fire or safety codes in the unit or building?

5. Is the unit a single family dwelling or condominium that can be sold separately?

6. Did the petitioning tenant have roommates when he/she moved in?

7. If the unit is a condominium, did you purchase it? If so: 1) from whom? 2) Did you purchase the entire building?

	The rent for the unit is controlled, regulated or subsidized	by	a governmental	unit,	agency	or
authorit	y other than the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance.					

Li 1.11	e unit wa	s newly constructed	and a certific	sate or occupant	cy was issued	TOP IT ON	OL HITCL
January 1,	1983.			•			

	On	the	day	the	petition	was	filed,	the	tenant	petitioner	Was	a	resident	of a	motel,	hotel,	or,
boardi	ng bo	)USC	less	tha	a 30 day:	S.							i				

	The subject unit is in a building	that was	rchabilitated	at a cost	of 50%	or more	of the	average
basic co	est of new construction.							

	The	unit is	an	accomm	odation	in a	a hos	pital,	conven	t, mon	astery,	extend	ed e	are	facility,
conval	escen	t home,	no	n-profit	home f	or a	ged,	or do	cmitory	owned	and of	perated b	y an	edu	icational
institut	ion.	•													

The unit is located in a building with three or fewer units. The owner occupies one of the units continuously as his or her principal residence and has done so for at least one year.

## IV. DECREASED HOUSING SERVICES

If the petition filed by your tenant claims Decreased Housing Services, state your position regarding the tenant's claim(s) of decreased housing services. If you need more space attach a separate sheet. Submit any documents, photographs or other tangible evidence that supports your position.

## V. VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that all statements made in this Response are true and that all of the documents attached hereto are true copies of the originals.

Property Owner's Signature

Date

3

## Landlord Narrative

The Tenants' petition must be dismissed because the Rent Adjustment Program doesn't have jurisdiction. The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code §1954.50 et seq.). See Attachment A, Property Assessment Information. Furthermore, the Tenants' petition is incomplete because the Tenants failed to sign the verification under penalty of perjury which is required. Nonetheless, if the hearing officer seeks to further review the petition, Landlord responds as follows:

To address the issues raised by Tenant in section I. Grounds for Petition, Landlord responds as follows:

- (b) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The CPI Adjustment does not apply to the rental unit.
- (c) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The property owner is not required to receive approval from the Rent Adjustment Program for the contested rent increase.
- (d) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The property owner is not required to provide the Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP Notice) form.
- (e) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The property owner is not required to provide the Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP Notice) form.
- (k) The rental unit is exempt from rent control because it is a single-family residence exempted by the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50). The limit for rent increases over 30% over a 5-year period does not apply to the rental unit.
  - (i) This exemption is based on a State law and there is no fraud or mistake.



#### ATTACHMENT

DNLINE SERVICES

Assessor's Office | Treasurer-Tax Collector | New Query

PROPERTY ASSESSMENT INFORMATION

2018 - 2019 Assessment Information						
■ Parcel Number:	48A-7043-40					
Assessor's Map: (Map image is not to scale)	Map Disclaimer					
■ <u>Use Code:</u>	1100					
■ Description	Single family residential homes used as :					
<b>■</b> Land	\$152,004.00					
■ Improvements	\$354,677.00					
<b>■</b> Fixtures	0					
Household Personal Property	0					
Business Personal Property	0					
Total Taxable Value	\$506,681.00					
E	xemptions					
<b>■</b> Homeowner	0					
<b>■</b> Other	0					
Total Net Taxable Value	\$506,681.00					

## Additional Assessment Information | Property Tax Information

Adobe Acrobat Reader is required to view the maps. Click here to download.

Alameda County © 2018 • All Rights Reserved • Legal / Disclaimers • Accessibility

I hereby declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information contained herein is to the best of my knowledge, true and complete. Signed:

Renew & Pay online @ HTTPS://LTSS.OAKLANDNET.COM

Phone:

Date:

Skip to main content

**Check Details** 

2018 DEC -5 PM 4: 24

**Check Number** 

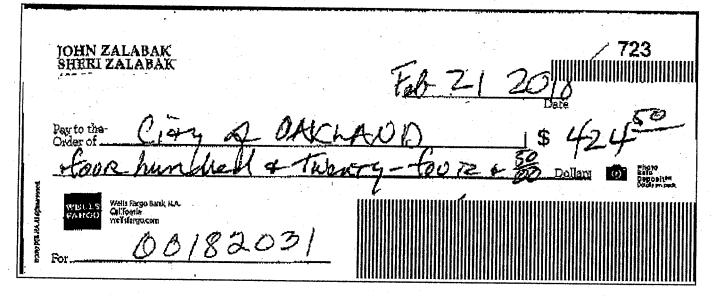
**Date Posted** 

**Check Amount** 

723

02/23/18

\$424.50



For your security, information like account numbers, signatures, and the ability to view the backs of checks have been removed from the images.

You can see full or partial fronts and backs of the images by using the link at the top of the window.

Skip to main content Check Details

2010 DEC -5 PM 4: 24

**Check Number** 

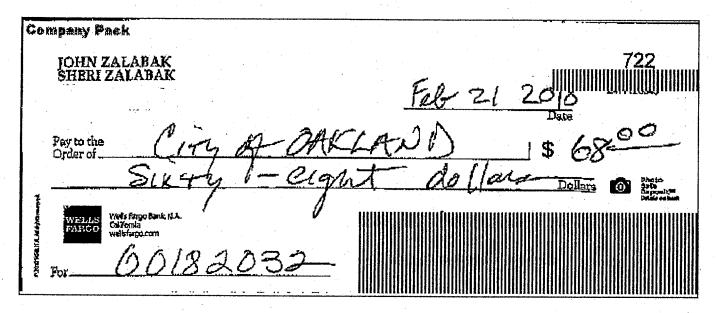
722

**Date Posted** 

02/26/18

**Check Amount** 

\$68.00



For your security, information like account numbers, signatures, and the ability to view the backs of checks have been removed from the images.

You can see full or partial fronts and backs of the images by using the link at the top of the window.

## I. Justification for Rent Increase

RENT ARBITRATION

2010 DEC -5 PN 4: 24

Date of Contested Rent Increase: 10/10/18 effective 12/15/18 Justification: Single Family Home exemption

### III. Exemption Attachment

- 1. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice to quit (Civil Code Section 1946)? **No**
- 2. Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice of rent increase (Civil Code Section 827)?

No

3. Was the prior tenant evicted for cause?

No

4. Are there any outstanding violations of building housing, fire or safety codes in the unit or building?

No

- 5. Is the unit a single family dwelling or condominium that can be sold separately? **Yes**
- 6. Did the petitioning tenant have roommates when he/she moved in?
  No
- 7. If the unit is a condominium, did you purchase it? No
  If so: 1) from whom? N/A 2) Did you purchase the entire building? N/A

T18.0414 Re/EL



## CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

Transfer			
roi as	ite stamp.		
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**TENANT PETITION** 

<u>Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can</u>. Failure to provide needed information may result in your petition being rejected or delayed.

Please print legibly	<u> </u>		
Your Name	Rental	Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
CHECTER IIOLIAGEILAA	4		Co
CHESTER "CHASE" MA		3 KALES AVENUE	
KRISTEN PONGER	OAK	(LAND, CA 94618	E-mail:
Your Representative's Name	Mailin	g Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
•		B	reicphone.
•			
			Email:
	- 1		
Property Owner(s) name(s)	Mailing	g Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
		3 · Ladross (With Exp code)	Telephone:
		•	·
SHERRY ZALABAK	402 V	ERMONT AVENUE	F
· · ·		ELEY, CA 94707	Email:
		, 0, 0, 0, 0,	
Property Manager or Managemer	rt Co Mailine	g Address (with zip code)	m 1 1
(if applicable)	it Co. Maning	Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
(ii applicable)	,		
•		•	
•			Email:
Number of units on the proper  Type of unit you rent (check one)	ty: 2	☐ Condominium	☐ Apartment, Room, or Live-Work
Are you current on	84		Live-work
your rent? (check one)	Yes	□ No	
your rent: (check one)			
If you are not current on your rent, plyour unit.)	lease explain. (If you	are legally withholding rent state	what, if any, habitability violations exist in
	* ************************************		
<u>I. GROUNDS FOR P</u> ETI	TION: Check a	Il that apply. You must check	k at least one box. For all of the
grounds for a petition see OM	C 8.22 070 and 0	OMC 8 22 000 I (Wa) and	test one or more rent increases on
one or more of the following	arounder	2.1.2 0.22.070. I ( vv e) cont	icsi one or more tent increases on
one of more of the following	gi ouitus:	•	
(a) The CDI1/1 1			
(a) The CPI and/or banked	rent increase not	ice I was given was calculate	ed incorrectly.
(b) The increase(s) exceed(	s) the CPI Adjus	tment and is (are) unjust fied	or is (are) greater than 10%
(c) I received a rent increas	se notice before t	the property owner received a	annroyal from the Pent Adjustment
Flogram for such an increase	se and the rent in	acrease exceeds the CPI Adju	istment and the available banked
rent increase.	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		

×	contesting. (Only for increases noticed after July 26, 2000.)
×	(e) The property owner did not give me the required form "Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program" at least 6 months before the effective date of the rent increase(s).
	(f) The rent increase notice(s) was (were) not given to me in compliance with State law.
_	(g) The increase I am contesting is the second increase in my rent in a 12-month period.
	(h) There is a current health, safety, fire, or building code violation in my unit, or there are serious problems with the conditions in the unit because the owner failed to do requested repair and maintenance. (Complete Section III on following page)
	(i) The owner is providing me with fewer housing services than I received previously or is charging me for services originally paid by the owner. (OMC 8.22.070(F): A decrease in housing services is considered an increase in rent. A tenant may petition for a rent adjustment based on a decrease in housing services.)
Ŀ	(Complete Section III on following page)
	(j) My rent was not reduced after a prior rent increase period for a Capital Improvement had expired.
×	begins with rent increases noticed on or after August 1 2014)
X	(1) I wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake. (OMC 8.22, Article I)
	(m) The owner did not give me a summary of the justification(s) for the increase despite my written request.
	(n) The rent was raised illegally after the unit was vacated as set forth under OMC 8 22 080

# **II. RENTAL HISTORY:** (You must complete this section)

Date you moved into the Unit: NOV. 24, 2014 Initial Rent:	\$2,600 /month
When did the owner first provide you with the RAP NOTICE, a written N existence of the Rent Adjustment Program? Date: Never	OTICE TO TENANTS of the . If never provided, enter "Never."
Is your rent subsidized or controlled by any government agency, including	HUD (Section 8)? Yes No

List all rent increases that you want to challenge. Begin with the most recent and work backwards. If you need additional space, please attach another sheet. If you never received the RAP Notice you can contest all past increases. You must check "Yes" next to each increase that you are challenging.

Date you . received the notice	Date increase goes into effect (mo/day/year)	Monthly re	nt increase	Are you Contesting this Increase in this	Did You Receive a Rent Program		
(mo/day/year)~		From To		Petition?*	Notice With the Notice Of Increase?		
00/03/18	08/01/18	\$2,652	\$ 4,500	¥ Yes ∟ No	_Yes <b>X</b> No		
12/1/16	1/1/17	\$2,600	\$ 2,652	⊔ Yes 🗙 No	_ Yes <b>X</b> No		
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No	_ Yes □ No		
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No	Yes □ No		
		\$	\$	⊔ Yes _ No	_Yes □ No		

	otice of increase or from the first date you received writen (whichever is later) to contest a rent increase. (Other ent increase you are contesting but have received 2.8.22.090 A 3)	
Have you ever filed a petition for this  Yes No	rental unit?	
List case number(s) of all Petition(s) y	you have ever filed for this rental unit and all other re	elevant Petitions:
rent increase for problems in your unit complete this section.  Are you being charged for services original and the section of the services or in the section of the services or in the section.	EASED OR INADEQUATE HOUSING SERVICES are considered an increase in rent. If you on the course the owner has taken away a housing services are considered an increase in rent. If you can be cause the owner has taken away a housing service in the course of	1-1 1 0 1
Have you lost services originally provi- Are you claiming any serious problem	ided by the owner or have the conditions changed? (s) with the condition of your rental unit? e above, or if you checked box (h) or (i) on page	□ Yes No □ Yes No
4) how you calculate the dollar velease attach documentary evidence in You have the option to have a City inspection.	em(s) began or the date you began paying for the of the problem(s); and value of lost service(s) or problem(s)	
IV. VERIFICATION: The tenant	must sign:	
I declare under penalty of perjury pu in this petition is true and that all of t originals.	rsuant to the laws of the State of California that the documents attached to the petition are true co	everything I said pies of the
Tenant's Signature	Date	
Rev. 7/31/17 For more	information phone (510) 238-3721.	3

V. MEDIATION AVAILABLE: Mediation is an entirely voluntary process to assist you in reaching an agreement with the owner. If both parties agree, you have the option to mediate your complaints before a hearing is held. If the parties do not reach an agreement in mediation, your case will go to a formal hearing before a different Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer.

You may choose to have the mediation conducted by a Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer or select an outside mediator. Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officers conduct mediation sessions free of charge. If you and the owner agree to an outside mediator, please call (510) 238-3721 to make arrangements. Any fees charged by an outside mediator for mediation of rent disputes will be the responsibility of the parties requesting the use of their services.

Mediation will be scheduled only if both parties agree (after both your petition and the owner's response have been filed with the Rent Adjustment Program). The Rent Adjustment Program will not schedule a mediation session if the owner does not file a response to the petition. Rent Board Regulation 8.22.100.A.

If you want to schedule your case for mediation, sign below.

I agree to have my ca	ase mediated b	y a Rent Adjustment	Program :	Staff Hearing	Officer (no charge).
$(/M_{0})$	1_	* -		0.101.00	

Tenant's Signature

8 2 18 Date

## **VI. IMPORTANT INFORMATION:**

### Time to File

This form must be received at the offices of the Rent Adjustment Program ("RAP") within the time limit for filing a petition set out in the Rent Adjustment Ordinance (Oakland Municipal Code, Chapter 8.22). RAP staff cannot grant an extension of time by phone to file your petition. Ways to Submit. Mail to: Oakland Rent Adjustment Program, P.O. Box 70243, Oakland, CA 94612; In person: Date stamp and deposit in Rent Adjustment Drop-Box, Housing Assistance Center, Dalziel Building, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, 6th Floor, Oakland; RAP Online Petitioning System: http://rapwp.oaklandnet.com/petition-forms/. For more information, please call: (510) 238-3721.

## File Review

Your property owner(s) will be required to file a response to this petition with the Rent Adjustment office within 35 days of notification by the Rent Adjustment Program. When it is received, the RAP office will send you a copy of the Property Owner's Response form. Any attachments or supporting documentation from the owner will be available for review in the RAP office by appointment. To schedule a file review, please call the Rent Adjustment Program office at (510) 238-3721. If you filed your petition at the RAP Online Petitioning System, the owner may use the online system to submit the owner response and attachments, which would be accessible there for your review.

## VII. HOW DID YOU LEARN ABOUT THE RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM?

X	Printed form provided by the owner Pamphlet distributed by the Rent Adjustment Program Legal services or community organization	
<u> </u>	Sign on bus or bus shelter  Rent Adjustment Program web site  Other (describe):	

Rev. 7/31/17

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

August 3, 2018

Rent Adjustment Program (RAP) City of Oakland, CA Re: Tenant Petition

To Whom it May Concern:

Chester "Chase" Martin & Kristen Ponger, "Tenants" Sherry Zalabak, "Landlord" Rental Property Address: 5553 Kales Ave, Oakland, CA 94618

On June 5th, 2018 Landlord dropped off "Sixty Day Notice of Change in Terms of Tenancy" [Attachment A] raising tenants' rent 70% from \$2,652/month to \$4,500/month as of August 5th, 2018. Landlord's behavior has been erratic and contradictory over the past 6 months, and no justification for the rent increase has been provided. Tenants Martin & Ponger are choosing to proactively contest the increase via this petition on the following grounds.

- 1. Increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is greater than 10% without RAP approval
- 2. Tenants have never received notice of RAP
- 3. Wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud

### **Key Points:**

- 5553 Kales Avenue is publicly listed as a Single-Family Residence, but has been rented
  as a duplex with two separate units since before current tenants Kristen & Chase signed
  a lease for front 1-BR unit in 2014 [Attachment B]
- Tenants entered lease for front unit in November 2014; no RAP notice provided [Attachment C]
  - a. Previous tenants were Holly and Steve
- Since 2014, the back unit has had two different sets of tenants paying rent under own respective leases
  - a. Mike and LeAnne Devol (maiden name Fowlkes); \$1,100/month
  - b. Lindsay Byrd and Isabel Avellan [Attachment D]; \$1,400/month
- Landlord raised both front & rear units' respective rents by 2% in January 2017 with no RAP notice [Attachment E]
- On March 28, 2018 Landlord states that tenants must vacate the property by July 1, 2018, so that she can make improvements to prepare for sale [Attachment F]
- On April 25, 2018, Landlord urged tenants repeatedly to sign agreement to terminate lease [Attachment G], misrepresenting document as "extension of tenancy" [Attachment H]

- Tenants do not have access to back unit but it is currently vacant. Landlord has told tenants as recently as July 2018 that they are restricted from back unit and yard, as those are a separate unit.
- Tenants have always paid rent on time, cared for the property, maintained and performed minor upgrades and repairs at their own financial expense. Landlord stated in February 2018 that Martin & Ponger were "the best tenants she's ever had"

## Glossary of Attachments:

Tenants are providing the following attached documentation outlining our historical rental agreement and series of events that led to this petition.

- Attachment A: Sixty-Day Notice of Change in Terms of Tenancy (Rent Increase)
- Attachment B: E-mail to back unit tenants announcing vacancy in front unit
- Attachment C: Martin & Ponger Lease Agreement
- Attachment D: Byrd & Avellan Lease Agreement
- Attachment E: Increase in rent for both units without RAP Notice, Jan. 2017
- Attachment F: Landlord states tenants must leave property to prepare for s
- ale
- Attachment G: Landlord-Tenant Agreement to Terminate Lease
- Attachment H: Urging tenants to vacate and sign lease termination, misrepresenting document as an "extension"
- Attachment J: Offer of sale-of-property with Landlord's description of secondary unit

## Background:

In February 2018, landlords of the 5553 Kales Avenue rental property, Sherry and John Zalabak, invited the tenants, Chase Martin & Kristen Ponger, over to their home in the Berkeley Hills to discuss the potential purchase of their Kales Ave rental property. The property at 5553 Kales includes two separate units: the 1-BR front house that Kristen & Chase have rented since November 2014, and the rear standalone studio cottage which the landlord refers to as a "Golden Duplex".

After tenants shared the news with the landlords that they were expecting their first child in July, both parties left the February meeting in agreement that there was no rush to action necessary and to reconvene in the Fall of 2018 to discuss further.

On Sunday, March 25th at 9am Landlord Sherry showed up to tenant's home unannounced to with a realtor friend named Julie Durkee. Landlord proceeded to barge into the house for an impromptu appraisal of the front unit, while accosting the tenants with questions on whether they were interested in buying another house down the street to move-in before baby arrives on July 9.

On March 27th, Tenants (Kristen & Chase) received an email and physical note from landlord (Sherry) apologizing for her unannounced visit the previous weekend. E-mail stated that circumstances had changed in respect to her husband's health, and tenants must vacate the unit by July 1, 2018 [Attachment F] in order to prepare the property for sale. Alternatively, landlord gave the tenants 30 days to make an offer to purchase the property. Landlord stated that tenants must make an offer or move out by July 1st.

On March 28th, Tenants Kristen & Chase replied to Landlord's email confirming interest in purchasing the property, but could not make an offer without the landlord first providing an asking price. Tenants also requested that landlord would reconsider the July 1st vacancy timeline since their baby was due that week.

On March 29th, Landlord dropped off a handwritten note [Attachment J] offering the property "as is" for \$1.3M through a private sale. At this point tenants took it upon themselves to contact a real estate agent to conduct a comparable evaluation of the property who also referred tenants to a lawyer, Jean Shrem.

On April 25th, Landlord begins to repeatedly urge tenants to sign a "Landlord-Tenant Agreement to Terminate Lease" document [Attachment G] without cause. Landlord misrepresents this as an "extension" [Attachment H] of lease and her offer of sale.

On May 25th, Tenants email Landlord with a purchase offer while giving notice of their refusal to sign "Termination of Lease" document.

On June 5th, 2018 Landlord shows up unannounced to drop off "Sixty Day Notice of Change in Terms of Tenancy" [Attachment A], raising tenants rent 70%, from \$2,652 to \$4,500 effective August 5, 2018. Tenant Chase Martin was present at the time and approached Landlord Sherry to discuss the legality of the notice, but was rebuffed by the landlord. Tenant verbally informed Landlord of intention to file with Rent Board if issue could not be resolved amicably in private, but as of August 1st no reply received from Landlord.

# SIXTY DAY NOTICE OF CHANGE IN TERMS OF TENANCY

[Civil Code Section 827]

TO:

CHASE MARTIN, KRISTEN PONGER,

and all other persons claiming a right to possession of the premises described below

PREMISES

5553 Kales Avenue

Oakland, CA 94618

(hereinafter the "Subject Premises.")

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that 60 days following service of this Notice on you, the terms of your tenancy for the Subject Premises will be changed, pursuant to California Civil Code Section 827, as follows:

## NEW MONTLHY RENT SHALL BE:

This new monthly rent represents the fair market rental value of the premises. Your new monthly rent shall be due and payable as of August 5, 2018.

Please continue to make your monthly rent payments to your Landlord according to the terms of your lease agreement.

Dated: 6/5/2018 Men Zalabak, Landlord

Too Kusten of Chase, Warch 28, 2018.

I'm NOT SURE if you got thin e-main
So Im lewing here on the door.

Shenyelle.

HI Kristen and Chase.

I'm sorry if I created any upset on Saturday as the timing of our ongoing discussions was

We always planned to give you as much time as you needed to evaluate buying Kales. Recent events have changed our time line.

John's health is forcing us to make some unintended and difficult choices. I know that both of our lives are in a period of drastic change, both good and bad (just like real life). We would love for you to have the house. Just knowing that folks we like are there is comforting to me.

The upsetting reality is that we will need to prepare the house for sale by July 1/18. As you can imagine I am emotionally attached to Kales and the neighborhood, as I know you are, which is why I thought you might want to see the other Kales house. I was there to verify comps, as a comp on the same street is the ideal comp. Julie Durkee contacted me late Friday night when she found about comp. But in retrospect I realize that my inviting you guys may have been upsetting and I apologize.

Let's see if we can work something out among us. Please get back to me within 30 days with an offer or let me know if you are not going to pursue one by then; April 27th, 2018.

I am trying to give you as much lead time as possible but need to let you know that I will need to have the house empty by July 1, 2018.

Please feel free to call me or e-mail me anytime with your questions.

Fondly, Sherry Zalabak

P

Tenants must leave property per landlord: to prepare for Sale of house

Landlord-Tenant Agreement (	o ferminate coast
- Landlord: Sherry ZALATBAK +	Softw Calaba and
Tenant: CHOSTER CHASE "Martin W	NO KRISTEN FONGE I
agree that the lease they entered into for the time period of	remper 24, 2014,
to Navember 24 , 2015 for premises	at 5553 KALES AVE.
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA	94618
will terminate on November 1 2018	
Additional conditions for cancellation of heade: TONANTS	; HAVE The OPTION
To purchase property and	OWNER-FINANCE
WILL be Considered FUNTIL.	June 1 2018) (6/1/15-15)
To purchase property and wice be considered funtil.  Shey Talakat	· / /////
Jandord's signature	Ang. 75 70100
Caridiorus signature	Date 25 2018
SHERRY ZALABAK	
	<del></del>
	( <del>)</del>
Tenant 1's signature	Date
	Date
Print name	
enant 2's signature	
	Date
rint name	
A Marin Magazia	
man 2/ I	
nant 3's signature	Date
nt name	

## CHRONOLOGICAL CASE REPORT

Case No.:

T18-0018

Case Name:

Sund v Vernon Street Apartments

Property Address:

633 Alma Ave., #5, Oakland, CA

Parties:

Jessica Sund

(Tenant)

Paul Kranz

(Attorney for Tenant)

Kim Rohrbach Greg McConnell

(Paralegal for Petitioner) (Owner Representative)

JR McConnell Don MacRitchie

(Owner Representative) (Witness for Owner)

Ursula Morales

(Property Manager) Jessica Vernaglia (Property Supervisor) Dave Wasserman (Owner Representative)

Lucky Stewart

(Agent for Owner)

## TENANT APPEAL:

**Activity** 

Date

Tenant Petition filed

November 29, 2017

Owner Response filed

April 2, 2018

Hearing Decision mailed

December 20, 2018

Tenant Appeal filed

January 9, 2019

Tenant filed Brief in Support of Appeal

January 24, 2019

Attorney for Tenant filed "Notice of Errata" And Amended Submission in Support of Appeal of Hearing Officer's Decision"

January 29, 2019

# T18.0018 RUMA



# CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

For	date	stamp.

**TENANT PETITION** 

<u>Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can</u>. Failure to provide needed information may result in your petition being rejected or delayed.

Please print legibly	٠.		
Your Name Jessica Sund		Address (with zip code) Alma Avenue, #5	Telephone:
	Oak	kland, CA 94610	E-mail:
Your Representative's Name Paul Kranz		g Address (with zip code) San Gabriel Avenue	Telephone:
		ny CA 94706	Email:
Property Owner(s) name(s) Vernon Street Apartments, L aka Flynn Family Holdings, LLC	.P C/O 1717	g Address (with zip code) Russell B. Flynn Powell Street, Suite 3 Francisco, CA 94133	Telephone:  Email:
Property Manager or Management Co (if applicable) Ursula Morales, Resident Manager	633	g Address (with zip code) Alma Avenue and, CA 94619	Telephone:  Email:
Number of units on the property:	18	Thomas Preston,	Property Supervisor; 41
Type of unit you rent (check one)	House	☐ Condominium	Apartment, Room, or Live-Work
Are you current on your rent? (check one)	Yes	□ No	
If you are not current on your rest places	ovenloin (Tf		and the second of the second o

If you are not current on your rent, please explain. (If you are legally withholding rent state what, if any, habitability violations exist in your unit.)

<u>I. GROUNDS FOR PETITION</u>: Check all that apply. You must check at least one box. For all of the grounds for a petition see OMC 8.22.070 and OMC 8.22.090. I (We) contest one or more rent increases on one or more of the following grounds:

- ( -	١,	'I'ha (	וטי	000/00	hamluad		:			•				
	11	3 116 7	<i>ا</i> ۲ ا	A H (1/() F	ояпкеа	rent	Incres	CA NATIC	ים ודדום	CONTRACT	33100	alculate	d inaa-	****

Rev. 7/31/17

<sup>(</sup>b) The increase(s) exceed(s) the CPI Adjustment and is (are) unjustified or is (are) greater than 10%.

<sup>(</sup>c) I received a rent increase notice before the property owner received approval from the Rent Adjustment Program for such an increase and the rent increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and the available banked rent increase.

(d) No written notice of Rent Program was given to me together with the notice of increase(s) I am
contesting. (Only for increases noticed after July 26, 2000.)
(e) The property owner did not give me the required form "Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program" at least
6 months before the effective date of the rent increase(s).
(f) The rent increase notice(s) was (were) not given to me in compliance with State law.
(g) The increase I am contesting is the second increase in my rent in a 12-month period.
(h) There is a current health, safety, fire, or building code violation in my unit, or there are serious problems with the conditions in the unit because the owner failed to do requested repair and maintenance. (Complete Section III on following page)
(i) The owner is providing me with fewer housing services than I received previously or is charging me for services originally paid by the owner. (OMC 8.22.070(F): A decrease in housing services is considered an increase in rent. A tenant may petition for a rent adjustment based on a decrease in housing services.) (Complete Section III on following page)

(j) My rent was not reduced after a prior rent increase period for a Capital Improvement had expired.

(k) The proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years. (The 5-year period begins with rent increases noticed on or after August 1, 2014).

(1) I wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake. (OMC 8.22, Article I) Unit is not exempt under Costa-Hawkins\*

(m) The owner did not give me a summary of the justification(s) for the increase despite my written request.

(n) The rent was raised illegally after the unit was vacated as set forth under OMC 8.22.080.

## II. RENTAL HISTORY: (You must complete this section)

Date you moved into the Unit:	7/10/08		_ Initial Rent: S	895.00	/mont
When did the owner first provide existence of the Rent Adjustme	le you with the not Program? D	RAP NOT	ICE, a written N ater than	OTICE TO TE If never provi	NANTS of the ided, enter "Never."
Is your rent subsidized or control	olled by any gov	2014 zernment a	1-2015 or there gency, including	eabout HUD (Section	8)? Yes No

List all rent increases that you want to challenge. Begin with the most recent and work backwards. If you need additional space, please attach another sheet. If you never received the RAP Notice you can contest all past increases. You must check "Yes" next to each increase that you are challenging.

Date you received the notice (mo/day/year)	Date increase goes into effect (mo/day/year)	Monthly rent From	increase To	Are you C this Increa Petiti	ase in this	Did You I Rent Pr Notice V Notice	rogram Vith the e Of
On or about	12/1/17	\$ 908.67	\$ 2095.00	Yes	□ No	Yes	□ No
9/6/17		\$	\$	□ Yes	□ No	□ Yes	□ No
		\$	\$	□ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No
	·	\$	\$	□ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No
		\$	\$	□ Yes	□No	☐ Yes	□No
		\$	\$ .	□ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No .

<sup>\*</sup> See Notice of Change to Terms of Tenancy (Attachment 1)

* You have 90 days from the date of notice of increase or from the first date you received writexistence of the Rent Adjustment program (whichever is later) to contest a rent increase. (O.I. you did not receive a <i>RAP Notice</i> with the rent increase you are contesting but have received in have 120 days to file a petition. (O.M.C. 8.22,090 A 3)	M.C. 8.22.09	0 A 2) If
Have you ever filed a petition for this rental unit?		
Yes No	•	,
List case number(s) of all Petition(s) you have ever filed for this rental unit and all other re	levent Petit	ione:
2.55 and Manager (5) of all 1 cition (5) you have ever fried for this femal with and all other fe	icvant i cit	ions.
III. DESCRIPTION OF DECREASED OR INADEQUATE HOUSING SERV	<u> ICES</u> :	
Decreased or inadequate housing services are considered an increase in rent. If you c rent increase for problems in your unit, or because the owner has taken away a housing ser complete this section.		
Are you being charged for services originally paid by the owner?	□ Yes	□No
Have you lost services originally provided by the owner or have the conditions changed? Are you claiming any serious problem(s) with the condition of your rental unit?	☐ Yes	□′No □ No
following:  1) a list of the lost housing service(s) or problem(s);  2) the date the loss(es) or problem(s) began or the date you began paying for the  3) when you notified the owner of the problem(s); and  4) how you calculate the dollar value of lost service(s) or problem(s).  Please attach documentary evidence if available.		
You have the option to have a City inspector come to your unit and inspect for any code viappointment, call the City of Oakland, Code of Compliance Unit at (510) 238-3381.	olation. To	make an
IV. VERIFICATION: The tenant must sign:		•
I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that in this petition is true and that all of the documents attached to the petition are true coriginals.	everything opies of the	; I said
X74nd 11/29/17		
Tenant's Signature Date		
	<b></b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Rev. 7/31/17 For more information phone (510) 238-3721.		3
		~

V. MEDIATION AVAILABLE: Mediation is an entirely voluntary process to assist you in reaching an agreement with the owner. If both parties agree, you have the option to mediate your complaints before a hearing is held. If the parties do not reach an agreement in mediation, your case will go to a formal hearing before a different Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer.

You may choose to have the mediation conducted by a Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer or select an outside mediator. Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officers conduct mediation sessions free of charge. If you and the owner agree to an outside mediator, please call (510) 238-3721 to make arrangements. Any fees charged by an outside mediator for mediation of rent disputes will be the responsibility of the parties requesting the use of their services.

Mediation will be scheduled only if both parties agree (after both your petition and the owner's response have been filed with the Rent Adjustment Program). The Rent Adjustment Program will not schedule a mediation session if the owner does not file a response to the petition. Rent Board Regulation 8.22.100.A.

If you want to schedule your case for mediation, sign below.

I agree to have m	ny case mediated by a Re	nt Adjustme	nt Progran	n Staff Hearing C	Officer (no charge).	
<u> </u>						
Tenant's	Signature			Date	<del></del>	

### **VI. IMPORTANT INFORMATION:**

#### Time to File

This form must be received at the offices of the Rent Adjustment Program ("RAP") within the time limit for filing a petition set out in the Rent Adjustment Ordinance (Oakland Municipal Code, Chapter 8.22). RAP staff cannot grant an extension of time by phone to file your petition. Ways to Submit. Mail to: Oakland Rent Adjustment Program, P.O. Box 70243, Oakland, CA 94612; In person: Date stamp and deposit in Rent Adjustment Drop-Box, Housing Assistance Center, Dalziel Building, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, 6th Floor, Oakland; RAP Online Petitioning System: <a href="http://rapwp.oaklandnet.com/petition-forms/">http://rapwp.oaklandnet.com/petition-forms/</a>. For more information, please call: (510) 238-3721.

#### File Review

Your property owner(s) will be required to file a response to this petition with the Rent Adjustment office within 35 days of notification by the Rent Adjustment Program. When it is received, the RAP office will send you a copy of the Property Owner's Response form. Any attachments or supporting documentation from the owner will be available for review in the RAP office by appointment. To schedule a file review, please call the Rent Adjustment Program office at (510) 238-3721. If you filed your petition at the RAP Online Petitioning System, the owner may use the online system to submit the owner response and attachments, which would be accessible there for your review.

## VII. HOW DID YOU LEARN ABOUT THE RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM?

<b>V</b>	Printed form provided by the owner	
	Pamphlet distributed by the Rent Adjustment Program	
	Legal services or community organization	
	Sign on bus or bus shelter	
	Rent Adjustment Program web site	
	Other (describe):	



## CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

For date stamp. NECEIVER	l Mary Mark	
2010 APR -2 PM	կ։ (	4

PROPERTY OWNER RESPONSE

Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can. Failure to provide needed information may result in your response being rejected or delayed.

## CASE NUMBER T 18-0018

Your Name	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Lucky Stewart Ursula Morales Alma Apartments, LP	1717 Powell St. #300 San Francisco, CA 94133	Email:
Your Representative's Name (if any)	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Gregory McConnell JR McConnell The McConnell Group	300 Frank Ogawa Plaza #460 Oakland, CA 94607	Email:
Tenant(s) Name(s)	Complete Address (with zip code)	
Jessica Sund	633 Alma Ave. #5 Oakland, CA 94610	
Property Address (If the property has me 633 Alma Ave., Oakland, CA 946		Total number of units on property 18
The property owner must have a curre Response may not be considered in a leave you paid the current year's Responser owner must be current or	ent Program Service Fee (\$68 per unit)? a payment of the RAP Service Fee. If the fee a Rent Adjustment proceeding. Please prov	ent, an Owner Petition or expression of payment.  * Documentation will be submitted prior to hearing Yes X No APN: 23-467-5  is not current, an Owner Petition
Date on which you acquired the bu		bootimoration will be destricted prior to hearing
Is there more than one street addre	ss on the parcel? Yes □ No ☒.	
Type of unit (Circle One): House /	Condominium Apartment, loom, or live	-work
box for each increase greater tha	NT INCREASE You must check the n the Annual CPI adjustment conteste iffications, see Oakland Municipal Cod	ed in the tenant(s) petition.

For more information phone (510)-238-3721.

Board Regulations. You can get additional information and copies of the Ordinance and Regulations from the Rent Program office in person or by phoning (510) 238-3721.

You must prove the contested rent increase is justified. For each justification checked on the following table, you must attach organized documentary evidence demonstrating your entitlement to the increase. This documentation may include cancelled checks, receipts, and invoices. Undocumented expenses, except certain maintenance, repair, legal, accounting and management expenses, will not usually be allowed.

Date of Contested Increase	Banking (deferred annual increases)	Increased Housing Service Costs	Capital Improvements	Uninsured Repair Costs	Debt Service	Fair Return
12/1/17	** 🗆				П	
						,

\*\* Costa - Hawkins Please see attachment
If you are justifying additional contested increases, please attach a separate sheet.

II. RENT HISTORY If you contest the Rent History stated on the Tenant Petition, state the correct information in this section. If you leave this section blank, the rent history on the tenant's petition will be considered correct

The tenant moved into the rental unit on			•
The tenant's initial rent including all services provided was: \$	/ montl	n.	
Have you (or a previous Owner) given the City of Oakland's for	rm entitled "NOTICE	TO TEN	ANTS OF
RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM" ("RAP N Yes No I don't know			
RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM" ("RAP N			

Date Notice Given	Date Increase Effective	Ren	t Increased	Did you provide the "RAF NOTICE" with the notice	
(mo./day/year)		From	To	of rent increase?	
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No	
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No	
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No	
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No	
		\$	\$	☐ Yes ☐ No	

## III. EXEMPTION

If you claim that your property is exempt from Rent Adjustment (Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22), please check one or more of the grounds:
The unit is a single family residence or condominium exempted by the Costa Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50, et seq.). If claiming exemption under Costa-Hawkins, please answer the following questions on a separate sheet:
<ol> <li>Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice to quit (Civil Code Section 1946)?</li> <li>Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice of rent increase (Civil Code Section 827)?</li> <li>Was the prior tenant evicted for cause?</li> <li>Are there any outstanding violations of building housing, fire or safety codes in the unit or building?</li> <li>Is the unit a single family dwelling or condominium that can be sold separately?</li> <li>Did the petitioning tenant have roommates when he/she moved in?</li> <li>If the unit is a condominium, did you purchase it? If so: 1) from whom? 2) Did you purchase the entire building?</li> </ol>
The rent for the unit is <b>controlled</b> , <b>regulated or subsidized</b> by a governmental unit, agency or authority other than the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance.
The unit was <b>newly constructed</b> and a certificate of occupancy was issued for it on or after January 1, 1983.
On the day the petition was filed, the tenant petitioner was a resident of a motel, hotel, or boarding house less than 30 days.
The subject unit is in a building that was <b>rehabilitated</b> at a cost of 50% or more of the average basic cost of new construction.
The unit is an accommodation in a hospital, convent, monastery, extended care facility, convalescent home, non-profit home for aged, or dormitory owned and operated by an educational institution.
The unit is located in a building with three or fewer units. The owner occupies one of the units continuously as his or her principal residence and has done so for at least one year.
IV. DECREASED HOUSING SERVICES
If the petition filed by your tenant claims <b>Decreased Housing Services</b> , state your position regarding the tenant's claim(s) of decreased housing services. If you need more space attach a separate sheet. Submit any documents, photographs or other tangible evidence that supports your position.
V. VERIFICATION
I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that all statements made in this Response are true and that all of the documents attached hereto are true copies of the originals.
4/2/18
Property Owner's Signature Date

3

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

#### Time to File

This form <u>must be received</u> by the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP), P.O. Box 70243, Oakland, CA 94612-0243, within 35 days after a copy of the tenant petition was mailed to you. Timely mailing as shown by a postmark does not suffice. The date of mailing is shown on the Proof of Service attached to the response documents mailed to you. If the RAP office is closed on the last day to file, the time to file is extended to the next day the office is open.

You can date-stamp and drop your Response in the Rent Adjustment drop box at the Housing Assistance Center. The Housing Assistance Center is open Monday through Friday, except holidays, from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

## File Review

You should have received a copy of the petition (and claim of decreased housing services) filed by your tenant. When the RAP Online Petitioning System is available, you will be able to view the response and attachments by logging in and accessing your case files. If you would like to review the attachments in person, please call the Rent Adjustment Program office at (510) 238-3721 to make an appointment.

### **Mediation Program**

Mediation is an entirely voluntary process to assist you in reaching an agreement with your tenant. In mediation, the parties discuss the situation with someone not involved in the dispute, discuss the relative strengths and weaknesses of the parties' case, and consider their needs in the situation. Your tenant may have agreed to mediate his/her complaints by signing the mediation section in the copy of the petition mailed to you. If the tenant signed for mediation and if you also agree to mediation, a mediation session will be scheduled before the hearing with a RAP staff member trained in mediation.

If the tenant did not sign for mediation, you may want to discuss that option with them. You and your tenant may agree to have your case mediated at any time before the hearing by submitted a written request signed by both of you. If you and the tenant agree to a non-staff mediator, please call (510) 238-3721 to make arrangements. Any fees charged by a non-staff mediator are the responsibility of the parties that participate. You may bring a friend, representative or attorney to the mediation session. Mediation will be scheduled only if both parties agree and after your response has been filed with the RAP.

# If you want to schedule your case for mediation and the tenant has already agreed to mediation on their petition, sign below.

I agree to have my case mediated by a Rent Adjustment Program Staff member at no charge.

Property Owner's Signature

Date

4

# T18-0018 Sund v. Vernon St. Apartments (Alma Apartments, LP) Attachment A

The owner contests the tenant petition and respectfully responds by saying that the tenant is entitled to no relief under the petition.

This is a Costa-Hawkins rent increase. The original occupant no longer maintains this unit as their primary place of residence.

Owner denies all allegations in the petition and Owner reserves the right to supplement this response with testimony at hearing and evidentiary documentation prior to hearing, per RAP regulations.

2015 PM 1:03

# Memorandum

To:

Rent Adjustment Hearing Officer

From:

JR McConnell

Date:

5/22/2018

Subject:

Additional documentation re: T18-0018

Please find the following additional evidentiary documentation in support of Owner position:

	Item		Page
1.	Investigator's Report - Jessica Sund		1
2.	Investigator's Report - Cory Hamrick		53
3.	Declaration of Onsite Manager		64
4.	Notice of Increase – 11/6/17		65 <sup>-</sup>
5.	Lease	•	68
6.	Estoppel		86
7.	Estoppel -amended		87
8.	Correspondence with Tennant		
	i) Letter to Sund — 8/22/17		89
	ii) Email from Sund	v.	90
	iii) Voicemail from Sund		91
	iv) Letter to Sund - 8/28/17		92
9.	Proofs of Payment		
	i) Business License		93
	ii) RAP fee		94

Thank you.

Re: Sund, Jessica Maggie - 633 Alma #5

## DATA SEARCHES RE: JESSICA MAGGIE SUND DOB:

SSN. XXX issued in California in 1985.

### **CONCLUSIONS:**

It is known to the landlord, and not contested in this matter, that Tenant, Jessica M. Sund had a child in late 2017 with her partner, Cory Hamrick. Evidence of this fact is also found in the findings of this report. In light of this uncontested fact and the findings contained in this report, a preponderance of the evidence supports a conclusion that Jessica Sund's permanent place of residence is not the subject property, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, but rather is 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602. Specific evidence supporting this conclusion includes the following:

- 1) A review of findings in three Address History databases for Ms. Sund identified 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 as Ms. Sund's only current address. California St. is reported as recently as 5/182018, while the most recent reporting date for Alma Avenue in any of the databases is 12/5/2017. Further, the August, 2017 initial reporting date for California Street is much more recent than the 8/28/2008 initial reporting date for Alma Avenue indicating Ms. Sund's residency at California St. is a much more recent development, and therefore more likely her current residence (Pages 9-15).
- 2) A baby registry the bump.com identified Ms. Sund as expecting a child with a due date of Oct 25, 2017, location Oakland, CA. A link at the page, present in December, 2017, but no longer present jgt/gifts/baby-girl-hamrick associated the child with Cory Hamrick. The due date of Ms. Sund's and Mr. Hamrick's child is consistent with the September/October initial reporting dates for Ms. Sund at 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA in Address History databases (Pages 35-36).
- 3) A Residence History Database for 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 reported Cory T. Hamrick, reported dates of 05/04/1999-12/05/2017 and Jessica M. Sund, reported dates of 07/01/2017-07/01/2017 as current tenants (Pages 51-53).
- 4) That Jessica Sund's partner, and the father of her child, Mr. Cory T. Hamrick's current principle place of residence 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 is evidenced by the following: Address History Databases identify 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 as Mr. Hamrick's sole current address, with reporting dates 4/1999 3/27/2018; Cory Hamrick is the current owner of the property, a Homestead Exemption is on file and the Tax Assessor's mailing address of record is the same as the property address 3024 California St., Oakland, CA 94602; Mr. Hamrick is currently registered to vote at 3024 California St., Oakland, CA 94602 (see attached Cory Hamrick Datasearches Report).

\*

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## **SUMMARY:**

## **ADDRESS HISTORY**

Address History Databases identify 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 as Ms. Sund's current address. Three different Address Databases were reviewed on 12/5/2017 and again on 5/182018. Findings on the two dates were as follows:

## Database #1:

12/5/2017: Two current addresses were reported: The subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, reporting dates -9/25/2011 and 10/2/20015 -11/03/2017; and a second address -3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602, reporting dates -08/31/2017-12/05/2017.

5/18/18: One current addresses was reported: 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602, reporting dates – 10/2005-5/182018. The reporting dates for the subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, were 10/2/2005 -11/03/2017. NOTE: The sudden appearance of an identical initial reporting date of 10/2005 for both addresses in the 5/18/18 datasearch indicates that this 10/2005 initial reporting date for both properties is due to a database error, and the original initial reporting dates identified on 12/5/2017 of 9/25/2011 for 633 Alma Avenue and 08/31/2017 for 3024 California Street are the more reliable dates.

## Database #2:

12/5/2017: One current addresses was reported: The subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, reporting dates -9/2017.

5/18/18: Two addresses were reported: The subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, reporting dates – 9/2017 and a second address – 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602, reporting dates, 9/2017

## Database #3:

12/5/2017: One current addresses was reported: The subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, reporting dates -8/28/2008 - 12/5/2017.

5/18/2018: One current addresses was reported: 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602, reporting dates -8/31/2017-5/19/2018. The reporting dates for the subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, remained the same as on 15/5/2017 - 8/28/2008 - 12/5/2017.

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The following findings from the above database records indicate Ms. Sund has transitioned from her residency at the subject address to a current residence at 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602:

- Initial Reporting Dates The initial reporting dates for 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 are August and September, 2017, while initial reporting dates for the subject property date back to 8/28/2008. The much more recent initial reporting dates for 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 document Ms. Sund's residency at the address as a much more recent development, and therefore more likely her current residence. NOTE: See above discussion of the multiple initial reporting dates for both properties in Database #1.
- Current Reporting Dates Two of the three databases report 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 as recently as 5/18/2018, while the most recent reporting date for 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA in any of the databases is 12/5/2017.
- The reporting of 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 in only one database during the initial searches of 12/5/2017 and the subsequent reporting of the address in all three databases during the searches of 5/18/2018 is also consistent with the appearance of new addresses in the Address History Databases. The databases are derived in chief from the three major credit bureaus (Equifax, Experian and TransUnion). New or updated address information is received by the clients of the bureaus credit granting businesses, who in turn report periodically to the bureaus. Reporting periods vary between business from as little as 30 days to upwards of six months. Thus there is always a lag time in the reporting between the initial gathering of the information by the client companies and their periodic reporting to the bureaus. The gradual appearance of the California St. address in only one database in December, 2017 and t subsequent in all three bureaus in May, 2018 is consistent with the appearance of newly reported addresses in this process.

(See pages 9-15)

## **TELEPHONE NUMBER DATABASES**

Online contact of the Directory Assistance (411) on December 7, 2017 identified no listings under Jessica Sund in Oakland, CA.

On 12/5/2017 a cell number – (510) 206-5436, was identified in an undated database record as associated with Jessica Sund at the 6138 Park Avenue, Richmond, CA, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA and 886 Cleveland Street, Apt. 11, Oakland, CA address (Phones Plus 1-3). An online search of the 411 Directory Assistance found no information available for that number.

(See pages 15-16)

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## <u>UTILITIES</u>

Utilities databases identified no account associated with Jessica Sund.

## REAL PROPERTY OWNERSHIP RECORDS

A search of California real property ownership records statewide, and jurisdictions available on-line nationwide, identified no records of property ownership associated with Jessica Sund. On March 27, 2018, a telephone contact of the Alameda County Assessor's office identified Cory Hamrick as the property owner of 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA (see also Cory Hamrick Datasearch Report). The Assessor found no property records were found under Jessica Sund.

## ALAMEDA COUNTY RECORDER INDEXES:

A search of Alameda County Recorder's indexes, identified no recordings under Jessica Sund.

## **CALIFORNIA DMV RECORDS:**

A search of California Department of Motor Vehicle driving records identified a current California license for Jessica Maggie Sund, issued 01/03/2013, expiration — 01/06/2023. One violation was noted, a 10/12/2016 - Driving while using wireless telephone. The citation was issued while driving vehicle license plate - 3JBL110 (Record #1).

An inquiry of California DMV vehicle registration records keyed to the subject address identified a 1994 Toyota – license plate 3JBL110 registered to Jessica Sund at 633 Alma Avenue, Oakland, CA (Record #2). A record keyed to 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA identified no vehicle registered to Jessica Sund (Record #3). NOTE: The current registration expiration date for Ms. Sund's 1994 Toyota is 6/2/2108, indicating that the vehicle was renewed on 6/2/2017.

(See pages 16-18)

## **VEHICLE SIGHTINGS:**

A nationwide search of the license plates keyed to abovementioned license plate numbers identified eight sightings of license plate 3JBL110 between February 28, 2011 and October 18, 2015. One sighting was in El Sobrante, CA on October 18, 2015 (Record #1); one sighting was in Alameda, CA on August 1, 2013 (Record #4); three sightings were in Oakland, CA between February 28, 2012 and October 31, 2013 (Records #3, 6 & 8); and the remaining three sightings were in the immediate vicinity of 633 Alma

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PAGE

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Avenue, Oakland, CA between March 11, 2013 and March 20, 2014. The sightings were between the hours of 10:31pm and 12:21 am (Records #2, 5 & 7).

(See pages 18-23)

## **VOTER REGISTRATION:**

On December 7, 2017, an online search of Alameda Voter Registration records keyed to Date of Birth: 01/XX/1976 and Last 4 SSN: XXXX; identified no records (Record #1).

On December 7, 2017, an online search of Contra Costa County Voter Registration records keyed to First Name: Jessica; Last Name: Sund and Date of Birth: 01/XX/1976; identified no record (Record #2).

Archived database records identified two voter registrations for Jessica Sund: At 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA. Date of registration was 10/01/2008 and (Record #3) At 6138 Park Avenue, Richmond, CA. No date of registration was available, however the address is reported in Address History databases for Ms. Sund from 2005 to 2011. (Record #4).

(See pages 24-27)

## **BUSINESS ENTITIES/EMPLOYMENT RECORDS:**

A search of California Secretary of State Corporation, LLC, and Limited Partnership records, California Fictitious Business Name (FBN) Records, California Board of Equalization Records, Employment and Corporate Affiliation Databases, California Department of Consumer Affairs Professional License Records – including the State Contractors Licensing Board and Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) identified two Employment Association records: 1) An undated record associating Ms. Sund with Stem2Bloom, 633 Alma Ave., Apt 5, Oakland, CA 94610; and 7/31/2012 record associating Ms. s/und with Prudential Penfed Realty, Clarkesville, TN.

(See pages 27-28)

## **LIENS & JUDGMENTS:**

No record of any judgments or liens recorded against Jessica Sund were identified in liens and judgment databases.

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SINCE 1953

## **CALIFORNIA SUPERIOR COURT CIVIL RECORDS:**

A search of California Superior Court Civil indexes, available on-line, including Jessica Sund's known counties of residence Alameda County and Contra Costa County identified one record in Alameda County – Case Number: RG16842109, Title: Sund v City of Oakland, Filing Date: 12/12/2016. A PI/PD/WD claim that is continuing as status is "Hearing Reset to Civil Pre-Trial Settlement Conference 01/24/2019 09:00 AM"

(See pages 28-33)

## **CALIFORNIA SUPERIOR COURT CRIMINAL RECORDS:**

A search of California Superior Court Criminal indexes, available on-line identified no records. NOTE: Alameda County and Contra Costa Criminal Court filings are not available online.

## ARIZONA SUPERIOR COURT CIVIL & CRIMINAL RECORDS:

A search of Arizona Superior Court Civil & Criminal indexes, available on-line, including Jessica Sund's known county of residence – Maricopa County, identified no records.

## NATIONWIDE FEDERAL BANKRUPTCY, CIVIL AND CRIMINAL COURT RECORDS:

A search of on-line Federal Bankruptcy, Civil, and Criminal court records nationwide identified one record under Jessica Sund. The record was eliminated through non-matching social security number, spouse, address, other identifier or as having been filed in a jurisdiction remote from Jessica Sund's known address history.

## **INTERNET SEARCHES:**

Online search engine inquiries and searches of social and professional networking websites identified the following records re: Jessica Sund:

Record #1: A baby registry – the bump.com - for Jessica Sund identified a due date: Oct 25, 2017 and the location as Oakland, CA. A link at the page, present in December of 2017, but no longer present associated the child with Cory Hamrick – jgt/gifts/baby-girl-hamrick. The link is highlighted in the below record. Record #1: A baby registry – the bump.com - for Jessica Sund identified a due date: Oct 25, 2017 and the location as Oakland, CA. A link at the page, present in December of 2017, but no longer present associated the child with Cory Hamrick – jgt/gifts/baby-girl-hamrick. The link is highlighted in the below record.

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Record #2: An undated Nuwber website listing identifying a number for Jessica M. Sund – (510) 306-5436 with an address of 633 Alma Avenue, Oakland, CA. The site identifies Ms. Sund's previous location as Richmond, CA 94801.

Record #3: A LinkedIn page for Jessica Sund which identified herself as an Intervention Specialist at American Indian Model School in Oakland, CA from July 2016 – Present. The Experience section also identifies here as "Owner & Founder, STEM2Bloom.com, Dec 2015 – Present...San Francisco Bay Area".

Record #4 & 4A: The website for Stem2Bloom for which Ms. Sund is "Owner & Founder" per her LinkedIn page. The site promotes a Preschool through 3<sup>rd</sup> grade curriculum developed by Ms. Sund. In a bio page at the site Ms. Sund "I have developed and taught science and nutrition curriculum for the University of CA Agriculture and Natural Resource Division in conjunction with Oakland Unified School District State Preschools and Child Development Centers for their Sustainable Nutrition Urban Garden Program as well as for De Colores Head Start... I've taught middle and high school students in math, helping them reach their goals and move beyond limitations. ... I also integrate my extensive classical training from Oakland Ballet into my lessons as a way to inspire children to build somatic connections to the subject matter, using creative movement as a catalyst..." No residence information is referenced. A Google site map at the website has a pin placement for the business location at 2640 College Ave., Berkeley, CA 94704, the location of the Berkeley Playhouse.

Record #5: The website for American Indian Model Schools. Ms. Sund's LinkedIn page states that she is an "Intervention Specialist at American Indian Model School in Oakland, CA from July 2016 – Present". A search of the Staff page at the site found no reference to Ms. Sund. The entity is addressed at 171 12<sup>th</sup> St., Oakland, CA 94607.

(See pages 34-43)

## RESIDENT HISTORY FOR 633 ALMA AVENUE, #5, OAKLAND, CA 94610:

A search keyed to 633 Alma Avenue, #5, Oakland, CA 94610 identified three residents currently associated with the address.

John S. Schonborn with reported dates of 08/1986-12/05/2017 Therese Karlsson with reported dates of 02/13/2007-12/05/2017 Jessica Sund with reported dates of 10/2005-12/05/2017 Irma Lee Fink with reported dates of 12/1996-12/2017

(See pages 44-49)

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## RESIDENT HISTORY FOR 3024 CALIFORNIA STREET, OAKLAND, CA 94602:

A search keyed to 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA identified three residents currently associated with the address:

Cory T. Hamrick with reported dates of 05/04/1999-12/05/2017 Erica Winn with reported dates of 11/05/2012-11/28/2017 Jessica M. Sund with reported dates of 07/01/2017-07/01/2017

(See pages 50-52)

No evidence a relationship, or bearing on the nature of an association, between Cory T. Hamrick, DOB 1/7/1967, and Ms. Sund was identified in social media, or other sources.

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NEILSON AND MACRITCHIE INVESTIGATORS
SINCE 1953

## **SUBJECT INFO:**

Name: Jessica Maggie Sund

DOB: 01/XX/1976

SSN: 556-83-XXXX issued in California in 1985.

## **ADDRESS HISTORY**

Address History Databases identify 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 as Ms. Sund's current address. Three different Address Databases were reviewed on 12/5/2017 and again on 5/182018. Findings on the two dates were as follows:

## Database #1:

12/5/2017: Two current addresses were reported: The subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, reporting dates -9/25/2011 and 10/2/20015 -11/03/2017; and a second address -3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602, reporting dates -08/31/2017-12/05/2017.

5/18/18: One current addresses was reported: 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602, reporting dates – 10/2005-5/182018. The reporting dates for the subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, were 10/2/2005 -11/03/2017. NOTE: The sudden appearance of an identical initial reporting date of 10/2005 for both addresses in the 5/18/18 datasearch indicates that this 10/2005 initial reporting date for both properties is due to a database error, and the original initial reporting dates identified on 12/5/2017 of 9/25/2011 for 633 Alma Avenue and 08/31/2017 for 3024 California Street are the more reliable dates.

## Database #2:

12/5/2017: One current addresses was reported: The subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, reporting dates -9/2017.

5/18/18: Two addresses were reported: The subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, reporting dates -9/2017 and a second address -3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602, reporting dates, 9/2017

## Database #3:

12/5/2017: One current addresses was reported: The subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, reporting dates -8/28/2008 - 12/5/2017.

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5/18/2018: One current addresses was reported: 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602, reporting dates -8/31/2017-5/19/2018. The reporting dates for the subject address, 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA, remained the same as on 15/5/2017 - 8/28/2008 - 12/5/2017.

The following findings from the above database records indicate Ms. Sund has transitioned from her residency at the subject address to a current residence at 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602:

- Initial Reporting Dates The initial reporting dates for 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 are August and September, 2017, while initial reporting dates for the subject property date back to 8/28/2008. The much more recent initial reporting dates for 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 document Ms. Sund's residency at the address as a much more recent development, and therefore more likely her current residence. NOTE: See above discussion of the multiple initial reporting dates for both properties in Database #1.
- Current Reporting Dates Two of the three databases report 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 as recently as 5/18/2018, while the most recent reporting date for 633 Alma Avenue, Apt. 5, Oakland, CA in any of the databases is 12/5/2017.
- The reporting of 3024 California Street, Oakland, CA 94602 in only one database during the initial searches of 12/5/2017 and the subsequent reporting of the address in all three databases during the searches of 5/18/2018 is also consistent with the appearance of new addresses in the Address History Databases. The databases are derived in chief from the three major credit bureaus (Equifax, Experian and TransUnion). New or updated address information is received by the clients of the bureaus credit granting businesses, who in turn report periodically to the bureaus. Reporting periods vary between business from as little as 30 days to upwards of six months. Thus there is always a lag time in the reporting between the initial gathering of the information by the client companies and their periodic reporting to the bureaus. The gradual appearance of the California St. address in only one database in December, 2017 and t subsequent in all three bureaus in May, 2018 is consistent with the appearance of newly reported addresses in this process.

## **DECEMBER 5, 2017 DATABASE SEARCHES:**

## Database #1

633 ALMA AYE APT 5, OAKLAND, CA 94610-3857 (ALAMEDA GOUNTY) (10/2005 to 11/03/2017)
693 ALMA AVE, OAKLAND, CA 94610-3853 (ALAMEDA GOUNTY) (09/25/2011 to 09/25/2011)
3024 GALIFORNIA ST, OAKLAND, CA 94602-3908 (ALAMEDA GOUNTY) (08/31/2017 to 12/05/2017)

NEILSON AND MACRITCHIE INVESTIGATORS SINCE 1953

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6138 PARK AVE # 11, RICHMOND, CA 94805-1229 (CONTRA COSTA COUNTY) (05/09/2005 to 10/2011)

6138 PARK AVE, RICHMOND, CA 94805-1229 (CONTRA COSTA COUNTY) (05/10/2005 to 10/2005)

PO BOX 11634, OAKLAND, CA 94611-0634 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (06/2008 to 08/06/2008) 822 59TH ST # 11, EMERYVILLE, CA 94608-1408 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (02/2004 to 06/2005) 822 59TH ST, EMERYVILLE, CA 94608-1408 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (01/23/2004 to 05/10/2005) 886 CLEVELAND ST APT 11, OAKLAND, CA 94606-1536 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (12/15/1998 to 12/2003)

886 CLEVELAND ST, OAKLAND, CA 94606-1568 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (02/1999 to 01/23/2003)

PO BOX 9045, OAKLAND, CA 94613-0001 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (11/14/1997 to 01/23/2003) 3445 PIERSON ST, OAKLAND, CA 94619-3425 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (08/1991 to 01/23/2003) 20022 N 31ST AVE, PHOENIX, AZ 85027-3900 (MARICOPA COUNTY) (03/13/2000 to 03/13/2000)

5000 MACARTHUR BLVD, OAKLAND, CA 94613-1301 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (10/15/1997 to 10/15/1997)

## Database #2

633 ALMA AVE APT 5, OAKLAND, CA 94610 3857, ALAMEDA COUNTY (Sep. 2017)
6138 PARK AVE, RICHMOND, CA 94805-1229, CONTRA COSTA COUNTY (Mar 2005 - May 2005)
822 59TH ST, EMERYVILLE, CA 94608-1408, ALAMEDA COUNTY (Feb 2004 - May 2005)
PO BOX 9045, OAKLAND, CA 94613-0045, ALAMEDA COUNTY (Mar 1998 - Sep 2001)
886 CLEVELAND ST, OAKLAND, CA 94606-1568, ALAMEDA COUNTY (Feb 1999)
3445 PIERSON ST, OAKLAND, CA 94619-3425, ALAMEDA COUNTY (Aug 1991 - Mar 1993)

## Database #3

Name		SSN / DOB	Phone
sundtessica M	4x633 ALMA AVE 5 OAKLAND GA 9461043857 Reported: 08/28/2008 - 12/05/2017 County: ALAMEDA	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 4	Cell: (510)206=5436 Celle(510)306=5436 Landline: (510)836- 0705
SUND JESSICA M	4x PO BOX 11634 OAKLAND CA 94611-0634 Reported: 06/20/2008 - 09/12/2008 County: ALAMEDA	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	Troughter Age

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SUND JESSIÇA M AKA: SUND, J N	7x6138 PARK AV RICHMOND CA 94805-1229 Reported: 03/01/2005 - 06/19/2008 County: CONTRA COSTA	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	
SUND JESSICA M AKA: SUND, J M	4x822 59TH ST OAKLAND CA 94608-1408 Reported: 01/27/2004 - 04/01/2005 County: ALAMEDA	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	Landline: (510)420- 1595 Landline: (510)834- 9440
SUND JESSICA M	4x822 59TH ST EMERYVILLE CA 94608-1408 Reported: 04/25/2004 - 09/01/2004 County: ALAMEDA	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	Landline: (510)420- 1595
SUND JESSICA M	10x886 CLEVELAND ST OAKLAND CA 94606-1568 Reported: 12/15/1998 - 07/01/2003 County: ALAMEDA		Landline: (510)834- 9440
SUND JESSICA M	7x3445 PIERSON ST OAKLAND CA 94619-3425 Reported: 06/01/1994 - 11/13/2000 County: ALAMEDA	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	
SUND JESSICA M	1x3445 PEARSON ST OAKLAND CA 94619 Reported: 11/13/2000 - 11/13/2000 County: ALAMEDA	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA	
SUND JESSICA M	1x PO BOX OAKLAND CA 94613 Reported: 11/14/1997 - 01/31/1999 County: ALAMEDA	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	
SUND JESSICA M	Reported: 10/01/1998 - 10/01/1998	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	
SUND JESSICA M	Reported: 03/01/1998 - 03/01/1998	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	
SUND JESSICA M	OAKLAND CA 94613-1301	556-83-XXXX Issued: 1985 in CA DOB: 01/XX/1976 Age: 41	

NEILSON AND MACRITCHIE INVESTIGATORS SINCE 1953

Reported: 10/15/1997 - 10/15/1997 County: ALAMEDA

## MAY 18, 2018 DATABASE SEARCHES:

## Database #1:

8024 GALIFORNIA ST. OAKLAND, CA 94602 3908 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (10/2005 to 05/08/2008) 633 ALMA (AVE) APT 5, OAKLAND, CA 94610 3857 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (10/2005 to 01/03/2017)

633 ALMA AVE, OAKLAND, CA 94610-3853 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (09/25/2011 to 09/25/2011) 6138 PARK AVE # 11, RICHMOND, CA 94805-1229 (CONTRA COSTA COUNTY) (05/09/2005 to

6138 PARK AVE, RICHMOND, CA 94805-1229 (CONTRA COSTA COUNTY) (05/10/2005 to

3707 MALVERN RD, KINGSFORD HEIGHTS, IN 46346-3355 (LA PORTE COUNTY) (10/2008 to

PO BOX 11634, OAKLAND, CA 94611-0634 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (06/2008 to 08/06/2008) 822 59TH ST # 11, EMERYVILLE, CA 94608-1408 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (02/2004 to 06/2005) 822 59TH ST, EMERYVILLE, CA 94608-1408 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (01/23/2004 to 05/10/2005) 886 CLEVELAND ST APT 11, OAKLAND, CA 94606-1536 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (12/15/1998 to 12/2003)

886 CLÉVELAND ST, OAKLAND, CA 94606-1568 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (02/1999 to

PO BOX 9045, OAKLAND, CA 94613-0001 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (11/14/1997 to 01/23/2003) 3445 PIERSON ST, OAKLAND, CA 94619-3425 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (08/1991 to 01/23/2003) 20022 N 31ST AVE, PHOENIX, AZ 85027-3900 (MARICOPA COUNTY) (03/13/2000 to

5000 MACARTHUR BLVD, OAKLAND, CA 94613-1301 (ALAMEDA COUNTY) (10/15/1997 to

## Database #2:

3024 CALIFORNIA ST. OAKLAND, CA 94602-3908, ALAMEDA COUNTY (Sep 2017)
633 ALMA: AVE APT 5, OAKLAND, CA 94610-3857, ALAMEDA GOUNTY (Sep 2017)
6138 PARK AVE, RICHMOND, CA 94805-1229, CONTRA COSTA COUNTY (Mar 2005 - May 2005)
822 59TH ST, EMERYVILLE, CA 94608-1408, ALAMEDA COUNTY (Feb 2004 - May 2005)
PO BOX 9045, OAKLAND, CA 94613-0045, ALAMEDA COUNTY (Mar 1998 - Sep 2001)

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## CITY OF OAKLAND

250 FRANK OGAWA PLAZA, SUITE 5313, OAKLAND, CA 94612-2043

Housing and Community Development Department Rent Adjustment Program

TEL (510) 238-3721 FAX (510) 238-6181 TDD (510)238-3254

## **HEARING DECISION**

**CASE NUMBER:** 

T18-0018 Sund v. Vernon Street Apartments, LP

PROPERTY ADDRESS:

633 Alma Avenue, Unit 5, Oakland, CA

**HEARING DATE:** 

May 30, 2018

June 4, 2018

SITE INSPECTION:

June 4, 2018

**DECISION DATE:** 

December 20, 2018

APPEARANCES:

Jessica Sund Paul Kranz Kim Rohrbach Greg McConnell JR. McConnell

Don MacRitchie **Ursula Morales** Dave Wasserman

**Lucky Stewart** 

Petitioner

Attorney for Petitioner Paralegal for Petitioner **Owner Representative Owner Representative** Witness for Owner **Property Manager** Jessica Vernaglia Property Supervisor **Owner Representative** 

**Agent for Owner** 

## **SUMMARY OF DECISION**

The petitioner's petition is DENIED.

## INTRODUCTION

Petitioner Jessica Sund filed a tenant petition on November 29, 2017, which contests a proposed monthly rent increase from \$908.67 to \$2,095.00 effective December 1, 2017 on the following grounds:

- I. The increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is unjustified or is greater than 10%;
- 2. The proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years; and
- 3. I wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake.

The owner filed a timely response to the petition and contends that the contested rent increase is a Costa Hawkins rent increase. The petitioner, who was the original occupant, no longer resides at the subject property as her primary place of residence.

## **ISSUES PRESENTED**

1. Is the contested rent increase limited by the Rent Adjustment Ordinance?

## **EVIDENCE**

## Petitioner's Status as a Tenant

## Testimony of Jessica Sund - Petitioner

The petitioner testified that she moved into the subject unit in July 2008, at an initial monthly rent of \$895.00. She testified that on September 6, 2017, she was served a rent increase notice proposing to increase her rent from \$908.67 to \$2,095.00 monthly. She further testified that she is currently paying \$908.67 in rent monthly and has continued to pay that amount since the effective date of the rent increase.

Ms. Sund testified that on August 24, 2017, she emailed the property supervisor at the time, Thomas Preston, to notify him that her boyfriend, Cory Hamrick, would be moving in with her the following weekend, and that they were expecting a baby in October of 2017.<sup>2</sup> In response to her email, she received a letter from Thomas Preston, dated August 28, 2017, stating that her lease had a "no subletting/no assignment clause", and a "use/occupancy" provision, therefore, her request to sublet the unit to her boyfriend was denied.<sup>3</sup> The letter also stated that if her boyfriend did move in, her lease and tenancy would be terminated for unlawful subletting. She testified that she received this letter in early September, around the same time as the rent increase notice dated September 6, 2017.

<sup>1</sup> Exhibit 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Exhibit 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Exhibit 3

Ms. Sund testified that because the property manager refused to allow her boyfriend to move in with her, and instead issued an exorbitant rent increase, she decided to stay with her boyfriend temporarily, who resides at 3024 California Street in Oakland, California. She moved to the California street address in early October, 2017, right before the birth of her daughter on October 24, 2017. She testified that she moved because she believed that if she continued to reside at the Alma street apartment, she would have to pay the rent increase, and she could not afford it. She also moved because she wanted the support of her boyfriend to care for her newborn child, who had medical issues requiring full time care. She also did not want to deal with the stress of being in an adversarial relationship with her landlord. Ms. Sund testified that as of the date of the hearing, she was still residing primarily at the California street address. She testified that she visits the Alma street apartment once or twice a week to check on her plants, and the apartment generally, but is staying at the California street address with her boyfriend and baby for now.

On cross examination, Ms. Sund testified that she has not moved back into the Alma street apartment because of excessive construction noise that began in November of 2017 and is still ongoing. She submitted copies of construction notices issued by the property manager. She further testified that her carpet was damaged when the property manager replaced her refrigerator and the dirty carpet is another reason she has not moved back into the Alma street unit. Finally, she testified that she has been receiving mail at the California street address since October of 2017.

## Testimony of Lucky Stewart - Agent for Owner

Lucky Stewart is an agent for the owner. He testified that he is employed by an ownership group that acquires different properties in the bay area and he acts as an asset manager for the ownership group. He is tasked with managing the takeover of properties and overseeing general operations. He testified that he acquired the subject property, 633 Alma Street, in June of 2017.

Shortly after he acquired the subject property, he received reports from other tenants in the building that the petitioner was subletting her unit. Specifically, he was told that there were strangers going in and out of the petitioner's unit freely and had possession of keys to the unit but the petitioner was no longer there. He also personally observed an international couple, with luggage, coming out of the petitioner's unit, sometime in early August. Both individuals were tall, blonde, and speaking a foreign language, and when he attempted to speak to them, they ignored him. Based on the reports from other tenants, and his own observations, he decided to investigate the petitioner's whereabouts. He did an internet search and asked his attorney, Dave

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Exhibit 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Exhibit 5

Wasserman, to do a LexisNexis search to see if the petitioner was still living in the Alma street apartment. His own internet search revealed a baby registry under the petitioner and her boyfriend Cory Hamrick's name, as well as couch surfing listings placed by Cory Hamrick, the petitioner's boyfriend, advertising an unspecified unit as available for rent. Mr. Stewart testified that he was advised by his attorney that the LexisNexis search revealed two addresses linked to the petitioner, the 633 Alma street address and the 3024 California street address, and that the petitioner was likely no longer living at the 633 Alma street address.

Based on his findings, he issued a warning letter to the petitioner on August 22, 2017, which was posted on the door of the petitioner's unit and mailed to the petitioner.<sup>6</sup> In the letter, he informed her that he had "received complaints regarding an overwhelming amount of random visitors coming and going from unit 5 at 633 Alma street. The visitors seem to have access and keys to come and go freely, yet you are not around. What is also troubling is that some of them have been disturbing your neighbors and this is their home." The letter went on to warn the petitioner that the lease was in her name only and that her lease did not allow for her to sublet or assign any part of the premises. A copy of the lease with the provision prohibiting subletting and assignment was received into evidence. The petitioner denied ever receiving the August 22, 2017, letter.

After he issued the warning letter, on August 24, 2017, the property supervisor at the time, Thomas Preston, received the email from the petitioner announcing that she was pregnant and that her boyfriend would be moving in the next day. Mr. Stewart testified that he viewed the petitioner's email as a demand and not a request to sublet. He also believed that the petitioner was using the request to sublet to her boyfriend as ruse so she could continue renting out the unit to short-term tenants. He testified that he directed the property supervisor to respond by issuing the letter dated August 28, 2017, which denied the petitioner's request to sublet to her boyfriend and informed her that if her boyfriend did move in her lease and tenancy would be terminated for unlawful subletting. The letter further stated that "if the petitioner had made a reasonable and proper request well in advance of the move-in date, instead of unilaterally stating that her boyfriend was moving in, the landlord would have been amendable to accommodating her request...and... if the tenant wished to revisit this issue down the road in a more appropriate fashion, then management may be more receptive".9 This letter was posted on the petitioner's door and mailed on August 28, 2017. Mr. Steward testified that the petitioner never followed up her request to sublet to her boyfriend, and to his knowledge, Cory Hamrick, the petitioner's boyfriend, never moved into the Alma street unit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Exhibit 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Exhibit 12

<sup>8</sup> Exhibit 11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Exhibit 2

After this letter was sent, the tenants in unit 1 reported that strangers were still coming and going from the petitioner's unit. This prompted the property management to issue a Costa Hawkins rent increase. On September 6, 2017, the property management issued a notice of rent increase to Jessica Sund and all subtenants in possession of the subject unit, stating that the original occupant, Jessica Sund, was no longer permanently residing in the unit and the rent was being increased pursuant to California Civil Code Section 1954.50, et seq. (Costa Hawkins Rental Housing Act). The Finally, Mr. Stewart testified that since the Costa Hawkins rent increase, he has not received reports of anyone entering or leaving the petitioner's unit.

## Testimony of Property Manager - Ursula Morales

Ursula Morales is the onsite property manager for 633 Alma Street. She has held that position since October 1, 2017. She testified that she knows all the tenants in the building and she has never met or seen the petitioner before. She testified that she lives in unit 11, which is directly above the petitioner's unit and she has never heard a baby cry in the petitioner's unit. She further testified that sometime in November or December of 2017, she received a complaint about strangers coming in and out of the petitioner's unit as well as noise and smoke coming from the petitioner's unit. She testified that these complaints were made by the tenant in unit 6, Marissa Williams. Ms. Williams is the tenant in the unit directly across from the petitioner's unit. In response to these complaints, she went to the hallway downstairs to check on the petitioner's unit. She heard some noise, but nothing out of the ordinary, just the sound of television. Finally, she testified that she has never personally observed anyone, including the petitioner, coming in and out of the petitioner's unit.

## Testimony of Don MacRitchie - Private Investigator

Don MacRitchie testified that he was retained to investigate the tenancy of the petitioner. He is a licensed private investigator who is licensed to gather this type of information for administrative proceedings and the data he obtains originates with the original consumer. His investigation encompassed searches of various address history databases, social media outlets, voter registration records and other public records. He has performed this type of investigation thousands of times and has been qualified to testify as an expert in court proceedings regarding false testimony about where people live and has testified as an expert in over seventy matters before the San Francisco Rent Board. He has also testified as an expert in prior proceedings before the Rent Adjustment Program.<sup>11</sup>

Mr. MacRitchie testified that during his investigation, he completed two database searches, one in December of 2017, and one in May of 2018. He

<sup>10</sup> Exhibit I

<sup>11</sup> T16-0707 Brown v. Wasserman

prepared two Investigator Reports based on his findings, one for the petitioner, Jessica Sund, and one for her boyfriend, Cory Hamrick. 12

His investigation of the petitioner, Jessica Sund, indicated that she first reported 633 Alma Street, Unit 5, as her current address on August 28, 2008. The database searches show that she subsequently reported 3024 California Street as her current address for the first time on July 1, 2017, and again in August of 2017. The California street address continued to be reported as her current address as recently as May 2018. On the other hand, the most recent reporting date for the Alma street address in any of the databases was December 5, 2017.

His investigation of Cory Hamrick indicated that Mr. Hamrick's current place of residence is 3024 California Street. Mr. Hamrick first reported the California street address as his address in April of 1999. The California street address continued to be reported as his sole current address as recently as March 27, 2018. Mr. Hamrick is the current owner of the California street property. The property is a two bedroom, one bathroom, single family home. Mr. Hamrick also claims a Homestead Exemption for the property. Mr. MacRitchie testified that a Homestead Exemption applies if the property is the owner's principal place of residence, and it allows the owner to claim a property tax deduction. The Tax Assessor's office also confirmed that the mailing address of record for the property is the California street address. His investigation also indicates that Mr. Hamrick is currently registered to vote at 3024 California Street. Finally, the database searches did not show any reports of the Alma street address as being associated with Mr. Hamrick.

In addition to the database searches, Mr. MacRitchie testified that he also interviewed other tenants at 633 Alma street. He interviewed the tenants after the first day of hearing in this case, and prior to the second day of hearing. He testified that he spoke to four tenants, three of them were current tenants, and one was a former tenant. The current tenants were the tenants in unit 3, 4, and 6 who all believed the petitioner had lived elsewhere for quite a while. The former tenant was also the former property manager, Kathy Espinoza, who also believed the petitioner had been living elsewhere for quite some time.

Based on his investigation Mr. MacRitchie opined that a preponderance of the evidence supports a conclusion that Jessica Sund's permanent place of residence is not the subject property, 633 Alma Street, Unit 5, but rather 3024 California Street.

## Site Inspection

The Hearing Officer conducted a site inspection on June 4, 2018. She noted that the unit was a studio apartment, consisting of one large room, a

<sup>12</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8

kitchen, bathroom, and a closet. There was one queen size bed in the unit and a portable rock and play. There was no crib in the unit. The Hearing Officer did not observe any toys in the unit. There were two diapers, one baby lotion bottle, and a onesie laid out on a counter. The refrigerator and closets were empty.

## FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

## Petitioner's Status as a Tenant

The owner has established by a preponderance of the evidence that the petitioner no longer permanently resides at 633 Alma street, Unit 5, in Oakland but rather, 3024 California street.

The agent of the owner, Lucky Stewart, testified credibly that shortly after acquiring the Alma street property in June of 2017, he received multiple complaints from tenants about strangers going in and out of the petitioner's unit freely, with keys to the unit, while the petitioner herself was nowhere to be seen. He also personally observed a blonde couple exiting the petitioner's unit with . luggage, speaking a foreign language, and ignoring his attempts to communicate. Based on this information, he did an internet search that revealed a baby registry for the petitioner and her boyfriend, Cory Hamrick, as well as listings by Mr. Hamrick, purporting to rent out an unspecified unit on couch surfing sites. He testified that this search further fueled his suspicions that the petitioner did not reside in the subject unit and that instead, the petitioner was unlawfully subletting her unit to short-term tenants. This testimony is corroborated by the investigator, Don MacRitchie, who testified that records show the tenant first began listing the California street address as her current address on July 1, 2017. Based on this evidence, it is more likely than not that the petitioner was no longer permanently residing at the Alma street address since at least July 1, 2017.

The petitioner's testimony that she temporarily moved from the Alma street address to the California street address in October of 2017, after her request to have her boyfriend move into her unit was denied, is simply not credible. The Hearing Officer finds it implausible that the petitioner's boyfriend, Cory Hamrick, would leave his two-bedroom house, that he owns and claims a homestead exemption for, to move into the petitioner's studio apartment, especially considering that the couple was expecting a baby in October of 2017. Choosing to move in together into a small studio apartment in anticipation of a newborn baby when the option of a two-bedroom house was readily available does not seem reasonable.

The tenant herself testified that she has been staying at the California street address since October of 2017, and has no immediate plans to move back into the Alma street apartment. She further testified that she only visits the Alma street apartment once or twice a week, to water the plants and check on the

apartment, but she does not carry out daily living activities in the Alma street unit. She does not sleep there, or cook there on a regular basis. Although it is undisputed that the petitioner has been paying her rent for the Alma street apartment, paying rent alone is not sufficient to establish that the unit is being occupied as a permanent residence.

The owner argued that the petitioner has no intention of occupying the unit as her primary residence. She is holding on to the unit at a below market rate so she can rent it out to short-term tenants. He further argued that the petitioner's boyfriend never intended to move into the Alma street address and instead the request by the petitioner to have her boyfriend move in was merely a ruse to allow her to continue renting out her unit to short-term tenants for her own financial advantage. The Hearing Officer finds this argument persuasive.

Additionally, the testimony of Don MacRitchie, the investigator, is substantial evidence of the fact that the petitioner has not occupied 633 Alma Street, Unit 5, as her permanent place of residence since July 1, 2017.

Finally, the Hearing Officer's onsite inspection of the Alma street apartment indicates that the petitioner does not live there. The apartment was sparse and the closet and refrigerator were empty. In addition, the apartment did not have any evidence of a child residing in the unit, aside from the rock and play and some diapers strategically laid out on a counter. The apartment did not have toys or any other children's furniture.

Based on the evidence and testimony, it is more likely than not that the petitioner has not occupied the subject unit as her primary residence since at least July 1, 2017.

## Costa-Hawkins

Califiornia Civil Code Section 1954.53(d) states in part:

- (2) If the original occupant or occupants who took possession of the dwelling or unit pursuant to the rental agreement with the owner no longer permanently reside there, an owner may increase by any amount allowed by this section to a lawful sublessee or assignee who did not reside at the dwelling or unit prior to January 1, 1996.
- (3) This subdivision does not apply to partial changes in occupancy of a dwelling or unit where one or more of the occupants of the premises, pursuant to the agreement with the owner provided for above, remains an occupant in lawful possession of the dwelling or unit....

The testimony and documentary evidence constitute substantial evidence that the petitioner no longer permanently resides in the subject unit and therefore lacks standing to file this petition.

## **ORDER**

- 1. The petitioner lacks standing to file this petition because she no longer resides at 633 Alma Street, Unit 5, Oakland, California, and has not resided at this address since July of 2017.
- Petition T18-0018 is DENIED.

Right to Appeal: This Decision is the Final Decision of the Rent Adjustment Program Staff. Either party may appeal this Decision by filing a properly completed appeal using the form provided by the Rent Adjustment Program. The appeal must be received within twenty (20) days after service of this decision. The date of service is shown on the attached Proof of Service. If the last date to file is a weekend or holiday, the appeal may be filed on the next business day.

Dated: December 20, 2018

MAIMOONA SAHI AHMAD

Hearing Officer

Rent Adjustment Program

# PROOF OF SERVICE Case Number T18-0018

I am a resident of the State of California at least eighteen years of age. I am not a party to the Residential Rent Adjustment Program case listed above. I am employed in Alameda County, California. My business address is 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, 5th Floor, Oakland, California 94612.

Today, I served the attached documents listed below by placing a true copy of it in a sealed envelope in a City of Oakland mail collection receptacle for mailing on the below date at 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, 5th Floor, Oakland, California, addressed to:

## **Documents Included**

Hearing Decision

### Manager

Thomas Preston 633 Alma Avenue Oakland, CA 94619

### Manager .

Ursula Morales 633 Alma Avenue Oakland, CA 94619

#### Owner

Vernon Street Apartments, LP aka Flynn Family Holdings, LLC 1717 Powell Street #300 c/o Russell B. Flynn San Francisco, CA 94133

## Owner Representative

Gregory McConnell, The McConnell Group 300 Frank Ogawa Plaza Suite # 460 Oakland, CA 94607

## Owner Representative

JR McConnell, The McConnell Group 300 Frank Ogawa Plaza Suite #460 Oakland, CA 94607

#### Tenant

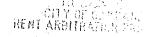
Jessica Sund 633 Alma Avenue #5 Oakland, CA 94610 Tenant Representative Paul Kranz 639 San Gabriel Avenue Albany, CA 94706

I am readily familiar with the City of Oakland's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice an envelope placed in the mail collection receptacle described above would be deposited in the United States mail with the U.S.Postal Service on that same day with first class postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on December 20, 2018 in Oakland, CA.

Esther K. Rush

Oakland Rent Adjustment Program





## CITY OF OAKEAND 9 178 3: 58 RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

250 Frank Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313 Oakland, CA 94612 (510) 238-3721

# Forder CEIVED

JA:1 09 2019

RENT ADJUSTMENT PROFESAL

Appellant's Name	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>				
Jessica Sund			□ Owner ■ Tenant				
Property Address (Include Unit Number) 633 Alma Avenue # 5 Oakland, California 94610			1				
Appellant's Mailing Address (For receipt of notices) 633 Alma Avenue # 5 Oakland, California 94610		T18- Date	Number 0018 of Decision appealed				
Name of Representative (if any) Paul Kranz, Esq.	639 Sar	12/20/2018 entative's Mailing Address (For notices) n Gabriel Avenue , California 94706					

Please select your ground(s) for appeal from the list below. As part of the appeal, an explanation must be provided responding to each ground for which you are appealing. Each ground for appeal listed below includes directions as to what should be included in the explanation.

- 1) There are math/clerical errors that require the Hearing Decision to be updated. (Please clearly explain the math/clerical errors.)
- 2) Appealing the decision for one of the grounds below (required):
  - a) The decision is inconsistent with OMC Chapter 8.22, Rent Board Regulations or prior decisions of the Board. (In your explanation, you must identify the Ordinance section, regulation or prior Board decision(s) and describe how the description is inconsistent.).

  - c) The decision raises a new policy issue that has not been decided by the Board. (In your explanation, you must provide a detailed statement of the issue and why the issue should be decided in your favor.).
  - d) The decision violates federal, state or local law. (In your explanation, you must provide a detailed statement as to what law is violated.)

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

Rev. 6/18/2018

f)	evidence y	enied a suffici ination, you mi you would have vithout a hearin	ust describe ho presented. No	ow you were ote that a he	denied th aring is n	ie chance ot reauire	to defer ed in ev	nd your cla erv case. Si	ime and	what
g)	wnen your u	cision denies th underlying petition ir return and an	on was based o	n a fair retur	n claim. Y	ou must s	necifica	) appeal on lly state wh	this groun ly you hav	d only ve been
h)	Other.	In your explan	ation, you mu	st attach a a	letailed ex	planation	n of you	r grounds j	or appea	<i>l.</i> )
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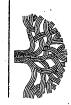
## **ATTACHMENT 1**

Petitioner will further submit a brief not to exceed twenty-five (25) pages.

Petitioner also does not waive her right to contest the time lines for her appeal on the ground that the date indicated on the proof of service (December 20, 2018) attached to the subject Hearing Decision is inaccurate. The dates stamped by the postage meter on each of the envelopes in which the Hearing Decision was separately and respectively mailed to Petitioner and to her attorney show that postage was affixed on December 26, 2018—not six days earlier, on December 20, 2018, as declared on the proof of service. Copies of the envelope received by Petitioner and of the envelope received by her attorney are attached as Attachment 2.

# **ATTACHMENT 2**

# CITY of OAKLAND



PRESORTED FIRST CLASS

ZIP 94612 \$ 000.424 02 4W 0000358059 DEC 25 2018

DIS POSTAGE & BOATSON S.U.

HOUSING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM 250 FRANK H. OGAWA PLAZA SUITE 5313 OAKLAND, CA 94612-0234

Paul Kranz 639 San Gabriel Avenue Albany, CA 94706

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# PROOF OF SERVICE Case Number T18-0018

I, the undersigned, certify and attest as follows:

I am over the age of eighteen years and am not a party to the cause within. My business address is 639 San Gabriel Avenue, Albany, California 94706.

On January 9, 2019, I caused the within:

## CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT-APPEAL

to be served by first class mail, postage prepaid, on Respondent's representatives. addressed as

#### follows:

c/o Russell B. Flynn
Vernon Street Apartments, LP, aka Flynn Family Holdings, LLC
1717 Powell Street # 300
San Francisco, California 94133

Gregory McConnell The McConnell Group 300 Frank Ogawa Plaza Suite # 460 Oakland, California 94607

JR McConnell, The McConnell Group 300 Frank Ogawa Plaza Suite # 460 Oakland, California 94607

Thomas Preston 633 Alma Avenue Oakland, California 94619

Ursula Morales 633 Alma Avenue Oakland, California 94619

Executed Albany, California on January 9, 2019.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Slovia hyporld Gloria Reynolds LAW OFFICES

## Paul L. Kranz

639 San Gabriel Avenue Albany, California 94706 Telephone (510) 549-5900

July 5, 2019.

## RECEIVED

JUL 12 2019

ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM OAKLAND

Ms. Barbara Kong-Brown Senior Hearing Officer Rent Adjustment Program 250 Frank Ogawa Plaza, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Oakland, California 94612

> Re: Sund v. Vernon Street Apartments LP, et al Case No. T18-0018

Dear Ms. Barbara Kong-Brown

Thank you for your response about the correct ordinance on which the 25 page limit is based. However, the subsection immediately following that subsection states that the 25 page limit may be modified or waived for good cause. I already stated to you that our brief is only 14 pages, if you exclude exhibits. 1 am at a loss to understand your failure to acknowledge this subsection permitting submissions longer than 25 pages, as well as to apply that provision to our appeal, since the exhibits consist only of either documents submitted as evidence at the hearing, thus already in the program files, or verbatim descriptions of sworn testimony presented at the hearing. Review of the hearing officer's decision shows the extent to which that decision purports to rely on testimony from the hearing. Therefore, the transcribed testimony is essential for a fair adjudication of the appeal. There clearly is good cause for the length of our submission. All of this was explained in my previous letter to you. I also note that the program's on-line appeal cites a wrong or non-existent ordinance in support of a 25 page limit. And it also fails to state that permission for a submission longer than 25 pages may be granted.

Your rules also state that a program goal is for appeal hearings to be heard within 30 days of being filed. Our appeal form was filed on January 9, 2019 and our appeal still has not been heard. Our brief was filed on January 24, 2019. A Notice of Errata was filed on January 29, 2019. However, the hearing was not scheduled because the program claimed the appeal had not been served on the other party even though a proof of service was attached to the appeal. Then after a hearing was scheduled, it was delayed when the opposing party asked for more time to respond to the appeal. But as of this date, the opposing party has not provided any response to the appeal. Also, the original petition was filed in November 2017. The hearing on the petition was not held until May 30 and June 4, 2018

The programs's time delays and failures to provide accurate information has substantially prejudiced our client. In general, these failures prejudice tenants far more than property owners because the majority of tenants represent themselves since they do not have the resources to afford to pay an attorney.

I look forward to hearing from you about these matters.

Ms. Barbara Kong-Brown Senior Hearing Officer Rent Adjustment Program July 5, 2019 Page 2

Thank you for your consideration.

Very truly yours,

Pawelt

Paul L. Kranz

PLK:gr

## Kong-Brown, Barbara

From:

Kong-Brown, Barbara

Sent:

Monday, July 15, 2019 4:01 PM

To:

Paul Kranz

Subject:

Response to your letter dated July 5, 2019

Mr. Krantz: In response to your letter received July 12, 2019, as stated in my previous communication, you appeal submission is limited to 25 pages, and there is no good cause for you to submit an additional 49 pages of hearing transcript.

The goal of the Rent Adjustment Program is to hear appeals within 30 days and there has been a substantial appeals backlog. We have made substantial progress in reducing the backlog from approximately 75 cases to 30 and continue to work towards further reduction in the backlog.

The goal of the Rent Adjustment Program is to hear a petition within 60 days of the original petition filing date. Due to staffing issues there has been a delay in scheduling cases for hearing and we hope to reduce this backlog by 2020.

BARBARA KONG-BROWN SENIOR HEARING OFFICER RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM 250 FRANK OGAWA PLAZA, 5<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR OAKLAND, CA 94612 T. 510-238-3721 F. 510-238-6181 Jessica Sund v. Venon Street Apartments, LP

T18-0018 (633 Dima Street

Petitioner Jessica Sund appeals from the decision of Hearing Officer Maimoona Sah Ahmad. Petitioner notes for the record that her petition was filed on November 29, 2018. The hearing commenced six months later, on May 30, 2018, and concluded on June 4, 2018. The decision was not issued for more than six months, on December 20, 2018. According to the proof of service, it was mailed on December 20, 2018, but the envelope containing has a December 26, 2018 postmark.

Petitioner also notes for the record that the attachments hereto (other than the attachments which are excerpts from the witnesses' testimony on May 30th and June 4th, 2018) were submitted at the hearing, either by her counsel or Respondent's counsel or both, but have been renumbered. for expediency's sake. As for the excerpts from the witnesses' testimony are concerned, these are marked according to where each begins and ends in the audio recording of the initial day of testimony, May 30<sup>th</sup>.

### INTRODUCTION

Petitioner Jessica Sund brought the petition because, within days of notifying her landlord that she was pregnant and that her boyfriend and father of her child would begin to stay in the unit, her landlord served her with notice that her rent was being more than doubled. Unable to pay the increased rent, and after consulting with an attorney, she filed this petition and then began to stay in her boyfriend's residence.

Because Ms. Sund's newborn daughter had serious health conditions requiring 24-hour monitoring, it was necessary for her and the baby's father's to live together; moreover, the necessity for monitoring was ongoing. It was absolutely unreasonable for Ms. Sund to consider residing in her apartment under these conditions. Ms. Sund testified on the first day of the hearing that she did and does not know whether the relationship with her daughter's father would be permanent. For this reason, staying with at her boyfriend's home with their child has been intended as "temporary".

The landlord did not present any evidence to contradict these facts. The landlord contrived the story that Ms. Sund was residing with her boyfriend because she was subletting her unit in order to take advantage of its below-market rent and make a profit. But the landlord did not present an iota of credible and competent evidence to support its claim. With the exception of a single claimed sighting by the landlord's "asset manager"—who claimed he once saw a

Petitioners Brief in Support of Appea

tall, blonde couple speaking German exiting her unit with luggage—the landlord had no other evidence to support subletting. Indeed, the decision relies heavily on this purported sighting by the asset manager, Lucky Stewart. But Mr. Stewart also testified that this alleged one-time sighting was not the cause of the attempted rent increase. He said it was later sightings, observed by property managers he never identified, and by certain tenants, none of whom testified. Nonetheless, the tenants reported nobody coming and going from Ms. Sund's unit, according to testimony of the landlord's private investigator who had interviewed them. And the only property manager who testified—the landlord's own 24/7 on site property manager—stated that she *never* saw any other persons using Ms. Sund's unit and knew of no evidence of subletting. Finally, the private investigator, who the landlord (and the hearing officer) characterized as a qualified "expert" on such matters, opined that Ms. Sund was *not* subletting; i.e., that there was not evidence to support his client's contention.

That a hearing officer could find that Ms. Sund's pregnancy, and her request for her baby and her baby's father to be able to stay in her unit, was "merely a ruse to allow her to continue renting<sup>1</sup> out her unit to short-term rentals for her own financial advantage", is simply incredulous and offensive, and in blatant disregard of the evidence.

#### STATEMENT OF FACTS

Jessica Sund is a 41-year old single woman. She has lived at the subject premises, 663 Alma Street #5, since 2008. She has worked as an elementary and middle school science teacher, and is currently earning a graduate degree in water resource management. On Friday, August 24, 2017, she notified her landlord by written email that she was expecting a baby in October and that her boyfriend and father of her expected newborn, as well as the newborn, would be staying in her unit. (See Attachment 1.) In a letter dated August 28, 2017, which Ms. Sund actually received about a week later (it was postmarked September 7), property manager Thomas Preston rejected her request because it had been "couched as a "demand". (See Attachment 2.) Per Mr. Preston, any request had to be made "well in advance of the requested move-in date, and thereafter providing necessary information to and documentation to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The landlord's "asset manager", Lucky Stewart, testified that the [alleged] subletting stopped shortly after Ms. Sund received the rent increase notice in early September, 2017

management." (*Ibid.*) On that same day and on the following day, August 29, 2017, Ms. Sund called Preston three times to further discuss her request. (See Attachment 5, pp. 1–2.) Neither Preston or anyone else on behalf of the landlord responded; Preston did not return her phone messages; he did not respond by email or by letter. (See *ibid.*) Instead, the next communication Ms. Sund received from the landlord was on or about September 6, 2017, when the landlord personally served Ms. Sund with a Notice of Change Terms of Tenancy-Rent Increase Notice [Costa-Hawkins], increasing her rent from \$908.67 to \$2,095, and stating that "Jessica Maggie Sund no longer resides at the Premises and that all current occupants are subsequent occupants and subleases . . . ." (See Attachment 3; Attachment 5, p. 3.) In fact, there were no other current or subsequent occupants and subleases (Ms. Sund testimony cite) at the subject premises and Ms. Sund still resided there by herself (See Attachment 5, p. 2.)

Ms. Sund's reaction to the notice was "fear" because she could not afford that rent and was about to have a baby. (See Exhibit 5, p. 4.) Around that time, she began staying with her boyfriend. (See Exhibit 5, pp. 7, 11–12.) She believed that if she continued to stay at the subject premises, she would have to pay the increased rent, and she also wanted the support of her boyfriend and father of her expected newborn. (See Exhibt 5, pp. 4, 6, 7.) She was 41 years old and this was going to be her first birth. She also retained counsel and the subject petition was filed.

Ms. Sund also continued to stay with her boyfriend after the baby was born because of medical issues the baby suffered that required 24-hour monitoring. (See Exhibt 5, P. 4.) These were serious medical problems; potentially life-threatening. (See *ibid*.)

### The Hearing Officer's Decision and Findings

The hearing officer's decision relies on testimony from the landlord's "asset manager" Lucky Stewart stating that: the subject property was acquired by his employer in June 2017; that shortly thereafter, he received reports from tenants that Ms. Sund was subletting and strangers with keys to her unit were entering the unit and the Ms. Sund was no longer there<sup>2</sup>; that he personally observed a tall blond couple with luggage coming out of the unit, speaking a foreign

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See Exhibit 6, pp. 1–2

language, who ignored him when he tried to speak to them<sup>3</sup>; that, based on this information, he had counsel conduct an investigation involving LexisNexis, which identified a second address (the California Street address) "linked to" Ms. Sund and which prompted his attorney to say, "Yeah, she's no longer living there.<sup>4</sup>" He also testified this led to an internet search and to him locating a baby registry connected to Ms. Sund and Cory Hamrich, her boyfriend<sup>5</sup>; as well as to him locating on-line "couchsurfing[.com]" listings "from them renting out apartments in, under her or Cory's name.<sup>6</sup>" And that, based on this information, he issued a letter dated August 22, 2017, warning her not to sublet.

In the August 22 letter, signed "The Management," Mr. Stewart claimed that property managers had noticed and received complaints of an "overwhelming amount of random visitors coming and going from [her] unit, and with keys to the unit." (See Attachment 4.) Ms. Sund testified that she never received the letter. (See Attachment 5, p. 10.) With the exception of Lucky Stewart's testimony that he had personally observed what he believed to be an "international" couple (tall, blonder, speaking a foreign language), nothing else he testified to was supported by admissible evidence. There was no admissible evidence of any internet search conducted by him or the landlord's attorney; no evidence of "managers" noticing any suspected sublessees<sup>7</sup>; no evidence of an "overwhelming amount of random visitors." (Cite basically all attachments consisting of the owner's testimony.) As for the "couchsurfing" posts, Stewart later

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>See Attachment 6, p. 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>See Attachment 6, pp. 2-3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>See Attachment 6, pp. 3, 24,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>See Attachment 6, p. 3; see also pp. 10-11, 7-8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Lucky Stewart was the only "manager" who claimed to have seen any potential sublessees, and he only claimed to have seen on one occasion the German or "international" couple. Moreover, the landlord called the on-site property manager, who testified that she is on site about "24/7", and had never seen *any* such sublessees connected to Ms. Sund's unit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>A couchsurfing profile for Cory Hamrich remains available at <a href="https://www.couchsurfing.com/people/coryhamrick">https://www.couchsurfing.com/people/coryhamrick</a>. It indicates Mr. Hamrick has not even logged into his account for about three years; i.e., since around 2016.

changed his testimony, saying that he didn't recall or see any reference to any specific address; that the listings don't typically refer to any specific address. (See Attachment 6, pp. 8–10.) He further testified that he saw no couchsurfing listing pertaining to Ms. Sund. (See Attachment 6, pp. 7–8.) The couchsurfing testimony was also hearsay.

Stewart characterized the August 22<sup>nd</sup> letter, sent after his claimed "international" couple sighting, as a "warning". (See Exhibit 6, pp. 4, 7.) Stewart went on to explain, "Then when we saw that it [subletting and/or assignment] was still continuing, and it was observed that there were still people coming and going and not the tenant, we resorted to serving the Costa-Hawkins." (See id., p. 4.) Not only were there no documents or declarations or notes (including the landlord's private investigator's reports) to support any subletting (persons "coming and going" from Ms. Sund's unit) after August 22 or at any time, but there were no firsthand accounts of any person(s) coming and going whatsoever, other than the "international" couple Mr. Stewart claimed he'd seen. (See Attachments 6–7, inclusive.) The only property manager who testified—the landlord's 24/7 on-site property manager Ursula Morales—stated that she never saw anyone coming and going from Ms. Sund's unit, either. (See Attachment 7, p. 7.) Yet, the lack of evidence of anybody coming and going is nowhere cited or acknowledge in the hearing officer's decision.

Also, after initally testifying that she'd been informed of "strangers coming in and out of "Ms. Sund's unit, Ms. Morales later testified that she'd received just one such complaint from a single tenant, in around November or December 2017. (See Attachment 7, inclusive.) The complaining tenant had reported "smoke and noise," apparently attributed to Ms. Sund's unit. (See Attachment *id.*, p. 2.) When Ms. Morales went downstairs to investigate, she found "nothing out of the ordinary" and just some TV noise. (See Attachment *id*, p. 3.) The purported single-tenant complaint is inadmissible; it's hearsay. Although Morales testified that it was sent to her by email (See Attachment *id*, p. 5), no email was offered as evidence. And on cross-examination, Morales testified that the complaint was "more about" noise than anything else. (See Attachment 7, p. 5.) Finally, when asked by the hearing officer if it amounted to "just that one complaint over the holidays about the smoke and noise, Ms. Morales replied, "M-hm" (See *id*., p. 6.). None of these inconsistencies or lapses in the testimony are cited or acknowledged in the hearing officer's decision.

Thus, between the time that the August 22 "warning" letter was purportedly sent and September 6, when the Costa-Hawkins rent increase notice issued, nothing new had happened—except that, on August 24th, the owner was notified by Ms. Sund that she was pregnant, and that Mr. Hamrick, the baby's father, would be moving in.

Here it should also be noted that the hearing officer in her decision incorrectly quotes the landlord's responsive letter dated August 28th as stating: "[I]f [you] had made a reasonable and proper request well in advance of the move-in date, instead of unilaterally stating that [your] boyfriend was moving in, the landlord would have been amendable to accommodating [your] request...and...if the [you wish] to revisit this issue down the road in a more appropriate fashion, then management may be more receptive". The letter does not say that. (See Attachment 4.) It says that the landlord is typically "amenable" and that "down the road...management may be more receptive" [emphasis added]. Hardly reassuring to a soon-to-be new mother expecting a baby in the 4–6 weeks, whose phone calls to further discuss the issue are ignored, and who then receives a rent increase she cannot afford.

Returning to Mr. Stewart's testimony, it should be noted that there are surveillance cameras at the property. According to Stewart's testimony, at the time of the hearing there were about five cameras total. (See Attachment 6, p. 18.) These included a camera at the back of the first floor, where Ms. Sund's unit is located, near an emergency exit. (See *ibid*.) Also, there were multiple cameras in front of the building. (See *ibid*.) Mr. Stewart further testified that he never checked any cameras for recordings of the people he'd claimed have keys to Ms. Sund's apartment. (See Attachment 6, pp. 21–21.) When asked why, his incredible answer was, "If I thought it was an important issue, I would have produced the footage." (See *id.*, p. 21.) The hearing officer omits in her decision any reference to the fact that there were cameras, and to the fact that no footage was produced at all.

Apart from the hearing officer's misplaced reliance on Mr. Stewart's testimony, she also relied on the testimony Don MacRitchie, the private investigator hired by the owner through counsel. Her summary of this testimony concludes, "MacRitchie opined that a preponderance of the evidence supports a conclusion that Ms. Sund's permanent place of residence is not the

subject property . . [.]."4 (See Hearing Decision ("Decision"), p. 6.)

"Permanent place of residence" in the context of Costa-Hawkins is a legal issue, and an expert is prohibited from testifying as to a legal conclusion. "There are limits to expert testimony, not the least of which is the prohibition against admission of an expert's opinion on a question of law. This limitation was recognized by this court in Ferreira v. Workmen's Comp. Appeals Bd. (1974) 38 Cal.App.3d 120 [112 Cal. Rptr. 232]." (Summers v. A.L. Gilbert Co. (1999) Cal. App. 4th 1155, 1178.) What the hearing officer's decision failed to cite or even mention is that the landlord's expert, MacRitchie—who'd conducted extensive data-base searches in the course of investigating Ms. Sund's status—testified that he was unable to identify a single individual who'd ever sublet Ms. Sund's unit. (27: 13-). And he admitted that he knew of no evidence that she was subletting. Therefore, his opinion was Ms. Sund was not sublettting.

After the first day of testimony, MacRitchie was asked to interview four tenants from the subject premises. (The first day of testimony was Friday, May 30<sup>th</sup>.) He did so. None of them knowledge of any other persons associated with Ms. Sund's unit, according to his testimony as follows:

MR. KRANZ: DID ANY OF THEM TELL YOU THAT PERSONS OTHER THAN MS. SUND WERE STAYING THERE?

MACRITCHIE: THEY DIDN'T. THEY THOUGHT IT POSSIBLE.

MR. KRANZ: OKAY. AND WHICH PERSONS TOLD YOU THEY THOUGHT IT POSSIBLE?

MACRITCHIE: ALL DIDN'T HAVE DEFINITE KNOWLEDGE, AND THEY ALL WERE AWARE THAT THERE WERE PEOPLE THAT WERE THERE IN THE BUILDING THAT WEREN'T ASSOCIATED WITH APARTMENTS, AND THEY DIDN'T KNOW FOR CERTAIN WHICH APARTMENT THEY WERE ASSOCIATED WITH. SO THEY THOUGHT THEY WERE SOME TYPE OF SUBTENANTS, BUT THEY COULD NOT DEFINITELY ASSOCIATE WITH MS. SUND'S APARTMENT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>This opinion was offered in Mr. MacRitchie's investigative report on Ms. Sund, rather than during testimony.

MR. KRANZ: AND DID YOU ASK THEM FOR — IF THEY HAD ANY INFORMATION ABOUT THESE ALLEGED SUBTENANTS?

MACRITCHIE: YES.

MR. KRANZ: AND WHAT DID THEY TELL YOU?

MACRITCHIE: WHAT I JUST TOLD YOU.

#### **ARGUMENT**

#### I. There Was Not Substantial Evidence To Support the Decision.

Substantial evidence means more than a mere scintilla; it means such relevant evidence as a reasonable mind might accept as adequate to support a conclusion. (See *Richardson v. Perales* (1971) 402 U.S. 389, 401; *Gebhart v. SEC*, 595 F,3d 1034, 1043 (9th Cir. 2010); *Howard ex rel. Wolff v. Barnhart* (Howard) (9th Cir. 2003) 341 F. 3d 1006, 1011.) The records as a whole must be considered, weighing both the evidence that supports and the evidence that detracts from the agency's decision. (See *Mayes v. Massanari* (9th Cir. 2001) 276 F.3d 453, 459; see also *Int'l Union of Painter & Allied Trades v. J & R Flooring, Inc.* (9th Cir. 2011) 656 F.3d 860, 865; *Hawaii Stevedores, Inc. v. Ogawa*, (9th Cir. 2010) 608 F.3d 642, 652 ("The ALJ is expected to consider the record as a whole, including all witness testimony and each medical report, before entering findings"). The court must affirm where there is such relevant evidence as reasonable minds might accept as adequate to support a conclusion, even if it is possible to draw contrary conclusions from the evidence. (See Howard, 341 F.3d at 1011.)

When the record as a whole is reviewed, reasonable minds cannot find that there was adequate evidence to support the conclusions of the hearing officer. Reasonable minds could not differ as to whether the conclusions drawn by the hearing officer were justified by the evidence, because they were not. The decision was not supported by substantial evidence.

#### II. The Decision Constitutes An Abuse of Discretion.

An abuse of discretion is a plain error, discretion exercised to an end not justified by the evidence, a judgment that is clearly against the logic and effect of the facts as are found. (Rabkin v. Oregon Health Sciences Univ. (9th Cir. 2003) 350 F.3d 967, 977 (citation and internal quotation marks omitted); see also In re Korean Air Lines Co., Ltd. (9th Cir. 2011) 642 F.3d 685, 698 n.11.)

Under the abuse of discretion standard, a reviewing court cannot reverse absent a definite and firm conviction that the district court committed a clear error of judgment in the conclusion it reached upon a weighing of relevant factors. (See McCollough v. Johnson, Rodenburg & Lauinger, LLC (9th Cir. 2011) 637 F.3d 939, 953; Valdivia v. Schwarzenegger (9th Cir. 2010) 599 F.3d 984, 988 (citing SEC v. Coldicutt (9th Cir. 2001) 258 F.3d 939, 941.

The hearing officer's exercise of discretion reflects judgement that was clearly against the logic and effect of the facts. Her selective use of evidence, mischaracterization and misstatement of other of evidence, and patent lack of objectivity, as evinced in her decision, demonstrates a judgement inconsistent with logic and the facts. She consistently relies on evidence that was inadmissible, while at the same entirely ignoring other evidence (much of which was submitted by the Respondent).

The decision thus reflects an abuse of discretion, all of which in Respondent's favor, and demonstrates a lack of objectivity and a prejudice towards Petitioner.

III. In Disregard of the Evidence, the Hearing Officer Arrived at the Unwarranted Conclusion, "The Petitioner's Testimony that She Temporarily Moved from the Alma Street Address to the California Street Address in October of 2017, After Her Request to Have Her Boyfriend Move Into Her Unit Was Denied, is Simply Not Credible"

This conclusion was at best misguided, as was her ancillary conclusion, "It is implausible that the petititioner's boyfriend, Cory Hamrick, would leave his two-bedroom house, that he owns and claims a homestead exemption for, to move into the Ms. Sund's one-bedroom apartment." (See Decision (Statement of Facts and Conclusions) at p. 7.)

Ms. Sund testified that she and her boyfriend had been together just two years; that were not married and that she did not know if the relationship would be permanent. (KR note 36.) For these reasons, she was not certain about where she would continue to live. She also testified that her baby was born with and still suffered from a serious, even potentially life-threatening condition that required around-the-clock monitoring, a circumstance that required her to live with her boyfriend.

This evidence was, further, undisputed.

The phenomena of single women choosing to have children is commonplace in our society, and hardly novel. This is reflected in the fact that it is now illegal to discriminate based

on familial status. In addition, the phenomena of children splitting their time between parents who live in different locations is ubiquitous in our society. Therefore, the hearing officer's above conclusions are unsupported by evidence, tone-deaf to contemporary realities, and inconsistent with the evidence that was submitted. Each was altogether unwarranted.

IV. Under CACI No. 203, The "Evidence" Respondent's Submitted and Cited in the Decision the Decision Deserved To Be Viewed With Distrust and Rejected.

CACI No. 203, entitled *Party Having Power to Produce Better Evidence*, provides as follows:

You may consider the ability of each party to provide evidence. If a party provided weaker evidence when it could have provided stronger evidence, you may distrust the weaker evidence.

Examples of Respondent's failure to provide stronger evidence when it could have or ostensibly could have produced stronger evidences are numerous and have been recounted above. They include Respondent's failure to produce employees claimed to have relevant information, and failure to produce declarations, documents, video footage, etc.. Indeed, testimony from Respondent's own witnesses was sufficient to defeat, and should have defeated, its claims. Respondent called three witnesses. Each offered significant evidence contradicting or inconsistent with Respondent's claims.

Its asset manager testified that the siting of the "international" couple was *not* itself the cause of the rent increase.

Respondent's 24/7 on-site property manager testified that she never saw a possible a sublessee and in effect had no evidence that Respondent ever sublet. And Respondent's private investigator, who Respondent and the hearing officer insisted was an expert, found no evidence of subletting.

Also, Respondent offered no explanation for why it never responded the emails and phone calls Ms. Sund made to discuss her boyfriend and their baby staying in her unit.

Moreover, Respondent never explained why its August 28th letter stated that it would be "amenable" to considering Ms. Sund's request when it allegedly already believed and was allegedly already investigating—and had received information that—Ms. Sund was subletting in

violation of her lease. Either the August 28<sup>th</sup> letter was disingenuous, or the landlord did not believe that Petitioner was subletting—if not *both*.

Ms. Sund testified on the first day of the hearing that she never received an August 22<sup>nd</sup> letter warning her about subletting. The letter was anonymously signed, "The Management." And why didn't Stewart, who said he wrote the letter, testify that *he* posted and mailed it? (KR note 48.) Also, given the weight Respondent places on that letter, why didn't its private investigator interview Mr. Stewart about the details it contained? Why wasn't a declaration from Mr. Stewart presented, at least by the second day of the hearing, five days later?

# V. The Residential Rental Adjustment Program and Appeals Board Are Authorized Under Costa-Hawkins to Regulate or Monitor the Grounds for Eviction.

In August 1995, California enacted Civil Code sections 1954.50 through 1954.535, the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (Costa-Hawkins), which established "what is known among landlord-tenant specialists as 'vacancy decontrol,' declaring that '[n]otwithstanding any other provision of law,' all residential landlords may, except in specified situations, 'establish the initial rental rate for a dwelling or unit.'" (DeZerega v. Meggs (2000) 83 Cal. App. 4th 28, 41, 99 Cal. Rptr. 2d 366; see Civ.Code § 1954.53, subd. (a).) The effect of this provision was to permit landlords "to impose whatever rent they choose at the commencement of a tenancy." (Cobb v. San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Bd. (2002) 98 Cal.App.4th 345, 351, 119 Cal. Rptr. 2d 741.) However, the Legislature was well aware, however, that such vacancy decontrol gave landlords an incentive to evict tenants that were paying rents below market rates. (Bullard v. San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization Bd. (2003) 106 Cal. App. 4th 488, 492, 130 Cal. Rptr. 2d 819). Accordingly, the Costa Hawkins statute expressly preserved the authority of local governments "to regulate or monitor the grounds for eviction." (Civ.Code § 1954.53, subd. (e).)

#### A. The Evidence Establishes a Case of Constructive Eviction.

The evidence here establishes a constructive eviction of Ms. Sund because the rent increase Respondent sought meant that Ms. Sund would no longer be able to reside in her unit. She testified she cannot afford a more than doubling of her rent. The rent board cannot meaningfully monitor or regulate the grounds of this eviction without examining the reasons for

it. Petitioner contends that the reason was her request that her boyfriend and baby's father, and later their child, be able to reside in her unit.

Ms. Sund had a right to have the father of her expected child and their daughter move in with her. This right accrued when she notified the landlord of as much. It was improper and offensive for the landlord to insist that Ms. Sund had to wait to "revisit this issue down the road," and it violated her rights. Further, her immediate subsequent phone calls to do just that were ignored by the landlord, until the landord served her with the Notice of Change of Terms-Rent Increase.

It is illegal to discriminate in housing based on pregnancy or family status, under both state (FEHA, DFEH) and federal (FHA, HUD) law and agency regulations. The landlord cannot impose conditions on Petitioner's exercise of that right. That Respondent ignored the phone calls Petitioner made in an effort to exercise that right was unreasonable—especially after it had stated that it would consider her request, i.e., that it would "revisit this issue". The landlord never responded except by way of a notice of rent increase. This was despite the fact that it had already independently verified that Petitioner was pregnant and who the father was. (KR note 53.) Respondent never asked for any additional information. This evidence establishes an attempted illegal eviction.

#### B. The Evidence Establishes a Case of Retaliation.

It was within days of Petitioner's request that the Respondent served her with a notice of rent increase. That this occurred within days after Petitioner sought to exercise certain rights provided to her by law. This is undeniable. The *only* response or communication Petitioner *ever* received after seeking to exercise these rights was the notice of rent increase. This was retaliation. Therefore, the rent increase being sought is impermissible.

C. The City of Oakland's Prohibition Against Discrimination and Harassment, as Embodied in OMC Chapter 8.22, Provided the Hearing Officer With the Authority to Consider the Evident Discrimination and Harassment in This Case.

The laws of the State of California and the Housing Element of the General Plan of the City of Oakland prohibit arbitrary discrimination by landlords." (OMC § 8.22.300.) Basic fairness requires that a landlord must not terminate the tenancy of a residential tenant without

good, just, non-arbitrary, non-discriminatory reasons. (*Ibid.*) The rising market demand for rental housing in Oakland creates an incentive for some landlords to engage in harassing behavior, including:

[R]epeated acts or omissions of such significance as to substantially interfere with or disturb the comfort, repose, peace or quiet of any person lawfully entitled to occupancy of such dwelling unit and that cause, are likely to cause, or are intended to cause any person lawfully entitled to occupancy of a dwelling unit to vacate such dwelling unit or to surrender or waive any rights in relation to such occupancy

(See OMC § 8.22.610E, .8.22.640A(15).)

In other short, the purposes of Chapter 8.22 plainly include preventing discrimination and harassment. It is *impossible* to fulfill these purposes without considering evidence of either discrimination or of harassment when there is such evidence. Yet, the hearing officer made it clear during the initial May 30 hearing in this matter that she would not consider evidence of discrimination. Petitioner did not seek to have this evidence considered for the purpose of monetary damages or other affirmative relief. It was offered as a defense to the respondent's attempt to increase her rent [and to thereby effectively evict her]. The hearing officer's refusal to consider this evidence was error.

# VII. Petitioner's Unit Is Not Exempt Under Costa Hawkins Since the Vacancy De-Control is Inapplicable Here.

The effect of section 1954.53, subdivision (a)<sup>5</sup> of Costa-Hawkins is to permit landlords "to impose whatever rent they choose at the commencement of a tenancy." (See *Cobb v. San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Bd.* (2002) 98 Cal. App. 4th 345, 351.) Section 1954.53, subdivision (d)(2) further provides,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Subdivision (a) in relevant part provides that an owner of residential real property may establish the initial rental rate for a dwelling or unit.

If the original occupant or occupants who took possession of the dwelling or unit pursuant to the rental agreement with the owner no longer permanently reside there, an owner may increase the rent by any amount allowed by this section to a lawful sublessee or assignee [emphasis added].

That Ms. Sund is the original occupant in lawful possession of the subject unit is in uncontested. There is no claim that at any time she notified the owner any intent to vacate or terminate her tenancy.6 The dispute here revolves whether or not Ms. Sund has continued to permanently reside in her unit.

The word "permanently" is undefined in Costa-Hawkins except with reference to subletting and assignment. (See ibid; see also §1954.51.) Yet, implicit in the statutory language is that a rent increase is unwarranted absent the creation of a new tenancy. (See § 1954.53 subd. (a) & (d)(2).)

Here, there was no new tenancy: Contrary to the owner's theory of this case and the hearing officer's decision, there is no substantial or admissible evidence that Ms. Sund sublet or assigned the unit at any time since the inception of her tenancy in July, 2008. For the above reasons, subdivision (d)(2) is inapplicable.

Submitted 1/24/19 Adal tray
Paul hranz,
tsq

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Indeed, as she testified on May 30<sup>th</sup> and as was earlier stated, she continues to retain personal possessions at 633 Alma Street, receive certain items of mail there, use the shower, occasionally eat, take care of her plants, and so forth.

# Attachment 1

Thu, And Mr. 2017 at 10 to AM

Treates (Process, Process; Supervisor

Annual Comment (Comment of Comment of

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# Attachment 2

# Alma Apartments LP

Jessica Sund 693 Alma A 5 Caktand, Ca

RE: 633 Alma #5 demand.

Cear Mt Sund:

Thank you for your email and voicemail.

The fundamental problem with your request is that it has been counted at a demand. At your more than present the problem with your request is that it has been counted at a demand. At your more than present the problem of the proble

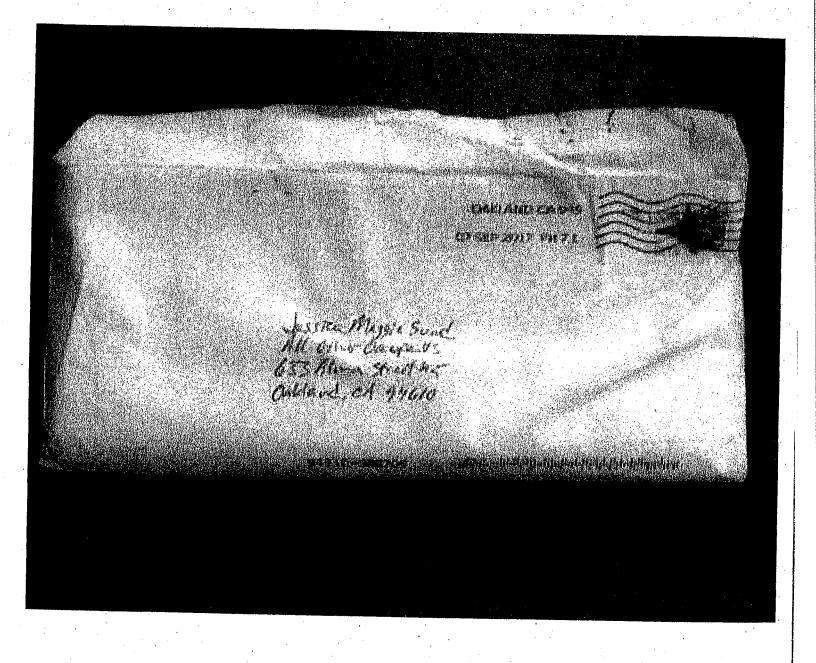
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This is written communities many four regular for the my distance should you never also furnished beauties, please in which you signed and abide by it in its entirety.

Sincerely

Thomas Preston

roperty Supervisor



# Attachment 3

THIS NOTICE TO CHANGE TERMS OF TENANCY HEREBY SUPERSEDES AND REPLACES ANY OTHER NOTICE TO CHANGE TERMS OF TENANCY AND/OR ANY OTHER RENT INCREASE NOTICE(S) PREVIOUSLY SERVED UPON YOU.

# NOTICE TO CHANGE TERMS OF TENANCY -RENT INCREASE NOTICE-

Jessica Maggie Sund (original occupant), AND ALL SUBTENANTS IN POSSESSION, name(s) unknown, as well as any other occupant(s) claiming the right to possession of the following residential rental premises:

633 Alma Street, Unit Number 5 City of Oakland, County of Alameda, State of California 94610 --including all associated housing privileges-- (the "Premises")

You are hereby notified that, effective **December 1, 2017**, not less than sixty (60) days after service of this notice is completed upon you, the terms of your tenancy of the Premises will be changed as follows:

The monthly rental thereof will be changed from \$908.67 per month to two thousand ninety five dollars (\$2,095) per month, payable in the advance of the first day each and every month you continue to hold possession of the Premises.

All other terms of the tenancy will remain unchanged.

You are further notified that a negative credit report reflecting on your credit history may be submitted to a credit-reporting agency if you fail to fulfill the terms of your credit obligations.

You are hereby notified that, pursuant to California Civil Code Section 1954.50, et seq. (Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act), the Premises and/or your tenancy therein are not subject to the City of Oakland's Rent Adjustment Program (Chapter 8.22 of the Oakland Municipal Code) for purposes of this rent increase. The landlord and owner of the Premises contends that the last original occupant, Jessica Maggie Sund, no longer permanently resides at the Premises, and that all current occupants are subsequent occupants and sublessees who commenced occupancy of the Premises on or after January 1, 1996.

Pursuant to the <u>Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (Civil Code Sections 1954.50, et seq.)</u>, please note as follows:

Conditions for Establishing the Initial Rental Rate Upon Sublet or Assignment:

(A) Where the original occupant or occupants who took possession of the dwelling or unit pursuant to the rental agreement with the owner no longer permanently reside there, an owner

Costa-Hawkins Rent Increase for 633 Alma Street, Unit Number 5, Oakland, CA

may increase the rent by any amount allowed by this section to a lawful sublessee or assignee who did not reside at the dwelling or unit prior to January 1, 1996. However, such a rent increase shall not be permitted while:

- (i) The dwelling or unit has been cited in an inspection report by the appropriate governmental agency as containing serious health, safety, fire, or building code violations, as defined by Section 17920.3 of the California Health and Safety Code, excluding any violation caused by a disaster; and,
- (ii) The citation was issued at least 60 days prior to the date of the vacancy; and,
- (iii) The cited violation had not been abated when the prior tenant vacated and had remained unabated for 60 days or for a longer period of time. However, the 60-day time period may be extended by the appropriate governmental agency that issued the citation.
- (B) This provision shall not apply to partial changes in occupancy of a dwelling or unit where one or more of the occupants of the premises, pursuant to the agreement with the owner, remains an occupant in lawful possession of the dwelling or unit, or where a lawful sublessee or assignee who resided at the dwelling or unit prior to January 1, 1996, remains in possession of the dwelling or unit.
- (C) Acceptance of rent by the owner shall not operate as a waiver or otherwise prevent enforcement of a covenant prohibiting sublease or assignment or as a waiver of an owner's rights to establish the initial rental rate unless the owner has received written notice from the tenant that is party to the agreement and thereafter accepted rent.

Information regarding this NOTICE may be obtained from the City of Oakland's Rent Adjustment Program. Parties seeking legal advice concerning evictions should consult with an attorney. The Rent Program is located at 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, Oakland, California 94612, 510.238.3721, website: www.oaklandnet.com. Please refer to the attached City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Program Notice to Tenants of Residential Rent Adjustment Program.

Rent increases imposed pursuant to the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act are effective upon the expiration of the notice period prescribed by California Civil Code section 827 and are not governed by the Rent Adjustment Program..

Questions about this NOTICE may be directed to the undersigned, who is the agent for the landlord and owner.

Dated: September 6, 2017

WASSERMAN-STERN

DAVID P. WASSERMAN, Esq.,

Attorneys and Duly Authorized Agents for the Landlord/Owner, Vernon Street Apartments, LP

Wasserman-Stern Law Offices

2960 Van Ness Avenue

San Francisco, CA 94109

Tel. No.:

(415) 567-9600

Fax. No.:

(415) 567-9696

Email: dwasserman@wassermanstern.com

By:

#### CITY OF OAKLAND

P.O. BOX 70243, OAKLAND, CA 94612-2043 Department of Housing and Community Development Rent Adjustment Program



TEL (510) 238-3721 FAX (510) 238-6181 TDD (510) 238-3254

# NOTICE TO TENANTS OF THE RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

- Oakland has a Rent Adjustment Program ("RAP") that limits rent increases (Chapter 8.22 of the Oakland Municipal Code) and covers most residential rental units built before 1983. For more information on which units are covered, contact the RAP office.
- Starting on February 1, 2017, an owner must petition the RAP for any rent increase that is more than the annual general rent increase ("CPI increase") or allowed "banked" rent increases. These include capital improvements and operating expense increases. For these types of rent increases, the owner may raise your rent only after a hearing officer has approved the increase. No annual rent increase may exceed 10%. You have a right to contest the proposed rent increase by responding to the owner's petition. You do not have to file your own petition.
- Contesting a Rent Increase: You can file a petition with the RAP to contest unlawful rent increases or decreased housing services. To contest a rent increase, you must file a petition (1) within ninety (90) days of the notice of rent increase if the owner also provided this Notice to Tenants with the notice of rent increase; or (2) within 120 days of the notice of rent increase if this Notice to Tenants was not given with the notice of rent increase. If the owner did not give this Notice to Tenants at the beginning of your tenancy, you must file a petition within ninety (90) days of first receiving this Notice to Tenants. Information and the petition forms are available from the RAP drop-in office at the Housing Assistance Center: 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, 6th Floor, Oakland and at: http://www2.oaklandnet.com/Government/o/hcd/o/RentAdjustment.
- If you contest a rent increase, you must pay your rent with the contested increase until you file a petition. If the increase is approved and you did not pay the increase, you will owe the amount of the increase retroactive to the effective date of increase.
- Oakland has eviction controls (the Just Cause for Eviction Ordinance and Regulations, O.M.C. 8.22) which limit the grounds for evictions in covered units. For more information contact the RAP office.
- Oakland charges owners a Rent Program Service Fee per unit per year. If the fee is paid on time, the owner is entitled to get half of the fee from you. Tenants in subsidized units are not required to pay the tenant portion of the fee.
- Oakland has a Tenant Protection Ordinance ("TPO") to deter harassing behaviors by landlords and to give tenants legal recourse in instances where they are subjected to harassing behavior by landlords (O.M.C. 8.22.600). (City Council Ordinance No. 13265 C.M.S.)

	pursuant to the Costa-Hawkins Act). If the owner is not permitted to set the initial rent without limitations (such as the rent in effect when the prior tenant vacated was
=	Smoking (circle one) IS or IS NOT permitted in Unit, the unit you intend to rent.  Smoking (circle one) IS or IS NOT permitted in other units of your building. (If both smoking and non-smoking units in tenant's building, attach a list of units in which smoking is permitted.)  There (circle one) IS or IS NOT a designated outdoor smoking area. It is located at
	I received a copy of this notice on
	(Date) (Tenant's signature)

此份屋崙(奧克蘭)市租客權利通知書附有中文版本。請致電(510)238-3721索取副本。 La Notificación del Derecho del Inquilino está disponible en español. Si desea una copia, llame al (510) 238-3721.

(Tenant's signature)

DAVID P. WASSERMAN, ESQ. (171923) WASSERMAN-STERN LAW OFFICES 2960 Van Ness Avenue, Suite B San Francisco, California 94109

Attorneys for: 633 ALMA STREET

insert name of court, judicial district and branch court, if any:

(415) 567-9600

Ref. No. Or File No.

W2683460

JESS	ICA MAGGIE SUND	(original occup	oant)	Dept/Div:		Case N	umber:	
Defendant:	ALMA STREET			<u> </u>	<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PlaIntiff:	•							

At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action. On September 6, 2017, I served the within:

NOTICE TO CHANGE TERMS OF TENANCY - RENT INCREASE NOTICE; NOTICE TO TENANTS OF THE RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

on the defendant in the within action by placing a true copy in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid for first class in the United States mail at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

JESSICA MAGGIE SUND (original occupant); ANY/ALL UNNAMED OCCUPANTS 633 Alma Avenue, Unit 5 Oakland, CA 94610

Person serving:
Scott Lane
Wheels of Justice, Inc.
52 Second Street, Third Floor
San Francisco, California 94105
Phone: (415) 546-6000

a. Fee for service:

- d. Registered California Process Server
  - (1) Employee or independent contractor
  - (2) Registration No.: 1126
  - (3) County: San Francisco

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: September 6, 2017

Signature:

Scott Lane



# Attachment 4

### ZANDOGSKA ALGISKUDOUS 1911/2 - 111

digi (di (di)) Si 1878 (di) di (di)

August 22, 2017

Jessica Sund 633 Alma Apt. 5 Oakland, CA 94610

Dear Jessica Sund.

In the short time that we have taken over the management arm (\$\)\text{in the short time that we have taken over the managers have noticed and received complaints regardly gan (\$\)\text{visitors coming and going from unit 5. These visitors scanner in go freely, yet you are not around. What is also trought notice that it is their home.

Your neighbors and your landford require gooperation.
This lease is in your name only. Your lease does not all the premise.
Please review section 11. USE/OCCUPANOV BUSEITING in your lease as we believe the gay.
the days.

Thank you in advance Sincerely yours,

Management

# PROOF OF SERVICE Case Number T18-0018

I, the undersigned, certify and attest as follows:

I am over the age of eighteen years and am not a party to the cause within. My business address is 639 San Gabriel Avenue, Albany, California 94706.

On January 24, 2019, I caused the within:

# RESIDENTAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM— PETITIONER JESSICA SUND'S BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF APPEAL; ATTACHMENTS TO APPEAL

to be served by first class mail, postage prepaid, on Respondent's representatives. addressed as

follows:

12 C/o Russell B. Flynn
Vernon Street Apartments, LP, aka Flynn Family Holdings, LLC
1717 Powell Street # 300
San Francisco, California 94133

Gregory McConnell
The McConnell Group
300 Frank Ogawa Plaza Suite # 460
Oakland, California 94607

Executed in Albany in the County of Alameda, California, on January 24, 2019.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Bloria Reynolds Gloria Reynolds

#### CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

## Notice Of Errata and Amended Submision In Support Of Appeal of Hearing Officer's Decision

**CASE No. T18-0018** 

JESSICA SUND,
Petitioner and Tenant

MENT ARBITRATION PACERAM

VERNON STREET APARTMENTS, LP, AKA FLYNN FAMILY HOLDINGS, LLC,,

Owner and Respondent.

LAW OFFICES OF PAUL L. KRANZ

PAUL L. KRANZ (BAR NO. 114999)
639 SAN GABRIEL AVENUE
ALBANY CA 94706
(510) 549-5900
kranzlaw@sbcglobal.net

ATTORNEYS FOR PETITIONER
JESSICA SUND

#### NOTICE OF ERRATA

Petitioner submits this Notice of Errata and the attached amended submission in support of her appeal in case no. T18-0018. The attached submission is substantially the same as her submission filed on January 24, 2019, and primarily differs from the submission filed on January 24, 2019 by containing certain format changes, correction of typographical errors, and the inclusion of certain limited additional portions of the testimony at the subject hearing.

For the following reasons, Petitioner also asserts that this submission should be considered and that it should not be considered late. First, as stated in and evidenced by Petitioner's previous filings, the hearing officer's decision was not served by mail until December 26, 2018, as evidenced by the postmarks on the envelopes in which the hearing officer's decision was mailed and received by both Petitioner and her attorney. An appellant is permitted 35 days from the date of mail service to file a notice of appeal and any submissions in support of the appeal (20 days to file the notice of appeal and 15 days thereafter to file submissions). Thirty five days from the date the decision was mailed is January 30, 2019. Therefore, this submission should be considered timely. Second, Petitioner's attorney Paul L. Kranz has been out of his office and out of state because of the recent very serious illness of an immediate family member. For this reason, he was out of his office, from December 21, 2018 to January 6, 2019 and again from January 21, 2019 to January 25, 2019. Therefore, Petitioner's attorney's very limited availability during this period when the appeal had to be prepared and finalized constitutes good cause to permit this amended submission.

Dated: January 28, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

Paul Like

Day.

Paul L. Kranz

Petitioner Jessica Sund appeals from the decision of Hearing Officer Maimoona Sah Ahmad. Petitioner notes for the record that her petition was filed on November 29, 2018. The hearing commenced six months later, on May 30, 2018, and concluded on June 4, 2018. The decision did not issue for more than six months, on December 20, 2018. According to the proof of service attached to it, it was mailed on December 20, 2018, but the envelopes in which it was contained were postmarked December 26, 2018.

Petitioner also notes for the record that the attachments hereto (other than the attachments which are excerpts from the witnesses' testimony on May 30th and June 4th, 2018) were submitted at the hearing, either by her counsel or Respondent's counsel or both, but have been renumbered for expediency's sake. As for witnesses' testimony, they are marked according to where each excerpt begins and ends in the audio recordings of each day of testimony.

#### INTRODUCTION

Petitioner Jessica Sund brought the petition because, within days of notifying her landlord that she was pregnant and that her boyfriend and father of her child would begin to stay with her in her apartment, her landlord served her with notice that her rent was being more than doubled. Unable to pay the increased rent, and after consulting with an attorney, she filed this petition and then began to stay in her boyfriend's residence.

Because Ms. Sund's newborn daughter had serious health conditions requiring 24-hour monitoring, it was necessary for her and the baby's father's to live together; moreover, the necessity for monitoring was ongoing. It was absolutely unreasonable for Ms. Sund to consider residing in her apartment under these conditions. Ms. Sund testified on the first day of the hearing that she did and does not know whether the relationship with her daughter's father would be permanent. For this reason, staying with at her boyfriend's home with their child has been intended as "temporary".

The landlord did not present any evidence to contradict these facts. Instead, the landlord contrived the story that Ms. Sund was residing with her boyfriend because she was subletting her unit in order to take advantage of its below-market rent and make a profit. But the landlord did not present an iota of credible and competent evidence to support its claim. With the exception

Of a single claimed sighting by the landlord's "asset manager"—who claimed he once saw a tall, blonde couple speaking German exiting her unit with a luggage-the landlord had no other evidence to support subletting. Indeed, the hearing officer's decision relies heavily on this purported sighting by the asset manager, Lucky Stewart. But Mr. Stewart also testified that this alleged one-time sighting was not the cause of the attempted rent increase. He said it was later sightings, observed by property managers, but who he never identified, and by certain tenants, none of whom testified at the hearing. Nonetheless, the tenants reported nobody coming and going from Ms. Sund's unit, according to testimony of the landlord's private investigator, based on having interviewed them. And the only property manager who did testify—the landlord's own 24/7 on site property manager—stated that she *never* saw any other persons using Ms. Sund's unit and knew of no evidence of subletting. Finally, the private investigator, who the landlord (and the hearing officer) characterized as a qualified "expert" on such matters, opined that Ms. Sund was *not* subletting; i.e., that there was not evidence to support his client's contention.

In light of the evidence, that the hearing officer could find that Ms. Sund's pregnancy, and her request for her baby and her baby's father to be able to stay in her unit, was "merely a ruse to allow her to continue renting<sup>1</sup> out her unit to short-term rentals for her own financial advantage," is simply incredulous..

#### STATEMENT OF FACTS

Jessica Sund is a 41-year old single woman. She has lived at the subject premises, 663 Alma Street #5, since 2008. She has worked as an elementary and middle school science teacher, and is currently earning a graduate degree in water resource management. On Friday, August 24, 2017, she notified her landlord by written email that she was expecting a baby in October and that her boyfriend and father of her expected newborn, as well as the newborn, would be staying in her unit. (See Attachment 1; Attachment 5 at 1.) In a letter dated August 28, 2017, which Ms. Sund actually received about a week later (it was postmarked September 7), property manager Thomas Preston rejected her request because it had been "couched as a "demand". (See

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The landlord's "asset manager", Lucky Stewart, testified that the [alleged] subletting stopped shortly after Ms. Sund received the rent increase notice in early September, 2017

Attachment 2.) Per Mr. Preston, any request had to be made "well in advance of the requested move-in date, and thereafter providing necessary information and documentation to management." (*Ibid.*) On the same day Ms. Sund made her request, and on the following day, August 29, 2017, Ms. Sund called Preston three times to further discuss her request. (See Attachment 5 at 1–2; Attachment 1.) Neither Preston nor anyone else responded on behalf of the landlord; Preston did not return her phone messages; and, he did not respond by email or by letter. (See *ibid.*) Instead, the very next communication Ms. Sund received from the landlord was on or about September 6, 2017, when the landlord personally served Ms. Sund with a Notice of Change Terms of Tenancy-Rent Increase Notice [Costa-Hawkins], increasing her rent from \$908.67 to \$2,095, and stating that "Jessica Maggie Sund no longer resides at the Premises and that all current occupants are subsequent occupants and subleases . . . ." (See Attachment 3; Attachment 5 at 3.) In fact, there were no other current or subsequent occupants and subleases at the subject premises and Ms. Sund still resided there by herself (See Attachment 5 at 2.)

Ms. Sund's reaction to the rent increase was "fear" because she could not afford more than twice the rent and was about to have a baby. (See Attachment 5 at 4.) Around that time, she began staying with her boyfriend. (See Attachment 5 at 7, 11–12.) She believed that if she continued to stay at the subject premises, including with her boyfriend and then her baby, she would have to pay the increased rent, and she needed the support of her boyfriend, the father of her expected newborn. (See Attachment 5 at 4, 6, 7.) Ms. Sund was 41 years old and this was going to be her first child. She retained counsel and the subject petition was filed.

Ms. Sund also continued to stay with her boyfriend after the baby was born because of medical issues the baby suffered that required 24-hour monitoring. (See Attachment 5 at 4–6.) These were serious medical problems; potentially life-threatening for her newborn daughter. (See *id.* at 6.)

#### The Hearing Officer's Decision and Findings

The hearing officer's decision relies on testimony from the landlord's "asset manager" Lucky Stewart stating that the subject property was acquired by his employer in June 2017; that shortly thereafter, he received reports from tenants that Ms. Sund was subletting and that there

were strangers with keys to her unit and that Ms. Sund was no longer there<sup>2</sup>; that he personally observed a tall blond couple with luggage coming out of the unit speaking a foreign language, who ignored him when he tried to speak to them<sup>3</sup>; and that, based on this information, he had attorney conduct an investigation involving LexisNexis, which identified a second address (the California Street address) "linked to" Ms. Sund and which prompted his attorney to say, "Yeah, she's no longer living there.<sup>4</sup>" He also testified this led him to conduct an internet search in which he located a baby registry connected to Ms. Sund and her boyfriend, Cory Hamrich<sup>5</sup>; and that he also located on-line "couchsurfing[.com]" listings "from them renting out apartments in, under her or Cory's name.<sup>6</sup>" And that, based on this information, he issued a letter dated August 22, 2017, warning Ms. Sund not to sublet.

The August 22 warning letter, signed "The Management," stated that property managers had noticed and received complaints of an "overwhelming amount of random visitors coming and going from [her] unit, and with keys to the unit." (See Attachment 4.) Ms. Sund testified that she never received the letter. (See Attachment 5 at 10.) With the exception of Lucky Stewart's testimony that he had personally observed what he believed to be an "international" couple (tall, blonder, speaking a foreign language), nothing else he testified to was supported by admissible evidence. There was no evidence of any internet search conducted by him or by the landlord's attorney; no evidence of "managers" noticing any suspected sublessees<sup>7</sup>; no evidence of an "overwhelming amount of random visitors." (See Attachments 6–8, inclusive.) As for the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See Attachment 6 at 1–2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>See Attachment 6 at 2, 15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>See Attachment 6 at 2–3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>See Attachment 6 at 3, 24,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>See Attachment 6 at 3; see also id. at 10-11, 7-8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Lucky Stewart was the only "manager" who claimed to have seen any potential sublessees, and he only claimed to have seen on one occasion the German or "international" couple. Moreover, the landlord called the on-site property manager, who testified that she is on site about "24/7", and had never seen *any* such sublessees connected to Ms. Sund's unit.

"couchsurfing" posts (unsupported by any evidence), Stewart later changed his testimony, saying that he didn't recall or see any reference to any specific address. (See Attachment 6 at 9–10.) He also changed his testimony and said that he did not couchsurfing listing pertaining to Ms. Sund. (See Attachment 6 at 7–8.) The couchsurfing testimony was also hearsay.

Stewart characterized the August 22<sup>nd</sup> letter, sent after his claimed "international" couple sighting, as a "warning". (See Attachment 6 at 4, 7.) Stewart went on to explain, "Then when we saw that it [subletting] was still continuing, and it was observed that there were still people coming and going and not the tenant, we resorted to serving the Costa-Hawkins [rent increase]." (See id. at 4.) Not only were there no documents or declarations or notes to support any subletting (persons "coming and going" from Ms. Sund's unit) after August 22 or at any time, but there were no firsthand accounts whatsoever of any person(s) coming and going, other than the "international" couple Mr. Stewart claimed he'd seen. (See Attachments 6–8.) The only property manager who testified—the landlord's 24/7 on-site property manager Ursula Morales—stated that she never saw anyone coming and going from Ms. Sund's unit, either. (See Attachment 7 at 7.) Yet, the lack of evidence of anybody coming and going is nowhere cited or acknowledge in the hearing officer's decision.

Also, after initially testifying that she'd been informed of "strangers coming in and out of "Ms. Sund's unit, Ms. Morales later testified that she'd received just *one* such complaint from a single tenant, in around November or December 2017. (See Attachment 7, inclusive.) The complaining tenant had reported "smoke and noise," apparently attributed to Ms. Sund's unit. (See *id.* at 2.) When Ms. Morales went downstairs to investigate, she found "nothing out of the ordinary" and just some TV noise. (See Attachment *id* at 3.) The purported complaint was also inadmissible; plainly hearsay. Although Morales testified that this complaint was sent to her by email (See *id* at p. 5), no email was offered as evidence. And on cross-examination, Morales testified that the complaint was "more about" noise than anything else. (See Attachment 7 at 6.) Finally, when asked by the hearing officer if the extent of the complaint was limited to smoke

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>A couch surfing profile for Cory Hamrich remains available at <a href="https://www.couchsurfing.com/people/coryhamrick">https://www.couchsurfing.com/people/coryhamrick</a>. It indicates Mr. Hamrick has not even logged into his account for about three years; i.e., since around 2016.

and noise, Ms. Morales replied, "M-hm" (See id. at 7.). However, none of these obvious inconsistencies or lapses in testimony are cited or acknowledged in the hearing officer's decision.

Thus, the evidence demonstrated that between the time that the August 22 "warning" letter was purportedly sent and September 6, when the Costa-Hawkins rent increase notice issued, nothing new had happened—except that, on August 24th, the owner was notified by Ms. Sund that she was pregnant, and that Mr. Hamrick, the baby's father, would be moving in.

It should also be noted that the decision incorrectly quotes the landlord's responsive letter dated August 28th as stating that the landlord was agreeable to Ms. Sund's boyfriend and then later their child staying in Ms. Sund's unit: The decision quotes from the letter as follows "[I]f [you] had made a reasonable and proper request well in advance of the move-in date, instead of unilaterally stating that [your] boyfriend was moving in, the landlord would have been amendable to accommodating [your] request...and...if the [you wish] to revisit this issue down the road in a more appropriate fashion, then management may be more receptive". (Emphasis added.) The letter does not say that. (See Attachment 4.) It says that the landlord is typically "amenable" and that "down the road...management may be more receptive" [emphasis added]. Hardly reassuring to a soon-to-be new mother expecting a baby in the 4–6 weeks, whose phone calls and texts to further discuss the issue are ignored, and who then receives a rent increase she cannot afford.

There were also surveillance cameras at the property. According to Stewart's testimony, at the time of the hearing there were about five cameras total. (See Attachment 6 at 18.) These included a camera at the back of the first floor, where Ms. Sund's unit is located. (See *ibid*.) There were also multiple cameras in front of the building. (See *ibid*.) Mr. Stewart testified that he never checked any cameras for recordings of people coming in and out of Ms. Sund's apartment. (See Attachment 6 at 20–21.) When asked why, his incredible answer was, "If I thought it ["whether she's subletting") was an important issue, I would have presented the footage. We didn't produce the footage.." (See *id*. at 21.) Yet, the decision contains no reference to the landlord's failure to produce any footage, despite the fact that there were multiple recording cameras on the property.

Apart from the hearing officer's misplaced reliance on Mr. Stewart's testimony, she also

relied on the testimony of Don MacRitchie, a private investigator hired by the owner. The hearing officer's summary of this testimony concludes, "MacRitchie opined that a preponderance of the evidence supports a conclusion that Ms. Sund's permanent place of residence is not the subject property . [.]." (See Hearing Decision ("Decision") at 6.)

"Permanent place of residence" in the context of Costa-Hawkins is a legal issue, and an expert is prohibited from testifying as to a legal conclusion. "There are limits to expert testimony, not the least of which is the prohibition against admission of an expert's opinion on a question of law. (Ferreira v. Workmen's Comp. Appeals Bd. (1974) 38 Cal.App.3d 120; Summers v. A.L. Gilbert Co. (1999) Cal. App. 4th 1155, 1178.)

More importantly, the landlord's expert, MacRitchie—after testifying that he'd conducted extensive data-base searches in the course of investigating Ms. Sund's status—testified that he was unable to identify a single individual who'd ever sublet Ms. Sund's unit. (See Attachment 8 at 1.) And he stated that he had not been able to find any evidence that Ms. Sund was subletting. (See Attachment 8, inclusive.) Therefore, his opinion was Ms. Sund was not subletting. Once again, reference to this testimony is omitted from the decision.

Further, after the first day of testimony, at which he was present throughout, MacRitchie was asked to interview four tenants from the subject premises. (The first day of testimony was Friday, May 30<sup>th</sup>; the second was June 4<sup>th</sup>.) He did so. And none of them had knowledge of any other persons associated with Ms. Sund's unit, according to his testimony as follows:

MR. KRANZ: DID ANY OF THEM TELL YOU THAT PERSONS OTHER THAN MS. SUND WERE STAYING THERE?

MACRITCHIE: THEY DIDN'T, THEY THOUGHT IT POSSIBLE.

MR. KRANZ: OKAY. AND WHICH PERSONS TOLD YOU THEY THOUGHT IT POSSIBLE?

MACRITCHIE: ALL DIDN'T HAVE DEFINITE KNOWLEDGE, AND THEY ALL WERE AWARE THAT THERE WERE PEOPLE THAT WERE IN THE BUILDING THAT WEREN'T ASSOCIATED WITH APARTMENTS, AND THEY DIDN'T KNOW FOR

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>This opinion was offered in Mr. MacRitchie's investigative report on Ms. Sund, rather than during testimony.

CERTAIN WHAT APARTMENT THEY WERE ASSOCIATED WITH. SO THEY THOUGHT THEY WERE SOME TYPE OF SUBTENANTS, BUT THEY COULD NOT DEFINITELY ASSOCIATE WITH MS. SUND'S APARTMENT.

MR. KRANZ: AND DID YOU ASK THEM FOR — IF THEY HAD ANY INFORMATION

ABOUT THESE ALLEGED SUBTENANTS?

MACRITCHIE: YES.

MR. KRANZ: AND WHAT DID THEY TELL YOU?

MACRITCHIE: WHAT I JUST TOLD YOU.

(See id. at 1.)

#### **ARGUMENT**

### I. There Was Not Substantial Evidence To Support the Decision.

Substantial evidence means more than a mere scintilla; it means such relevant evidence as a reasonable mind might accept as adequate to support a conclusion. (See *Richardson v. Perales* (1971) 402 U.S. 389, 401; *Gebhart v. SEC*, 595 F.3d 1034, 1043 (9th Cir. 2010); *Howard ex rel. Wolff v. Barnhart* (Howard) (9th Cir. 2003) 341 F. 3d 1006, 1011.) The records as a whole must be considered, weighing both the evidence that supports and the evidence that detracts from the agency's decision. (See *Mayes v. Massanari* (9th Cir. 2001) 276 F.3d 453, 459; see also *Int'l Union of Painter & Allied Trades v. J & R Flooring, Inc.* (9th Cir. 2011) 656 F.3d 860, 865; *Hawaii Stevedores, Inc. v. Ogawa*, (9th Cir. 2010) 608 F.3d 642, 652 ("The ALJ is expected to consider the record as a whole, including all witness testimony and each medical report, before entering findings"). The court must affirm where there is such relevant evidence as reasonable minds might accept as adequate to support a conclusion, even if it is possible to draw contrary conclusions from the evidence. (See *Howard*, supra, at 1011.)

When the record as a whole is reviewed in this case, reasonable minds cannot find that there was adequate evidence to support the conclusions of the hearing officer. Reasonable minds could not differ as to whether the conclusions drawn by the hearing officer were justified by the evidence. Therefore, the decision was not supported by substantial evidence.

#### II. The Decision Constitutes An Abuse of Discretion.

An abuse of discretion is a plain error, discretion exercised to an end not justified by the

evidence, a judgment that is clearly against the logic and effect of the facts as are found. (Rabkin v. Oregon Health Sciences Univ. (9th Cir. 2003) 350 F.3d 967, 977; In re Korean Air Lines Co., Ltd. (9th Cir. 2011) 642 F.3d 685, 698 n.11.)

Under the abuse of discretion standard, a reviewing court cannot reverse absent a definite and firm conviction that the district court committed a clear error of judgment in the conclusion it reached upon a weighing of relevant factors. (See *McCollough v. Johnson, Rodenburg & Lauinger, LLC* (9th Cir. 2011) 637 F.3d 939, 953; *Valdivia v. Schwarzenegger* (9th Cir. 2010) 599 F.3d 984, 988 (citing *SEC v. Coldicutt* (9th Cir. 2001) 258 F.3d 939, 941).

The hearing officer's exercise of discretion reflects judgement that was clearly against the logic and effect of the facts. The selective use of evidence, the mischaracterizations and misstatements of other of evidence, and the plain lack of objectivity, as evinced by the decision, demonstrates a judgement inconsistent with logic and the facts. The decision consistently relied on evidence that was inadmissible, while at the same entirely ignoring other material; evidence, much of which was submitted on behalf of the Respondent.

The decision thus reflects an abuse of discretion, demonstrates a lack of objectivity and a prejudice towards Petitioner.

III. In Disregard of the Evidence, the Hearing Officer Arrived at the Unwarranted Conclusion That "The Petitioner's Testimony that She Temporarily Moved from the Alma Street Address to the California Street Address in October of 2017, After Her Request to Have Her Boyfriend Move Into Her Unit Was Denied, is Simply Not Credible"

This conclusion was at best misguided, as was her ancillary conclusion, "It is implausible that the petitioner's boyfriend, Cory Hamrick, would leave his two-bedroom house, that he owns and claims a homestead exemption for, to move into the Ms. Sund's one-bedroom apartment." (See Decision (Statement of Facts and Conclusions) at p. 7.)

Ms. Sund testified that she and her boyfriend had been together just two years; that they were not married; that she did not know if the relationship would be permanent. (See Attachment 5 at 13.) For these reasons, she was not certain about where she would live. She also testified that her baby was born with and still suffered from a serious, even potentially life-threatening condition that required around-the-clock monitoring, a circumstance that required her

to live with her boyfriend. (See Attachment 5 at 5.) This evidence was, further, undisputed.

The phenomena of single women choosing to have children is commonplace in our society, and hardly novel. This is reflected in, for example, the fact that it is now illegal to discriminate based on marital or familial status. In addition, the phenomena of children splitting their time between parents who live in different locations is ubiquitous in our society. Therefore, the hearing officer's above conclusions are unsupported by evidence, are tone-deaf to contemporary realities, and are inconsistent with the evidence that was submitted. Each conclusion was altogether unwarranted.

#### IV. Under CACI No. 203, The "Evidence" Respondent's Submitted and Cited in the Decision Deserved To Be Viewed With Distrust and Rejected.

California Civil Jury Instruction (CACI) No. 203, entitled *Party Having Power to Produce Better Evidence*, provides as follows:

You may consider the ability of each party to provide evidence. If a party provided weaker evidence when it could have provided stronger evidence, you may distrust the weaker evidence.

Examples of Respondent's failures to provide stronger evidence when it could have produced stronger evidence are numerous and have been recounted above. They included, but are not limited to, Respondent's failure to produce employee witnesses claimed to have relevant information; its failure to produce documents, video footage, etc. Indeed, testimony from Respondent's own witnesses was sufficient to defeat, and should have defeated, its claims. Respondent called three witnesses. Each offered significant evidence contradicting or inconsistent with Respondent's claims. Some examples are:

Respondent's asset manager testified that the sighting of the "international" couple was not itself the cause of the rent increase. Respondent's 24/7 on-site property manager testified that she never saw a possible a sublessee and in effect had no evidence that Respondent ever sublet. And Respondent's private investigator, who Respondent and the hearing officer insisted was an expert, could not find any evidence of subletting.

Also, Respondent offered no explanation for why it never responded to the emails and phone calls Ms. Sund made to discuss her boyfriend and their baby staying in her unit.

Moreover, Respondent never explained why its August 28th letter stated that it would be "amenable" to considering Ms. Sund's request when it allegedly already believed that she was subletting and was allegedly already investigating as much. Either the August 28th letter was disingenuous, or the landlord did not believe that Petitioner was subletting—if not both.

Ms. Sund testified on the first day of the hearing that she never received an August 22<sup>nd</sup> letter warning her about subletting. The letter was anonymously signed, "The Management." And why didn't Stewart, who said he wrote the letter, testify that *he* posted and mailed it? (See Attachment 5 at 3.) Also, given the weight Respondent places on that letter, why didn't its private investigator interview Mr. Stewart about the details it contained? Why wasn't a declaration from Mr. Stewart presented, at least by the second day of the hearing, five days later?

V. The Residential Rental Adjustment Program and Appeals Board Are Authorized Under Costa-Hawkins to Regulate or Monitor the Grounds for Eviction.

In August 1995, California enacted Civil Code sections 1954.50 through 1954.535, the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (Costa-Hawkins), which established "what is known among landlord-tenant specialists as 'vacancy decontrol,' declaring that '[n]otwithstanding any other provision of law,' all residential landlords may, except in specified situations, 'establish the initial rental rate for a dwelling or unit.'" (DeZerega v. Meggs (2000) 83 Cal. App. 4th 28, 41; Civ.Code § 1954.53, subd. (a).) The effect of this provision was to permit landlords "to impose whatever rent they choose at the commencement of a tenancy." (Cobb v. San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Bd. (2002) 98 Cal.App.4th 345, 351.) However, the Legislature was well aware that such vacancy decontrol gave landlords an incentive to evict tenants that were paying rents below market rates. (Bullard v. San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization Bd. (2003) 106 Cal. App. 4th 488, 492). Accordingly, the Costa Hawkins statute expressly preserved the authority of local governments "to regulate or monitor the grounds for eviction." (Civ.Code § 1954.53, subd. (e).)

#### A. The Evidence Establishes a Case of Constructive Eviction.

The evidence here establishes a constructive eviction of Ms. Sund because the rent increase Respondent sought meant that Ms. Sund would no longer be able to reside in her unit.

She testified she cannot afford a more than doubling of her rent. The Rent Board cannot meaningfully monitor or regulate the grounds of this eviction without examining the reasons for it. Petitioner contends that the reason was her request that her boyfriend and baby's father, and later their child, be able to reside in her unit.

Ms. Sund had a right to have the father of her expected child and their daughter move in with her. This right accrued when she notified the landlord of as much. It was improper and offensive for the landlord to insist that Ms. Sund had to wait to "revisit this issue down the road," and it violated her rights. Further, her immediate subsequent phone calls to do just that were ignored by the landlord, until the landlord served her with the Notice of Change of Terms-Rent Increase.

It is illegal to discriminate in housing based on pregnancy or family status, under both state (FEHA, DFEH) and federal (FHA, HUD) law and agency regulations. The landlord cannot impose conditions on Petitioner's exercise of that right. That Respondent ignored the phone calls Petitioner made in an effort to exercise that right was unreasonable—especially after it had stated that it would consider her request, i.e., that it would "revisit this issue". The landlord never responded except by way of a notice of rent increase. This was despite the fact that it had already independently verified that Petitioner was pregnant and who the father was. (See Attachment 5 at 6.) Respondent never asked for any additional information. This evidence establishes an attempted illegal eviction.

#### B. The Evidence Establishes a Case of Retaliation.

It was within days of Petitioner's request that the Respondent served her with a notice of rent increase. That this occurred within days after Petitioner sought to exercise certain rights provided to her by law. This is undeniable. The *only* response or communication Petitioner *ever* received after seeking to exercise these rights was the notice of rent increase. This was retaliation. Therefore, the rent increase being sought is impermissible.

C. The City of Oakland's Prohibition Against Discrimination and Harassment, as Embodied in OMC Chapter 8.22, Provided the Hearing Officer With the Authority to Consider the Evident Discrimination and Harassment in This Case.

The laws of the State of California and the Housing Element of the General Plan of the City of Oakland prohibit arbitrary discrimination by landlords." (OMC § 8.22.300.) Basic fairness requires that a landlord must not terminate the tenancy of a residential tenant without good, just, non-arbitrary, non-discriminatory reasons. (*Ibid.*) The rising market demand for rental housing in Oakland creates an incentive for some landlords to engage in harassing behavior, including:

[R]epeated acts or omissions of such significance as to substantially interfere with or disturb the comfort, repose, peace or quiet of any person lawfully entitled to occupancy of such dwelling unit and that cause, are likely to cause, or are intended to cause any person lawfully entitled to occupancy of a dwelling unit to vacate such dwelling unit or to surrender or waive any rights in relation to such occupancy

(See OMC § 8.22.610E, .8.22.640A(15).)

In sum, the purposes of Chapter 8.22 plainly include preventing discrimination and harassment. It is *impossible* to fulfill these purposes without considering evidence of either discrimination or of harassment when there is such evidence. Yet, the hearing officer made it clear during the initial May 30 hearing in this matter that she would not consider evidence of discrimination. Petitioner did not seek to have this evidence considered for the purpose of monetary damages or other affirmative relief. It was offered as a defense to the respondent's attempt to increase her rent and to thereby effectively evict her. The hearing officer's refusal to consider this evidence was error.

VII. Petitioner's Unit Is Not Exempt Under Costa Hawkins Since the Vacancy De-Control is Inapplicable Here.

The effect of section 1954.53, subdivision (a)<sup>5</sup> of Costa-Hawkins is to permit landlords

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Subdivision (a) in relevant part provides that an owner of residential real property may establish the initial rental rate for a dwelling or unit.

"to impose whatever rent they choose at the commencement of a tenancy." (See Cobb v. San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Bd. (2002) 98 Cal. App. 4th 345, 351.) Section 1954.53, subdivision (d)(2) further provides,

If the original occupant or occupants who took possession of the dwelling or unit pursuant to the rental agreement with the owner no longer permanently reside there, an owner may increase the rent by any amount allowed by this section to a lawful sublessee or assignee [emphasis added].

That Ms. Sund is the original occupant in lawful possession of the subject unit is in uncontested. There is no claim that at any time she notified the owner any intent to vacate or terminate her tenancy.<sup>6</sup> The dispute here revolves whether or not Ms. Sund has continued to permanently reside in her unit.

The word "permanently" is undefined in Costa-Hawkins *except* with reference to subletting and assignment. (See *ibid*; see also §1954.51.) Yet, implicit in the statutory language is that a rent increase is unwarranted absent the creation of a new tenancy. (See § 1954.53 subd. (a) & (d)(2).)

Here, there was no new tenancy: Contrary to the owner's theory of this case and the hearing officer's decision, there is no substantial or admissible evidence that Ms. Sund sublet or assigned the unit at any time since the inception of her tenancy in July, 2008. For the above reasons, subdivision (d)(2) is inapplicable.

#### CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, this appeal should be granted.

Dated: January 28, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

LAW OFFICES OF PAUL L. KRANZ

By:

Paul L. Kranz

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Indeed, as she testified on May 30<sup>th</sup> and as was earlier stated, she continues to retain personal possessions at 633 Alma Street, receive certain items of mail there, use the shower, occasionally eat, take care of her plants, and so forth.

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(Case Number T18-0018)

I, the undersigned, certify and attest as follows:

I am over the age of eighteen years and am not a party to the cause within. My business address is 639 San Gabriel Avenue, Albany, California 94706.

On January 29, 2019, I caused the within:

## NOTICE OF ERRATA AND AMENDED SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF APPEAL OF HEARING OFFICER'S DECISION

to be served by first class mail, postage prepaid, on Respondent's representatives. addressed as

follows:

c/o Russell B. Flynn Vernon Street Apartments, LP, aka Flynn Family Holdings, LLC 1717 Powell Street # 300 San Francisco, California 94133

Gregory McConnell
The McConnell Group
300 Frank Ogawa Plaza Suite # 460
Oakland, California

Executed Albany, California on January 29, 2019.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

## Attachment 1

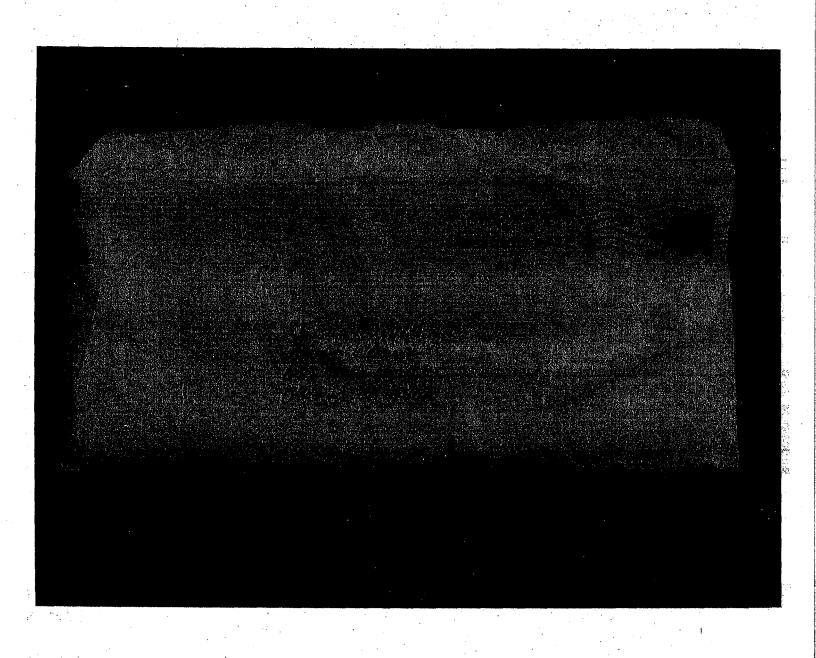
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## Attachment 2

## · WAUMERALGERITHER REPLECTION

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## Attachment 3

THIS NOTICE TO CHANGE TERMS OF TENANCY HEREBY SUPERSEDES AND REPLACES ANY OTHER NOTICE TO CHANGE TERMS OF TENANCY AND/OR ANY OTHER RENT INCREASE NOTICE(S) PREYTOUSLY SERVED UPON YOU.

## NOTICE TYO CHANGE SERVINGS OF THENANCY EXEMPLINGS ASE NOTICE.

To Resicu Maggie Sund (original occupant), AND ALL SUBTENANTS IN POSSESSION; name(s) unknown, as well as any other occupant(s) claiming the right to possession of the following residential rental premises:

633 Alma Street, Unit Number 5 City of Cakland, County of Alameda, State of California 94610 —including all associated housing privileges—(the "Premises")

You are hereby notified that, effective December 1, 2017, not less than sixty (60) days after service of this notice is completed upon you, the terms of your tenancy of the Premises will be changed as follows:

The monthly rental thereof will be changed from \$908.67 per month to two thousand ninety five dollars (\$2,095) per month, payable in the advance of the first day each and every month you continue to hold possession of the Premises.

All other terms of the tenancy will remain unchanged.

You are further notified that a negative credit report reflecting on your credit history may be submitted to a credit-reporting agency if you tail to fulfill the terms of your credit obligations.

You are hereby notified that, pursuant to California Civil Code Section 1954.50, et seq. (Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act), the Premises and/or your tenancy therein are not subject to the City of Oakland's Rent Adjustment Pregram. (Chapter 8.22 of the Oakland Municipal Code) for purposes of this rent increase. The landlord and owner of the Premises contends that the last original occupant, Jessica Maggie Sund, no longer permanently resides at the Premises, and that all current occupants are subsequent occupants and subjessees who commenced occupancy of the Premises on or after January 1, 1996.

Pursuant to the Ussia-Hawkins Rental Housing Act (Civil Code Sections 1954 50, et seq.), please note as follows:

Conditions for Establishing the Initial Rental Rate Upon Sublet or Assignment:

(A) Where the original occupant or occupants who took possession of the dwelling or unit pursuant to the rental agreement with the owner no longer permanently reside there, an owner

Costa-Hawkins Rent Increase for 633 Alma Street, Unit Number 5, Oakland, CA

may increase the rent by any amount allowed by this section to a lawful sublesses or assigned who did not reside at the dwelling of unit prior to January 1, 1996. However, such a rent increase shall not be permitted while:

- (i) The dwalling or unit has been clied in an inspection report by the appropriate governmental agency as containing serious health, safety, fire, or building code violations, as defined by Section 17920.3 of the California Health and Safety Code, excluding any violation paused by a disaster, and,
- (ii) The citation was issued at least 60 days prior to the date of the vacancy, and,
- (iii) The cited violation had not been abated when the prior tenant vacated and had remained unabated for 60 days or for a longer period of time. However, the 60-day time period may be extended by the appropriate governmental agency that issued the citation.
- (B) This provision shall not apply to partial changes in occupancy of a dwelling or unit where one or more of the occupants of the premises, pursuant to the agreement with the owner, remains an occupant in tawful possession of the dwelling or unit, or where a lawful sublesses or assignee who resided at the dwelling or unit prior to lanuary 1, 1996, remains in possession of the dwelling or unit.
- (C) Acceptance of yent by the owner shall not operate as a waiver or otherwise prevent enforcement of a covenant prohibiting sublease or assignment or as a waiver of an owner's rights to establish the initial rental rate unless the owner has received written notice from the tenant that is party to the agreement and thereafter accepted rent.

Information regarding this NOTICE may be obtained from the City of Oakland's Rent Adjustment Program. Parties seeking legal advice concerning evictions should consult with an afterney. The Rent Program is located at 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaze, Suite 5313, Oakland, California 94612, 510 238 3721, websiter www.oaklandnetcom. Please refer to the attached City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Program. Notice to Tenants of Residential Rent adjustment Program.

Rent increases imposed pursuant to the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act are effective upon the expiration of the notice period prescribed by California Civil Code section 827 and are not governed by the Rent Adjustment Program.

Questions about this NOTICE may be directed to the undersigned, who is the agent for

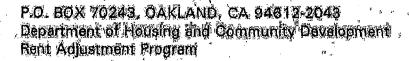
the landlord and owner,

Dated: September 6, 2017

By: DAVID! WASSERMAN, Esq.,
Attorneys and Duly Authorized Agents for the
Landlord Owner, Vernon Street Apartments, LP
Wasserman-Stern Law Offices
2960 Van Ness Avenue
San Francisco, CA 94100
Tel, No. (415) 567-9600
Fax, No. (415) 567-9696
Email: dwasserman@wassermanstern.com

Costa-Hawkins Rent Increase for 633 Alma Street, Unit Number 5, Oakland, CA

## CITY OF OAKLAND





TEL (510) 238-3721 FAX (510) 238-6181 TOD (510) 238-3254

### NOTICE TO TENANTS OF THE RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

Oakland has a Kent Adjustment Program ("RAP") that limits rent increases (Chapter 8:22 of the Oakland Municipal Code) and sovers indstresidential rapid units built before 1983. For more information on which units are covered, contact the RAP office.

Starting on February 1, 2017, an owner most petition the RAP for any rent increase that is more than the annual general rent increase. (CPI increase.) or allowed "brinked" rent increases. These include capital improvements and operating expense increases. For these types of rant broreases, the owner may raise your rent only after a hearing officer has approved the increase. No almust rent increase may exceed 10%. You have a right to contest the proposed rent increase by responding to the owner's petition. You do not have

to file your own netition.

Confesting a Rent Increase: You can tile a petition with the RAP to contest unlawful tent increases or decreased housing services. To contest a rent increase, you must file a petition (1) within ninety (90) days of the notice of rent increase if the owner also provided this Notice to Tenams with the notice of rent increase; or (2) within 120 days of the notice of four increase Willis Notice to Tenants was not given with the notice of rent increase. If the owner did not give this Notice to Tenants at the beginning of your tenancy, you must file a pelition within ninety (20) days of first receiving this Notice to Tenants. Information and the petition forms are available from the RAP drop-in office at the Housing Assistance Centers 250 Frank II. Ogawa Plazaj čih Floor, Gakland and als http://www.caskiandher.com/Covernmen/Whed/e/RenrAdjustment.

If you contest a rent increase, you must pay your rem with the contested increase until you file a petition. If the increase is approved and you did not pay the increase, you will owe the amount of the increase

introactive to the effective date of increase.

Oakland has eviction controls (the last Cause for Exletion Ordinance and Regulations, O.M.C. 8:22) which limit the grounds for existions in covered units. For more information contact the RAP office.

Oakland charges owners a Rent Program Service Fee per unit per year. If the fee is paid on time, the owner is entitled to get helf of the fee from you. Tenants in subsidized units are not required to pay the tenant portion of the fee.

Oukland has a Tenant Protection Ordinance ("TPO") to deter harassing behaviors by landlords and to give tenants legal recourse in instances where they are subjected to harassing behavior by landfords (O.M.C.

8.22.600), (City Council Qualitating No. 13265 C.M.S.)

The owner is is not pennitted to set the initial rent on this unit without limitations (such as pursuant to the Costa Hawkins Act). If the owner is not permitted to set the initial rent without limitation, the rent in effect when the prior tenant vacated was

		4.4		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	ARREST AND ARREST AND ARREST ARREST	THE PROPERTY OF A SEC. 18	ev nisciki	CALLED AND STREET
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		William	77%	Nº 36143994	Sk. Ha halfstand halfstand and season code.

此份量崙(奧克蘭)市租客權利通知書刊有中文版本。請致電(510)236-3724索取副本。 La Notificación del Derecho del Inquilipo está disponible en español. Si desea ma copia, liame al (510) 238-3721.

Attorney or Party Whhour Attorney (Name and Address				**************************************	HOT HOT PULL
DAVID P. WASSERMAN,	ESQ. (171-23	) }	A TANKS CANADA	X 3	on bar oner
WASSERMAN-STERN LAV	V OFFICES	7 <sub>4</sub>		*	
2960 Van Ness Avenue, San Francisco, California	Suite B 94109		PAIN OF THE NEW YORK	<del>Water 1</del>	
Attorneys for 633 ALMA STREET	AN A TANK OF THE PARTY OF	en marijet bekend	W268	3460	E .
insert name of court, juddining and branch court if	3.5	20 A Secretary Secretary Security	uniter er en sommere de se en et en	and the same of th	
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633 ALMA STREET	al to a series and the series of the series	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O		a so was a construction of the same of the	
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JESSIGA MÅGGIE SUND (6	niginal occupar		, No. 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	3	, W.
POS BY MAIL	Heaving Davie	Time:	pacyon:	g. Cate loudell	
1. The same seement 3			ř.	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action. On September 6, 2017, I served the within

NOTICE TO CHANGE TERMS OF TENANGY - RENT INCREASE NOTICE, NOTICE TO TENANTS OF THE RESIDENTIAL RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

on the defendant in the within action by planing a true copy in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid for first class in the United States mail at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

> JESSICA MÄGGIE SUND (original loccupant): ANY/ALL UNNAMED OCCUPANTS 633 Alma Avenue, Unit 5 Oakland, CA 94610

Person serving:
Scott Lane
Wheels of Justice, Inc.
52 Second Street, Third Floor
San Francisco, California 94105
Phone: (415) 546-6000

a. Fee for service:

d Registered California Process Server

(1) Employee or independent contractor

(2) Registration No.: 1126

(3) County: San Francisco

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: September 6, 2017

Signature: Scott Lane



Hillicial Council form, the 982(3): (23)

### CONSOLIDATED CHRONOLOGICAL CASE REPORT

Case No.:

T19-0272 & T19-0325

Case Name:

Jeffers v. BD Opportunity 1 LP

Property Address:

7123 Holly Street, Unit 1, Oakland, CA

Parties:

Colleen Jeffers (Tenant)

Xavier Johnson (Tenant Representative) Christina Micciche (Owner Representative)

### **OWNER APPEAL**:

<u>Activity</u> <u>Date</u>

Tenant Petition filed April 29, 2019

June 24, 2019

Owner Response filed September 9, 2019

Hearing Decision mailed January 23, 2020

Owner Appeal filed February 10, 2020

# 027214

## RECEIVED CITY OF OAKLAND

## RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM2019 APR 29 PM 2: 17

CITY OF OAKLAND

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

**TENANT PETITION** 

Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can. Failure to provide needed information may result in your petition being rejected or delayed.

Please print legibly				
Your Name		Rental	Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Colleen Jeffers		7123	Holly St #1	510-917-2839
			and, CA 94621	E-mail: jeffers_colleen@yahoo.com
Your Representative's Name		Mailin	g Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
				Email:
Property Owner(s) name(s)	····	Mailin	g Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
BD Opportunity 1 LP		1	Woodside Terrace ont, CA 94539	Email:
Property Manager or Manager (if applicable) Pama Management	nent Co.	4900	g Address (with zip code) Santa Anita Ave, Suite 2C onte, CA 91731	Telephone: 626-575-3070 Email:
Number of units on the pro	perty: 6		·	
Type of unit you rent (check one)			☐ Condominium	Apartment, Room, or Live-Work
Are you current on your rent? (check one)		Yes		
If you are not current on your ren your unit.)	t, please exp	lain. (If yo	ou are legally withholding rent state wh	nat, if any, habitability violations exist in

I. GROUNDS FOR PETITION: Check all that apply. You must check at least one box. For all of the grounds for a petition see OMC 8.22.070 and OMC 8.22.090. I (We) contest one or more rent increases on one or more of the following grounds:

X	(a) The CPI and/or banked rent increase notice I was given was calculated incorrectly.
X	(b) The increase(s) exceed(s) the CPI Adjustment and is (are) unjustified or is (are) greater than 10%.
	(c) I received a rent increase notice before the property owner received approval from the Pent Adjustment

Program for such an increase and the rent increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and the available banked Rev. 2/10/17

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

rent increase.						
(d) No written notice of Rent Program was given to me together with the notice of increase(s) I am						
contesting. (Only for increases noticed after July 26, 2000.)						
(e) The property owner did not give me the required form "Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program" at least						
6 months before the effective date of the rent increase(s).						
(f) The rent increase notice(s) was (were) not given to me in compliance with State law.						
(g) The increase I am contesting is the second increase in my rent in a 12-month period.						
(h) There is a current health, safety, fire, or building code violation in my unit, or there are serious problems						
with the conditions in the unit because the owner failed to do requested repair and maintenance. (Complete						
Section III on following page)						
(i) The owner is providing me with fewer housing services than I received previously or is charging me for						
services originally paid by the owner. (OMC 8.22.070(F): A decrease in housing services is considered an						
increase in rent. A tenant may petition for a rent adjustment based on a decrease in housing services.)						
(Complete Section III on following page)						
(j) My rent was not reduced after a prior rent increase period for a Capital Improvement had expired.						
(k) The proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years. (The 5-year period						
begins with rent increases noticed on or after August 1, 2014).						
(1) I wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on						
fraud or mistake (OMC 8.22, Article I)						
(m) The owner did not give me a summary of the justification(s) for the increase despite my written request.						
(n) The rent was raised <u>illegally</u> after the unit was vacated as set forth under OMC 8.22.080.						

### II. RENTAL HISTORY: (You must complete this section)

Date you moved into the Unit:	2/2013	Initial Rent: \$	950	/montl
When did the owner first provide existence of the Rent Adjustment	you with the RAP No Program? Date: N	OTICE, a written NOTICE. If 1		IANTS of the led, enter "Never."
Is your rent subsidized or control	led by any governmer	nt agency, including HU	D (Section S	8)? Yes No

List all rent increases that you want to challenge. Begin with the most recent and work backwards. If you need additional space, please attach another sheet. If you never received the RAP Notice you can contest all past increases. You must check "Yes" next to each increase that you are challenging.

Date you received the notice (mo/day/year)	Date increase goes into effect (mo/day/year)	es into effect		Are you C this Increa Petiti	ase in this	Did You I Rent Pi Notice V Notic Incre	ogram Vith the e Of
3/9/2019	4/1/2019	\$ 951.39	\$ 1046.00	X Yes	□No	☐ Yes	<b>X</b> No
9/2019	10/1/2017	\$ 930.00	\$ 951.39	X Yes	□No	□ Yes	M No
		\$	\$	□ Yes	□No	☐ Yes	□ No
		\$	\$	□Yes	□ No	□Yes	□No
		\$	\$	□Yes	□No	□ Yes	□No
·		\$	\$	□ Yes	□No	□ Yes	□No

Rev. 2/10/17

\* You have 90 days from the date of notice of increase or from the first date you received written notice of the existence of the Rent Adjustment program (whichever is later) to contest a rent increase. (O.M.C. 8.22.090 A 2) If you did not receive a RAP Notice with the rent increase you are contesting but have received it in the past, you have 120 days to file a petition. (O.M.C. 8.22.090 A 3)

Have you	ever filed	a	petition	for	this	rental	unit?

- Yes
- No

List case number(s) of all Petition(s) you have ever filed for this rental unit and all other relevant Petitions:

#### T16-0526

### III. DESCRIPTION OF DECREASED OR INADEQUATE HOUSING SERVICES:

Decreased or inadequate housing services are considered an increase in rent. If you claim an unlawful rent increase for problems in your unit, or because the owner has taken away a housing service, you must complete this section.

Are you being charged for services originally paid by the owner? ☐ Yes No No Have you lost services originally provided by the owner or have the conditions changed? X Yes □ No Are you claiming any serious problem(s) with the condition of your rental unit? X Yes  $\square$  No

If you answered "Yes" to any of the above, or if you checked box (h) or (i) on page 2, please attach a separate sheet listing a description of the reduced service(s) and problem(s). Be sure to include the following:

- 1) a list of the lost housing service(s) or problem(s);
- 2) the date the loss(es) or problem(s) began or the date you began paying for the service(s)
- 3) when you notified the owner of the problem(s); and
- 4) how you calculate the dollar value of lost service(s) or problem(s).

Please attach documentary evidence if available.

You have the option to have a City inspector come to your unit and inspect for any code violation. To make an appointment, call the City of Oakland, Code of Compliance Unit at (510) 238-3381,

#### **IV. VERIFICATION:** The tenant must sign:

I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that everything I said in this petition is true and that all of the documents attached to the petition are true copies of the originals.

 $\frac{4-29-2019}{\text{Date}}$ 

V. MEDIATION AVAILABLE: Mediation is an entirely voluntary process to assist you in reaching an agreement with the owner. If both parties agree, you have the option to mediate your complaints before a hearing is held. If the parties do not reach an agreement in mediation, your case will go to a formal hearing before a different Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer.

You may choose to have the mediation conducted by a Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer or select an outside mediator. Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officers conduct mediation sessions free of charge. If you and the owner agree to an outside mediator, please call (510) 238-3721 to make arrangements. Any fees charged by an outside mediator for mediation of rent disputes will be the responsibility of the parties requesting the use of their services.

Mediation will be scheduled only if both parties agree (after both your petition and the owner's response have been filed with the Rent Adjustment Program). The Rent Adjustment Program will not schedule a mediation session if the owner does not file a response to the petition. Rent Board Regulation 8.22.100.A.

If you want to schedule your case for med	iation, sign below.		
I agree to have my case mediated by a Rent A	Adjustment Program Staff Hearing Officer (no charge)	)•	
Tenant's Signature	Date		

#### VI. IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

Drintad form provided by the oxymer

<u>Time to File</u> This form must be received at the offices of the City of Oakland, Rent Adjustment Program, Dalziel Building, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza Suite 5313, Oakland, CA 94612 within the time limit for filing a petition set out in the Rent Adjustment Ordinance, Oakland Municipal Code, Chapter 8.22. Board Staff cannot grant an extension of time to file your petition by phone. For more information, please call: (510) 238-3721.

#### File Review

Your property owner(s) will be required to file a response to this petition within 35 days of notification by the Rent Adjustment Program. You will be sent a copy of the Property Owner's Response. The petition and attachments to the petition can be found by logging into the RAP Online Petitioning System and accessing your case once this system is available. If you would like to review the attachments in person, please call the Rent Adjustment Program office at (510) 238-3721 to make an appointment.

### VII. HOW DID YOU LEARN ABOUT THE RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM?

 Finited form provided by the owner
 Pamphlet distributed by the Rent Adjustment Program
 Legal services or community organization
Sign on bus or bus shelter
 Rent Adjustment Program web site
 Other (describe):

## PAMA MANAGEMENT, INC.

## NOTICE OF CHANGE IN TERMS OF **TENANCY**

(Rent Increase)

4900 SANTA ANITA AVE., SUITE 2C

EL MONTE, CA 91731 Phone: (626) 575-3070 FAX: (626) 575-7817

FAX: (626) 575-3084

Resident(s): COLLEEN JEFFERS- and all others in possession of:

Premises:

7123 HOLLY ST #1

OAKLAND, CA 94621

### TO RESIDENT(S):

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the terms of your month-to month tenancy of the above-described premises are changed in the following respects, as indicated by the Check mark on the line (s) before the applicable paragraph (s)

Rent Increase of 10% or less-

Old Rental Amount \$ 951.39 New Rental Amount \$ 1046

Effective Date: April 1, 2019

Rent Due Date: 1st day of each calendar month

(Pursuant to California Civil Code 827: If this rent increase plus all rent increases during the prior 12 months does not increase the rent by a cumulative amount over 10%, this rent increase notice will be effective in 30 days if personally served upon you or 35 days if served by mail in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure 1013)

#### Rent Increase over 10%-

Old Rental Amount New Rental Amount

Effective Date:

Rent Due Date: 1st day of each calendar month.

(Pursuant to California Civil Code 827: If this rent increase plus all rent increases during the prior 12 months has been increased by a cumulative amount over 10%, this rent increase notice will be effective in 60 days if personally served upon you or 65 days if served by mail in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure 1013)

Except as herein provided, all other terms of your tenancy shall remain in full force and effect.

"AS REQUIRED BY LAW, YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT A NEGATIVE CREDIT REPORT REFLECTING ON YOUR CREDIT RECORD MAY BE SUBMITTED TO A CREDIT REPORTING AGENCY IF YOU FAIL TO FULFILL THE TERMS OF YOUR CREDIT OBLIGATIONS." CC1785@(2).

Date: February 17, 2019

Landlord

## T19.0325 KM/EL



## CITY OF OAKLAND

## RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

P.O. Box 70243 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

## For date stamp

JUN 24 2019

LENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM
TENANT PETPTION

## <u>Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can</u>. Failure to provide needed information may result in your petition being rejected or delayed.

Please print legibly	•			
Your Name		Renta	al Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
Colleen Jeffers			B Holly St #1	510-917-2839
		Oakl	and, CA 94621	E-mail: jeffers_colleen@yahoo.com
Your Representative's Nar	ne	Maili	ng Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
				Email:
Property Owner(s) name(s)	)	Mailir	ng Address (with zip code)	Telephone:
BD Opportunity 1 LP		3340 Woodside Terrace Fremont, CA 94539		Email:
				•
Property Manager or Management Co. (if applicable)  Pama Management		Mailing Address (with zip code) 4900 Santa Anita Ave, Suite 2C El Monte, CA 91731		Telephone: 626-575-3070 Email:
·				Isman.
Number of units on the p	property: 6			
Type of unit you rent (check one)	□ но	ouse	☐ Condominium	Apartment, Room, or Live-Work
Are you current on your rent? (check one)	Z Y	es	□ No	
If you are not current on your i	rent, please expl	ain. (If yo	ou are legally withholding rent state wha	t, if any, habitability violations exist in

<u>I. GROUNDS FOR PETITION</u>: Check all that apply. You must check at least one box. For all of the grounds for a petition see OMC 8.22.070 and OMC 8.22.090. I (We) contest one or more rent increases on one or more of the following grounds:

Y	(a) The CPI and/or banked rent increase notice I was given was calculated incorrectly.
_	(a) The CFI and/or banked rent increase notice I was given was calculated incorrectly
X	(h) The increase(s) and 1/ 1/ CDY 1 !!
	(b) The increase(s) exceed(s) the CPI Adjustment and is (are) unjustified or is (are) greater than 10%.
	(a) I received a most in the state of the st
X	(0) I received a refit increase flotice before the property owner received approval from the Rept A division of
	Program for such an increase and the such in the Rent Adjustment
	Program for such an increase and the rent increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and the available banked

Rev. 2/10/17

Г	rent increase.
>	contesting. (Only for increases noticed after July 26, 2000)
X	(e) The property owner did not give me the required form "Notice of the Rent Adjustment Program" at least 6 months before the effective date of the rent increase(s).
X	(f) The rent increase notice(s) was (were) not given to me in compliance with State law.
_	(g) The increase I am contesting is the second increase in my rent in a 12-month period.
X	(h) There is a current health, safety, fire, or building code violation in my unit, or there are serious problems with the conditions in the unit because the owner failed to do requested repair and maintenance. (Complete Section III on following page)
X	increase in rent. A tenant may petition for a rent adjustment based on a decrease in housing services.)  (Complete Section III on following page)
	(j) My rent was not reduced after a prior rent increase period for a Capital Improvement had expired.
	(k) The proposed rent increase would exceed an overall increase of 30% in 5 years. (The 5-year period begins with rent increases noticed on or after August 1, 2014).
	(1) I wish to contest an exemption from the Rent Adjustment Ordinance because the exemption was based on fraud or mistake (OMC 8.22, Article I)
	(m) The owner did not give me a summary of the justification(s) for the increase despite my written request.
	(n) The rent was raised <u>illegally</u> after the unit was vacated as set forth under OMC 8.22.080.

## II. RENTAL HISTORY: (You must complete this section)

Date you moved into the Unit:	2/2013	Initial Rent: \$	950	/month
When did the owner first provide existence of the Rent Adjustment	you with the RAP No Program? Date: _N	OTICE, a written NOT lever If	ICE TO TEN never provid	ANTS of the led, enter "Never."
Is your rent subsidized or controll	ed by any governmen	nt agency, including HU	JD (Section 8	3)? Yes No

List all rent increases that you want to challenge. Begin with the most recent and work backwards. If you need additional space, please attach another sheet. If you never received the RAP Notice you can contest all past increases. You must check "Yes" next to each increase that you are challenging.

Date you received the notice (mo/day/year)	Date increase goes into effect (mo/day/year)	Monthly rent increase  From To		this Incre	Contesting ase in this ion?*	Notice V	rogram Vith the ce Of
5/15/2019	7/1/2019	\$ 951.39	\$ 1018.16	X Yes	□No	Incre  ☐ Yes	M No
3/9/2019	4/1/2019	\$ 951.39	\$ 1046.00	X Yes	□No	□ Yes	X No
9/2017	10/1/2017	\$ 930.00	\$ 951.39	¥ Yes	□No	□Yes	<b>X</b> No
		\$	\$	□ Yes	□ No	□Yes	□No
		\$	\$	□ Yes	□No	□Yes	□No
		\$	\$	□ Yes	□No	□ Yes	□No

Rev. 2/10/17

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

* You have 90 days from the date of notice of increase or from the first date you received writt existence of the Rent Adjustment program (whichever is later) to contest a rent increase. (O.N. you did not receive a <i>RAP Notice</i> with the rent increase you are contesting but have received it have 120 days to file a petition. (O.M.C. 8.22.090 A 3)	M C 8 22 AC	00 4 2) 1
Have you ever filed a petition for this rental unit?  Yes □ No		
List case number(s) of all Petition(s) you have ever filed for this rental unit and all other rel  I filed a petition on 5/29/2019, T16-0526	evant Petit	ions:
III. DESCRIPTION OF DECREASED OR INADEQUATE HOUSING SERV Decreased or inadequate housing services are considered an increase in rent. If you climent increase for problems in your unit, or because the owner has taken away a housing service this section.	aim an unla	awful ust
Are you being charged for services originally paid by the owner?  Have you lost services originally provided by the owner or have the conditions changed?  Are you claiming any serious problem(s) with the condition of your rental unit?	□ Yes  M Yes  Yes	M No □ No □ No
If you answered "Yes" to any of the above, or if you checked box (h) or (i) on page separate sheet listing a description of the reduced service(s) and problem(s). Be su following:  1) a list of the lost housing service(s) or problem(s); 2) the date the loss(es) or problem(s) began or the date you began paying for the s 3) when you notified the owner of the problem(s); and 4) how you calculate the dollar value of lost service(s) or problem(s).  Please attach documentary evidence if available.	ure to incl	attach a lude th
You have the option to have a City inspector come to your unit and inspect for any code vio appointment, call the City of Oakland, Code of Compliance Unit at (510) 238-3381.	lation. To r	nake an
IV. VERIFICATION: The tenant must sign:		
I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that e in this petition is true and that all of the documents attached to the petition are true coloriginals.	verything pies of the	I said
Tenant's Signature  5-30-2  Date	019	

V. MEDIATION AVAILABLE: Mediation is an entirely voluntary process to assist you in reaching an agreement with the owner. If both parties agree, you have the option to mediate your complaints before a hearing is held. If the parties do not reach an agreement in mediation, your case will go to a formal hearing before a different Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer.

You may choose to have the mediation conducted by a Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officer or select an outside mediator. Rent Adjustment Program Hearing Officers conduct mediation sessions free of charge. If you and the owner agree to an outside mediator, please call (510) 238-3721 to make arrangements. Any fees charged by an outside mediator for mediation of rent disputes will be the responsibility of the parties requesting the use of their services.

Mediation will be scheduled only if both parties agree (after both your petition and the owner's response have been filed with the Rent Adjustment Program). The Rent Adjustment Program will not schedule a mediation session if the owner does not file a response to the petition. Rent Board Regulation 8.22.100.A.

If you	want to	<u>o schedule</u>	your case	for 1	mediation,	sign	below.
		STATE	Tour cuse	101 1	medianon,	PIZIT	DCIUTY.

I agree to have my	case mediated by a R	Rent Adjustment	Program	Staff Hearing	Officer	(no charge).
4						- ,

Tenant'	S	Signature
---------	---	-----------

Date

### VI. IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

<u>Time to File</u> This form must be received at the offices of the City of Oakland, Rent Adjustment Program, Dalziel Building, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza Suite 5313, Oakland, CA 94612 within the time limit for filing a petition set out in the Rent Adjustment Ordinance, Oakland Municipal Code, Chapter 8.22. Board Staff cannot grant an extension of time to file your petition by phone. For more information, please call: (510) 238-3721.

#### File Review

Your property owner(s) will be required to file a response to this petition within 35 days of notification by the Rent Adjustment Program. You will be sent a copy of the Property Owner's Response. The petition and attachments to the petition can be found by logging into the RAP Online Petitioning System and accessing your case once this system is available. If you would like to review the attachments in person, please call the Rent Adjustment Program office at (510) 238-3721 to make an appointment.

## VII. HOW DID YOU LEARN ABOUT THE RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM?

 Frinted form provided by the owner
 Pamphlet distributed by the Rent Adjustment Program
 Legal services or community organization
 Sign on bus or bus shelter
 Rent Adjustment Program web site
 Other (describe):

Tenant Petitioner Colleen Jeffers 7123 Holly Street #1 Oakland, CA 94621

## Addendum A- Decreases in Services and Bad Conditions

The bad conditions and decreases of service I am experiencing are enumerated in the tenant petition I filed on April 29, 2019.

## RECEIVED CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ARBITRATION PROGRAM

2019 JUN 24 PM 1:35

Colleen Jeffers 7123 Holly Street #1 Oakland, CA 94621

City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Program Department of Housing and Community Development 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza Oakland, CA 94612

Via Hand Delivery

June 21, 2019

## RE: Request for consolidation with petition filed 4/29/19

I filed a tenant petition on April 29, 2019. I have not yet received a notice of hearing or a case number. I received a second rent increase that I am contesting via the attached petition. Please consolidate this attached petition with the one I filed 4/29/19. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Colleen Jeffers

Pama Management 4900 Santa Anita Ave #2C El Monte, CA 91731

May 15, 2019

Ms Colleen Jeffers 7123 Holly St #1 Oakland, CA 94621

RE: April 1, 2019 Rent Increase Rescission, New Increase Enclosed

Dear Ms. Jeffers:

Enclosed with this letter is a new rent increase that becomes effective July 1, 2019. This increase is allowable by the city of Oakland under the "Banking" justification. Because a rent increase was not applied in 2018 for a CPI rate of 3.4%, this rent increase takes that CPI rate into account. The two CPI rates used are 2018 - 3.4% and 2019 - 3.5%.

If you have any questions, please call  $626-575-3070 \times 226$ 

Thank you

Pama Management

## NOTICE OF CHANGE IN TERMS OF **TENANCY**

(Rent Increase)

4900 SANTA ANITA AVE., SUITE 2C

EL MONTE, CA 91731 Phone: (626) 575-3070

FAX: (626) 575-7817 FAX: (626) 575-3084

Resident(s): COLLEEN JEFFERS- and all others in possession of:

Premises:

7123 HOLLY ST #1

OAKLAND, CA 94621

### TO RESIDENT(S):

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the terms of your month-to month tenancy of the above-described premises are changed in the following respects, as indicated by the Check mark on the line (s) before the applicable paragraph (s)

#### Rent Increase of 10% or less-

Old Rental Amount \$ 951.39 New Rental Amount \$ 1018.16

Effective Date: July 1, 2019

Rent Due Date: 1st day of each calendar month

(Pursuant to California Civil Code 827: If this rent increase plus all rent increases during the prior 12 months does not increase the rent by a cumulative amount over 10%, this rent increase notice will be effective in 30 days if personally served upon you or 35 days if served by mail in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure 1013)

#### Rent Increase over 10%-

Old Rental Amount New Rental Amount

Effective Date:

Rent Due Date: 1st day of each calendar month.

(Pursuant to California Civil Code 827: If this rent increase plus all rent increases during the prior 12 months has been increased by a cumulative amount over 10%, this rent increase notice will be effective in 60 days if personally served upon you or 65 days if served by mail in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure 1013)

Except as herein provided, all other terms of your tenancy shall remain in full force and effect.

"AS REQUIRED BY LAW, YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT A NEGATIVE CREDIT REPORT REFLECTING ON YOUR CREDIT RECORD MAY BE SUBMITTED TO A CREDIT REPORTING AGENCY IF YOU FAIL TO FULFILL THE TERMS OF YOUR CREDIT OBLIGATIONS." CC1785©(2).

Date: May 15, 2019

Landlord



## CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313 Oakland, CA 94612-0243 (510) 238-3721

## FRECEIVED

SEP 09 2019

RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

Telephone:

RESPONSE

Please Fill Out This Form As Completely As You Can. Failure to provide needed information may result in your response being rejected or delayed.

Complete Address (with zip code)

### CASE NUMBER TI9-0274

Your Name

BD OPPORTUNITY 1 LP	3340 WOODSIDE TERRALS	666-575-3070		
	FILENOUT, CA 91751	Email: Nevin Diamang, Com		
Your Representative's Name (if any)	Complete Address (with zip code)	Telephone:		
		Email:		
Tenant(s) Name(s)	Complete Address (with zip code) 7123 Hower St #1 0AKCAND, (A 9762)	* Presse see attachment A for response explanation, rescinding		
Property Address (If the property has n	nore than one address, list all addresses)	Total number of units on property		
The property owner must have a current ( not be considered in a Rent Adjustment p  Have you paid the current year's Rent The property owner must be current on pa	ness License? Yes No Lic. Nur Dakland Business License. If it is not current roceeding. Please provide proof of payment t Program Service Fee (\$68 per unit)? Ye ayment of the RAP Service Fee. If the fee is at Adjustment proceeding. Please provide pr	an Owner Petition or Response may t.  S   No □ APN: 39330813  not current, an Owner Petition or		
Date on which you acquired the build		oor or paymone.		
Is there more than one street address of	on the parcel? Yes 🗆 No 🗹 .			
Type of unit (Circle One): House / Co	ondominium/ (partment), room, or live-w	ork		

For more information phone (510)-238-3721.

I. JUSTIFICATION FOR RENT INCREASE You must check the appropriate justification(s) box for each increase greater than the Annual CPI adjustment contested in the tenant(s) petition. For the detailed text of these justifications, see Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22 and the Rent Board Regulations. You can get additional information and copies of the Ordinance and Regulations from the Rent Program office in person or by phoning (510) 238-3721.

You must prove the contested rent increase is justified. For each justification checked on the following table, you must attach organized documentary evidence demonstrating your entitlement to the increase. This documentation may include cancelled checks, receipts, and invoices. Undocumented expenses, except certain maintenance, repair, legal, accounting and management expenses, will not usually be allowed.

Date of Contested Increase	Banking (deferred annual increases )	Increased Housing Service Costs	Capital Improvements	Uninsured Repair Costs	Debt Service	Fair Return
			. 🗅			

If you are justifying additional contested increases, please attach a separate sheet.

this section. If you leave this section bla	ee Rent History stated on the Tenant Petition, state the correct information in task, the rent history on the tenant's petition will be considered correct
The tenant moved into the rental unit on	

The tenant moved into the rental unit on	
The tenant's initial rent including all services provided was: \$	/ month.
Have you (or a previous Owner) given the City of Oakland's form entitle RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM" ("RAP Notice") to all of the petitio know	ed "NOTICE TO TENANTS OF RESIDENTIAL oning tenants? Yes No I don't
If yes, on what date was the Notice first given?	
Is the tenant current on the rent? Yes No	
Begin with the most recent rent and work backwards. If you need more st	pace please attach another sheet

Date Notice Given	Date Increase Effective	Rent Increased		Did you provide the "RAP NOTICE" with the notice of
(mo./day/year)		From	To	rent increase?
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No
•		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No
		\$	\$	□ Yes □ No

### III. EXEMPTION

If you claim that your property is exempt from Rent Adjustment (Oakland Municipal Code Chapter 8.22), please check one or more of the grounds:
The unit is a single family residence or condominium exempted by the Costa Hawkins Rental Housing Act (California Civil Code 1954.50, et seq.). If claiming exemption under Costa-Hawkins, please answer the following questions on a separate sheet:
<ol> <li>Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice to quit (Civil Code Section 1946)?</li> <li>Did the prior tenant leave after being given a notice of rent increase (Civil Code Section 827)?</li> <li>Was the prior tenant evicted for cause?</li> <li>Are there any outstanding violations of building housing, fire or safety codes in the unit or building?</li> <li>Is the unit a single family dwelling or condominium that can be sold separately?</li> <li>Did the petitioning tenant have roommates when he/she moved in?</li> <li>If the unit is a condominium, did you purchase it? If so: 1) from whom? 2) Did you purchase the entire building?</li> </ol>
The rent for the unit is <b>controlled</b> , <b>regulated or subsidized</b> by a governmental unit, agency or authority

OHIOI L	that the City of Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance.
□ 1983.	The unit was newly constructed and a certificate of occupancy was issued for it on or after January 1
□ house	On the day the petition was filed, the tenant petitioner was a resident of a motel, hotel, or boarding less than 30 days.
□ of new	The subject unit is in a building that was <b>rehabilitated</b> at a cost of 50% or more of the average basic construction.
□ home,	The unit is an accommodation in a hospital, convent, monastery, extended care facility, convalescent non-profit home for aged, or dormitory owned and operated by an educational institution.
	The unit is located in a building with three or fewer units. The owner occupies one of the units lously as his or her principal residence and has done so for at least one year.

## IV. DECREASED HOUSING SERVICES

If the petition filed by your tenant claims **Decreased Housing Services**, state your position regarding the tenant's claim(s) of decreased housing services. If you need more space attach a separate sheet. Submit any documents, photographs or other tangible evidence that supports your position.

#### V. VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that all statements made in this Response are true and that all of the documents attached hereto are true copies of the originals.

Property Owner's Signature

9/8/19

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

#### Time to File

This form must be received by the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP), 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, Oakland, CA 94612-0243, within 35 days after a copy of the tenant petition was mailed to you. Timely mailing as shown by a postmark does not suffice. The date of mailing is shown on the Proof of Service attached to the response documents mailed to you. If the RAP office is closed on the last day to file, the time to file is extended to the next day the office is open.

You can date-stamp and drop your Response in the Rent Adjustment drop box at the Housing Assistance Center. The Housing Assistance Center is open Monday through Friday, except holidays, from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

#### File Review

You should have received a copy of the petition (and claim of decreased housing services) filed by your tenant. When the RAP Online Petitioning System is available, you will be able to view the response and attachments by logging in and accessing your case files. If you would like to review the attachments in person, please call the Rent Adjustment Program office at (510) 238-3721 to make an appointment.

#### Mediation Program

Mediation is an entirely voluntary process to assist you in reaching an agreement with your tenant. In mediation, the parties discuss the situation with someone not involved in the dispute, discuss the relative strengths and weaknesses of the parties' case, and consider their needs in the situation. Your tenant may have agreed to mediate his/her complaints by signing the mediation section in the copy of the petition mailed to you. If the tenant signed for mediation and if you also agree to mediation, a mediation session will be scheduled before the hearing with a RAP staff member trained in mediation.

If the tenant did not sign for mediation, you may want to discuss that option with them. You and your tenant may agree to have your case mediated at any time before the hearing by submitted a written request signed by both of you. If you and the tenant agree to a non-staff mediator, please call (510) 238-3721 to make arrangements. Any fees charged by a non-staff mediator are the responsibility of the parties that participate. You may bring a friend, representative or attorney to the mediation session. Mediation will be scheduled only if both parties agree and after your response has been filed with the RAP.

If you want to schedule your case for mediation and the tenant has already agreed to mediation on their petition, sign below.

I agree to have my case mediated by a Rent	Adjustment Program Staff member at no charge
--	--

Property Owner's Signature

Date

4

#### Attachment A

The rent increase effective July 1, 2019 for Colleen Jeffers at 7123 Holly St #1, Oakland, CA 94621, has been rescinded and the tenant was notified. The decrease in services are not services, but rather conditions. All items listed either show as being corrected or have been corrected. Discussions have been made with the tenant regarding current condition and maintenance items, and there are no 'services' that need attention. The management team is in the process of repairing minor, non-urgent, items in the tenant's unit.

Given all this information and the status quo, there should be no need for a hearing and this case should be dismissed.

If there are any additional inquiries or needed items, please contact Pama Management at 626-575-3070 x226 or <a href="mailto:Nevin@pamamgt.com">Nevin@pamamgt.com</a>



DALZIEL BUILDING • 250 FRANK H. OGAWA PLAZA, SUITE 5313 • OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94612-2034

Housing and Community Development Department Rent Adjustment Program

TEL (510) 238-3721 FAX (510) 238-6181 CA Relay Service 711

## **HEARING DECISION**

**CASE NUMBER:** 

T19-0272, Jeffers v. BD Opportunity 1, LP

T19-0325, Jeffers v. BD Opportunity 1, LP

**PROPERTY ADDRESS:** 

7123 Holly Street, Unit 1

Oakland, CA

DATE OF HEARING:

**November 7, 2019** 

DATE OF SUBMISSION:

November 21, 2019

DATE OF DECISION:

January 21, 2020

**APPEARANCES:** 

Colleen Jeffers, Tenant

Xavier Johnson, Tenant Representative Christina Micciche, Owner Representative

## **SUMMARY OF DECISION**

The Tenant's petition is granted.

## **INTRODUCTION**

The tenant filed the petition, T19-0325, on June 24, 2019, which contests a rent increase effective July 1, 2019, raising the rent from \$951.39 to \$1,018.16, and a rent increase effective April 1, 2019, raising the rent from \$951.39 to \$1,046.00 on the following grounds:

• The CPI¹ was calculated incorrectly;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Consumer Price Index

- The increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is greater than 10%:
- The rent increase was not approved and exceeded the banked increase;
- No Notice to Tenants of the Residential Rent Adjustment Program Notice (RAP Notice) at Inception or 6 Months Prior; and
- Rent Increase Violates State Law.

The petition also alleges decreased housing services and indicates that she has never received a RAP Notice.

The tenant filed the petition, T19-0272, on April 29, 2019, which contests a rent increase effective April 1, 2019, raising the rent from \$951.39 to \$1,046.00 and a rent increase effective October 1, 2017, raising the rent from \$930.00 to \$951.39, on the following grounds:

- The CPI was calculated incorrectly;
- The increase exceeds the CPI Adjustment and is greater than 10%:
- The rent increase was not approved and exceeded the banked increase;
- No RAP Notice at Inception or 6 Months Prior; and
- Rent Increase Violates State Law.

The petition also alleges decreased housing services and indicates that she has never received a RAP Notice.

The owner only filed a timely response to the tenant petition in T19-0272. The owner did not file an Owner Response to the tenant petition in T19-0325.

## **ISSUE(S) PRESENTED**

- 1. When, if ever, was the tenant given the RAP Notice?
- 2. What is the allowable rent?
- 3. Has the tenant suffered decreased housing services?
- 4. If so, what, if any, restitution is owed to the tenant, and how does that impact the rent?

//

### **EVIDENCE**

### Rental History

The subject unit was rented by the tenant in February 2013, at an initial rate of \$950.00, per month. The tenant testified that she did not receive a RAP Notice at the inception of her tenancy. She also testified that she did file a petition with the Rent Adjustment Program, previously.<sup>2</sup> After receiving the decision in the prior case, the tenant paid \$930.00, pursuant to the decision. The tenant has not received any rent increase notices from the owner, indicating that the conditions have been restored.

The tenant testified she received the following Notices of Rent Increase:<sup>3</sup>

- \$930.00 to \$951.39, effective October 1, 2017;
- \$951.39 to \$1,046.00, effective April 1, 2019;
- \$951.39 to \$1018.16, effective July 1, 2019; and
- \$951.39 to \$1018.16, effective October 1, 2019.

The tenant testified that she is currently paying \$1,018.16 and has done that for two months. The tenant testified that she also paid \$1051.39 per month for rent as well. The tenant testified that while she could not remember exactly what months she paid what amount, she did have receipts for some of her rent payments.<sup>4</sup> The rent receipts indicate that the tenant made the following rent payments:

Date of	Amount of
Receipt	Receipt
02/2/17	\$ 950.00
04/03/17	\$ 930.00
07/02/17	\$ 930.00
10/02/17	\$ 930.00
	\$ 951.50
06/24/18	\$ 951.39
11/29/18	\$ 951.56
12/23/18	\$ 951.56
02/23/19	\$ 951.56

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> T16-0526, Jeffers v. Pama Management.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Exhibit A. This Exhibit, and all other Exhibits to which reference is made in this Decision, were admitted into evidence without objection

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Exhibit B.

03/29/19	\$ 49.00
07/21/19	\$ 951.39
	\$1,000.00
09/28/19	\$1,000.00
09/28/19	\$ 18.16

The tenant testified that she has some rent receipts for rental payments; however, she indicated that she did not have every single receipt.<sup>5</sup>

## **Decreased Housing Services**

#### Water Leaks

The tenant testified that there was a plumbing leak from the upstairs unit into the bathroom in her unit, in October 2016. The tenant testified that she called the property owner when she noticed the leak. She testified that the leak was resolved in two days but that nothing had been done to address the mold and water seepage issues.<sup>6</sup>

A Notice of Violation, dated March 26, 2019, was issued for the subject unit. The subject unit was cited for a violation for water intrusion damage over the front door.<sup>7</sup>

# Gas Shutoff

The tenant testified that there was an extended gas shut off that resulted in no heat and hot water; additionally, she was unable to use the stove or oven.<sup>8</sup> She testified that she took a picture of the PG&E shutoff notice and sent it via text on March 10, 2019, and that the gas was off for approximately three weeks.

# Kitchen cabinets and walls

The tenant testified that the cabinet and walls were damaged from the water leak in 2016. The tenant testified that the kitchen cabinets, walls, and baseboards have not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The parties were allotted additional time to provide documentation regarding rent paid. The respondent was given seven days to provide a rent ledger. The petitioner was given until November 14, 2019, to review and respond. The matter was to be submitted for decision by November 21, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Exhibit G.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Exhibit D.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Exhibit C.

been addressed since the leak. The tenant further testified that a couple of months ago, the property owner sent someone out who painted the kitchen cabinets. The tenant testified the cabinets were painted without cleaning and that as a result, some of the cabinets are different colors. She admitted that she's reluctant to have guests because of the condition of the cabinets. She also testified that she is still getting leaks as recently as a few days before the hearing. She reported a few days before the hearing that she went to retrieve something in the cabinet, and it was wet. She reported this instance to Rosie, the agent of the owner.

#### **Windows**

The tenant testified that the front-facing windows are not properly sealed and that they let in car exhaust and cold air. The tenant testified that she first noticed the windows were letting in exhaust in early 2017. She notified the previous property management company. The tenant testified that the owner changed all the windows, except for hers. As a result, she has difficulty breathing.

The Notice of Violation, dated March 26, 2019, includes a violation for the front bedroom window, next to the parking lot.<sup>9</sup>

### Infestation

The tenant testified she noticed the roach infestation and reported the condition. She reported that the property owner had someone coming out spraying, but that they only spray one unit. She has not noticed a decrease in the infestation. Additionally, there is a rodent infestation. She was unable to recall the number of mice she has seen in the unit. The tenant testified that she sees a mouse almost every other day.

The subject unit was inspected by the Alameda County Health Care Services Agency, Vector Control Services District. The Request for Services, dated October 4, 2019, indicates that the inspection revealed signs of cockroaches as well as mice droppings.<sup>10</sup>

//		
//		
<sup>9</sup> Exhibit D. <sup>10</sup> Exhibit E.		

## Rebuttal testimony

The owner's representative offered rebuttal testimony. She testified that she did not know the amount of rent the tenant was paying. She testified that she is a supervisor at the property management company and that the subject unit is not under her supervision, nor is the person who supervises the building. The owner representative indicated that the property she supervises is in Stockton, CA, but that it is not rent-controlled. Furthermore, she testified that she does not supervise any properties subject to a rent ordinance.

The owner representative testified that she was not aware of any of the conditions alleged by the tenant in her petition.

The owner's representative was asked to attend the Hearing, based upon her proximity to the Hearing location. She was initially relocated to supervise the Stockton properties, for three months, but has been there for six months. The owner representative did not have the opportunity to do a site visit of the subject unit. She testified that she had never been to the subject property.

The representative found out about the Hearing, from her boss, DJ, the day before the Hearing. She received documents that had been scanned to her from Nevin, in the legal department. She does not participate in the process or know what the process is to respond to a tenant's petition, and their corporate office handles that.

# FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

When, if ever, was the tenant given written notice of the Rent Adjustment Program (RAP Notice)?

The Rent Adjustment Ordinance requires an owner to serve the RAP Notice at the start of a tenancy<sup>11</sup> and, together with any notice of rent increase or change in the terms of a tenancy.<sup>12</sup>

The Hearing Decision issued in the prior petition, T16-0526, was issued on January 25, 2017, and was not appealed. The Hearing Decision is final. Official notice is taken of T16-0526. The Hearing Decision set the base rent at \$950.00, less ongoing decreased housing services in the amount of \$20.00. The decision

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> O.M.C. § 8.22.060(A)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> O.M.C. § 8.22.070(H)(1)(A)

also found that the tenant had not been served with the RAP Notice. Further, the testimony that she has not received a RAP Notice was undisputed. Accordingly, the tenant was not given written notice of the RAP Program.

#### What is the allowable rent?

The Rent Adjustment Ordinance requires an owner to serve a RAP Notice at the start of a tenancy<sup>13</sup> and together with any notice of rent increase or change in any term of the tenancy.<sup>14</sup> An owner may cure the failure to give notice at the start of the tenancy. However, a notice of rent increase is not valid if the effective date of increase is less than six months after a tenant first receives the required RAP notice.<sup>15</sup>

Again, Official notice is taken of T16-0526. The Hearing Decision set the base rent at \$950.00, less ongoing decreased housing services in the amount of \$20.00. The tenant's testimony that she never received a notice indicating that the conditions were restored is undisputed. Moreover, the evidence supports the tenant's undisputed testimony that she did not receive a RAP Notice with the Notices of Rent Increase. Accordingly, the rent increases are invalid, and the tenant's base rent remains \$950.00, less ongoing decreased housing services in the amount of \$20.00, or \$930.00.

# Has the tenant suffered decreased housing services?

Under the Oakland Rent Adjustment Ordinance, a decrease in housing services is considered to be an increase in rent<sup>16</sup> and may be corrected by a rent adjustment.<sup>17</sup> However, in order to justify a decrease in rent, a decrease in housing services must be either the elimination or reduction of a service that existed at the start of the tenancy or a violation of the housing or building code, which seriously affects the habitability of the tenant's unit.

There is also a time limit for claiming decreased housing services. If the decreased service is the result of a noticed or discrete change in services provided to the tenant, the petition must be filed within 90 days of whichever is later: (1) the date

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> O.M.C. Section 8.22.060(A)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> O.M.C. Section 8.22.070(H)(1)(A)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> O.M.C. Section 8.22.060(C)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> O.M.C. § 8.22.070(F)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> O.M.C. § 8.22.110(E)

the tenant is noticed or first becomes aware of the decreased housing service; or (2) the date the tenant first receives the RAP Notice.

However, where the RAP Notice has never been given, a tenant can be granted restitution for rent overpayments due to decreased housing services for a maximum of 3 years. Since the evidence established that the tenant did not receive the RAP notice, the tenant is entitled to restitution for up to three years.

For a tenant's claim for decreased housing services to be granted, an owner must have notice of a problem and a reasonable opportunity to make needed repairs.

## Water Leaks

The evidence of the water leaking in the subject unit is undisputed. Moreover, the evidence of water intrusion damages was noted in the Notice of Violation, indicating a violation of the housing or building code, which affects the habitability of the tenant's unit. Thus, the tenant is entitled to a 25% rent credit from October 2016, until the violation is abated.

### Gas Shutoff

The evidence of the gas shut off to the subject unit is uncontradicted. Thus, the tenant is entitled to a 50% rent credit for March 2019.

# Kitchen cabinets and walls

The evidence of the damage to the kitchen cabinets and walls in the subject unit is uncontested. Moreover, the evidence of water intrusion damages was noted in the Notice of Violation, indicating a violation of the housing or building code, which affects the habitability of the tenant's unit. Thus, the tenant is entitled to a 25% rent credit from October 2016, until the violation is abated.

# <u>Windows</u>

The evidence of the windows needing repair in the subject unit is undisputed. Moreover, the window damage was noted in the Notice of Violation, indicating a violation of the housing or building code, which affects the habitability of the tenant's unit. Thus, the tenant is entitled to a 5% rent credit from January 2017 until the violation is abated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Appeal Decision in Case No. T06-0051, <u>Barajas/Avalos v. Chu</u>

### Infestation

The evidence of the infestation in the subject unit is uncontradicted. Moreover, the evidence of infestation was noted by Vector Control, indicating a condition that affects the habitability of the tenant's unit. Thus, the tenant is entitled to a 10% rent credit from October 2016, until the violation is abated.

# What, if any, restitution is owed to the tenant, and how does that impact the rent?

As indicated above, the legal rent for the unit is \$930.00 per month. The evidence establishes that the tenant paid \$951.39 from October 1, 2017, until September 30, 2019. Further, the evidence establishes that from October 1, 2019, the tenant began paying \$1018.16. Accordingly, the tenant is entitled to restitution for the overpayments of rent in the amount of \$954.31.<sup>19</sup>

Service Lost	From	То	Rent	% Rent	Decrease	No.	(	Overpaid
Water Leaks	1-Oct-16	28-Feb-20	\$ 930.00	25%	\$ 232.50	41	\$	9,532.50
Gas Shutoff	1-Mar-19	31-Mar-19	\$ 930.00	50%	\$ 465.00	1	\$	465.00
Kitchen cabinets and walls	1-Oct-16	29-Feb-20	\$ 930.00	25%	\$ 232.50	41	\$	9,532.50
Windows	1-Jan-17	29-Feb-20	\$ 930.00	5%	\$ 46.50	38	\$	1,767.00
Infestation	1-Oct-16	29-Feb-20	\$ 930.00	10%	\$ 93.00	41	\$	3,813.00
MILITARIA INTERNATIONAL INTERNATIONAL INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY INTERNATIONAL AND		MA THE SECOND		TOTAL	LOST SER	RVICES	\$ 2	5,110.00
		OVE	ERPAID RE	NT		and districts for the state of Webs to consider the	ericinas i del saferios.	. MER model shall coall have grouph the speak by present
				Max				
			Monthly	Monthly	Difference	No.		
PROPERTY OF A STATE OF THE PROPERTY AS A STATE OF THE STA	From	To	Rent paid	Rent	per month	Months	S	Sub-total
	1-Oct-17	30-Sep-19	\$951.39	\$930	\$ 21.39	24	\$	513.36
	1-Oct-19	28-Feb-20	\$1,018.19	\$930	\$ 88.19	5	\$	440.95
	e de la companya de l			TOTAL (	OVERPAID	RENT	\$	954.31

The chart above indicates restitution for decreased housing services valued at \$25,110.00. The tenant is also entitled to restitution of overpaid rent in the amount of \$954.31.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> This total assumes that the tenant continued to pay \$1018.16 through February 2020. If that is not the case the numbers should be adjusted by the parties, with jurisdiction reserved.

Restitution is usually awarded over 12 months, but when the tenant is owed 58971% of the monthly rent, it is proper to extend the restitution period to 96 months.<sup>20</sup> Amortized over 96 months, the restitution amount is \$271.50 per month.

Therefore, the tenant's monthly restitution amount is subtracted from the current legal rent of \$950.00, less the previously awarded decreased housing services, for a total of \$658.50. From March 2020 through December 2025, the rent will be \$658.50, less the deduction for ongoing decreased housing services.

# **ORDER**

- 1. Petitions T19-0272 and T19-0325 are granted.
- 2. The base rent for the subject unit is \$950.00 per month before deductions for decreased housing services.
- 3. The total overpayment by the tenant is \$25,110.00 for past decreased housing services and \$954.31 for overpaid rent, for a total overpayment of \$26,064.31.
- 4. Due to ongoing conditions, the tenant is entitled to an ongoing decrease in rent in the amount of 65%, in addition to the previously awarded ongoing decrease in housing services.
- 5. The tenant's rent is stated below as follows:

Base rent	\$ 950.00
Less restitution	\$ 271.50
Less ongoing decreased services <sup>21</sup>	\$ 624.50
Net Rent on March 1, 2020	\$ 54.00

- 6. The tenant's rent for March 2020, through February 2028, is \$54.00. The rent will revert to the current legal rent of \$930.00 in March 2028.
- 7. Once the evidence of water intrusion damages, including the kitchen cabinets and walls, as noted in the Notice of Violation, is repaired and after further

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Regulations, §8.22.110(F).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> This includes the amount previously awarded in T16-0526.

City inspection noting the violation is abated and upon proper notice in accordance with Section 827 of the California Civil Code, the rent can be increased by 50% (\$465.00).

- 8. Once the windows, as noted in the Notice of Violation, are repaired and after further City inspection, and upon proper notice in accordance with Section 827 of the California Civil Code, they can increase the rent by 5% (\$46.50).
- 9. Once the infestation is noted to be abated after further inspection by Vector Control, and upon proper notice in accordance with Section 827 of the California Civil Code, they can increase the rent by 10% (\$93.00).
- 10. If the owner wishes to, they can repay the restitution owed to the tenant at any time. If they do so, the monthly decrease for restitution ends at the time the tenant is provided restitution.

Right to Appeal: This decision is the final decision of the Rent Adjustment Program Staff. Either party may appeal this decision by filing a properly completed appeal using the form provided by the Rent Adjustment Program. The appeal must be received within twenty (20) calendar days after service of the decision. The date of service is shown on the attached Proof of Service. If the Rent Adjustment Office is closed on the last day to file, the appeal may be filed on the next business day.

Dated: January 21, 2020

Élan Consuella Lambert

Hearing Officer

Rent Adjustment Program

# PROOF OF SERVICE Case Number T19-0272; T19-0325

I am a resident of the State of California at least eighteen years of age. I am not a party to the Residential Rent Adjustment Program case listed above. I am employed in Alameda County, California. My business address is 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, 5th Floor, Oakland, California 94612.

Today, I served the attached documents listed below by placing a true copy in a City of Oakland mail collection receptacle for mailing on the below date at 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313, 5th Floor, Oakland, California, addressed to:

#### **Documents Included**

Hearing Decision

#### Manager

Nevin Iwatsuru, Pama Management 4900 Santa Anita Avenue Suite 2C El Monte, CA 91731

#### Owner

BD Opportunity 1 LP 3340 Woodside Terrace Fremont, CA 94539

#### Tenant

Colleen Jeffers 7123 Holly Street Unit 1 Oakland, CA 94621

I am readily familiar with the City of Oakland's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice an envelope placed in the mail collection receptacle described above would be deposited in the United States mail with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with first class postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on **January 23, 2020** in Oakland, CA.

Raven Smith

Oakland Rent Adjustment Program

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## CITY OF OAKLAND RENT ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

250 Frank Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5313 Oakland, CA 94612 (510) 238-3721 For date stamp.

2020 FEB 10 AM 8: 57

APPEAL

Appellant's Name  BD Opportunity 1, LP		☑ Owner ☐ Tenant	
Property Address (Include Unit Number) 7123 Holly Street, Unit 1 Oakland, CA			
Appellant's Mailing Address (For receipt of notices) 4900 Santa Anita Ave Suite 2C El Monte, CA 91731		Case Number T19-0272 & T19-0325 Date of Decision appealed January 21, 2020	
Name of Representative (if any)  Jesse Carrillo	Representative's Mailing Address (For notices) 4900 Santa Anita Ave Suite 2C El Monte, CA 91731		

Please select your ground(s) for appeal from the list below. As part of the appeal, an explanation must be provided responding to each ground for which you are appealing. Each ground for appeal listed below includes directions as to what should be included in the explanation.

- 1) There are math/clerical errors that require the Hearing Decision to be updated. (Please clearly explain the math/clerical errors.)
- 2) Appealing the decision for one of the grounds below (required):
  - a) The decision is inconsistent with OMC Chapter 8:22, Rent Board Regulations or prior decisions of the Board. (In your explanation, you must identify the Ordinance section, regulation or prior Board decision(s) and describe how the description is inconsistent.).
  - b) The decision is inconsistent with decisions issued by other Hearing Officers. (In your explanation, you must identify the prior inconsistent decision and explain how the decision is inconsistent.)
  - c) The decision raises a new policy issue that has not been decided by the Board. (In your explanation, you must provide a detailed statement of the issue and why the issue should be decided in your favor.).
  - d) The decision violates federal, state or local law. (In your explanation, you must provide a detailed statement as to what law is violated.)
  - e) The decision is not supported by substantial evidence. (In your explanation, you must explain why the decision is not supported by substantial evidence found in the case record.)

For more information phone (510) 238-3721.

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 $\square$  I was denied a sufficient opportunity to present my claim or respond to the petitioner's claim. (In your explanation, you must describe how you were denied the chance to defend your claims and what evidence you would have presented. Note that a hearing is not required in every case. Staff may issue a decision without a hearing if sufficient facts to make the decision are not in dispute.) ☐ The decision denies the Owner a fair return on my investment. (You may appeal on this ground only g) when your underlying petition was based on a fair return claim. You must specifically state why you have been denied a fair return and attach the calculations supporting your claim.) ☑ Other. (In your explanation, you must attach a detailed explanation of your grounds for appeal.) h) Submissions to the Board must not exceed 25 pages from each party, and they must be received by the Rent Adjustment Program with a proof of service on opposing party within 15 days of filing the appeal. Only the first 25 pages of submissions from each party will be considered by the Board, subject to Regulations 8.22.010(A)(5). Please number attached pages consecutively. Number of pages attached: One. See attached "Appeal attached page" You must serve a copy of your appeal on the opposing parties or your appeal may be dismissed. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that on February 7 I placed a copy of this form, and all attached pages, in the United States mail or deposited it with a commercial carrier, using a service at least as expeditious as first class mail, with all postage or charges fully prepaid, addressed to each opposing party as follows: Name Colleen Jeffers Address 7123 Holly Street, Unit 1 City, State Zip Oakland, CA 94621 Name Xavier Johnson Address 7123 Holly Street, Unit 1 City, State Zip Oakland, CA 94621 7-102020 APPELLANT or DESIGNA

#### **Appeal Attached Page**

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The ruling for T19-0272 and T19-0325 reads a restitution for decreased housing services valued at \$25,110.00. This amount is uneconomical. That is greater than the cash flow from operations for the entire year, and would the exceed the budgeted cash flow for the next year. This would leave the operation of the property at a loss, and it would require a decrease in services for the other tenants at this property.

Additionally, from time to time units turn over and for an older building the units require significant capital expenses to completely refurbish the units. No income inhibits the ability of the property to generate any return on investment and generates no funds to pay to make necessary repairs and maintenance. Stretching the negative consequences over time as suggested in the decision only prolongs the financial impact. Such a decision may force the decision to shut down the property and cease providing affordable housing units to the market to stop the negative financial losses.

T19-0272 refers to a rent increase that does not abide by local and state laws. This increase, which was effective April 1, 2019, was rescinded and voided. Case T19-0325 refers to a rent increase that was effective July 1, 2019. This too was rescinded and voided.

The tenant had been provided an RAP Notice in a previous year, related to case T16-0526. In addition, the tenant had filed a petition leading to case T16-0526, making the tenant aware of their rights and opportunities to petition any changes in rent and services. This only leaves services provided to the tenant to be in question.

Conversations and inquiries were made with the tenant, Ms. Jeffers, after the notifications of petitions to the rent increase and alleged decrease in services were received. The tenant was asked if there were any outstanding items that needed repair or maintenance, and the tenant had clearly informed the management company that there were no items remaining. At the time, a contractor was painting the cabinets per the tenant's request. This does not coincide with what the tenant is claiming to be the current condition per the aforementioned cases. The deferred rent recovery itemizes repairs that have already been made to the property to the satisfaction of the tenant. Those rent reductions are punitive because there are no outstanding items according to the tenant, and therefore no reason to reduce the rental income further.

The decision is unnecessarily punitive since all the items claimed by the tenant had already been resolved to the tenant's satisfaction before the hearing.

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